

**EQR Table 8. Care of Acute and Chronic Conditions Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs) Included in External Quality Review (EQR) Technical Reports, 2022–2023 Reporting Cycle, by Topic Area**

*Summary:* This table shows Care of Acute and Chronic Conditions PIP counts by state and topic area.<sup>a</sup> It also shows the populations included in each topic area’s PIPs: adult (A), child (C), or unspecified (U). For purposes of this table, the term “child” also includes “adolescents.” In the 2022–2023 reporting cycle, 35 states reported at least one PIP related to Care of Acute and Chronic Conditions. The most common subtopics were: (1) Care Coordination (20 states reported on at least one PIP related to this topic), (2) Case Management and Diabetes Treatment (16 states, each), and (3) Medication Management (14 states).

Topic Area	Total States Reporting PIPs	Total PIPs <sup>b</sup>	State																																															
			AL	AR	AZ	CA	DC	DE	FL	HI	ID	IN	KS	KY	LA	MA	MD	MI	MN	MS	NC	ND	NE	NH	NJ	NM	NV	NY	OH	PA	SC	TN	TX	VA	VT	WA	WI													
<b>Total PIPs<sup>b</sup></b>	35	259	4	1	1	16	4	1	1	6	1	2	7	6	16	26	9	5	16	8	9	1	3	3	8	5	3	5	5	7	2	4	43	12	1	1	17													
Asthma/COPD Care	8	26	-	-	C	C	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	A, C	-	-	A, C	-	-	-	-	A, C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A, C	-	-	-	-	A								
Cardiac Care	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A, C	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A						
Care Coordination <sup>c</sup>	20	65	-	-	-	A	-	A	C	A	-	A	A, C	C	A	-	-	A	A, C	A	-	A	-	A	A	A	-	-	A	-	A	A	A	A	A, C	-	A	-	-	-	-	-								
Care Transitions <sup>d</sup>	9	26	-	-	-	A, C	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	A	-	A	-	-	A, U	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	A	-	-	A, C	-	-	-	-	-									
Case Management <sup>e</sup>	16	58	C	-	-	A, C	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	A, C	A, C	-	-	A	A, C, U	-	A	-	A	-	-	-	A	A	-	A	-	-	A, C	A, C	A, C	A	-	-	-	-	-									
Diabetes Care <sup>f</sup>	13	32	A, C	-	C	A	-	A	-	-	-	-	A, C	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	A	-	A	-	-	-	A	A	A, C	-	-	-	-	-	A, C	-	-	-	A, C						
Diabetes Prevention <sup>g</sup>	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Diabetes Treatment <sup>h</sup>	16	63	A, C	-	-	A, C	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	A, C	-	-	A	A	-	A	A	-	-	A	A	A	A	A	A	-	-	A	A, C	A, C	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-						
ED Visits	8	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	C	-	-	A, C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	A, C	-	-	A	-	A, C	-	-	A, C	A, C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Health Equity	9	49	-	-	-	A	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	A	A	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A						
HIV Care	2	5	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Hospital Readmissions	8	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	A, C	A	A	A	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Hypertension Care	9	30	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A					
Infectious Disease	3	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A, C	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A, C					
Medication Management	14	37	-	A	-	A	A	-	-	-	A	-	A	-	-	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	A	A	A	A	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A, C				
Remote Monitoring	4	7	-	-	-	A	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Social Determinants of Health/Health-Related Social Needs	8	33	-	-	-	A	A, C	-	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A, C					
Telehealth	10	15	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	C	A	-	-	A	A, C	-	-	A	A	-	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A				

Acronyms: CMS = Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services; COPD = Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease; ED = Emergency Department; EQR = External Quality Review; EQRO = External Quality Review Organization; GU = Guam; HIV = Human Immunodeficiency Virus; PIP = Performance Improvement Project; PR = Puerto Rico; USVI = United States Virgin Islands.

Source: EQR technical reports for the 2022–2023 reporting cycle. EQR technical reports must be publicly posted by April 30 of each year. Information about the EQR process is available at <https://www.medicare.gov/medicaid/quality-of-care/medicaid-managed-care/external-quality-review/index.html>.

Notes: The following two states and territories did not post EQR technical reports by the April 30 deadline: PR and VT. VT posted its report after the April 30 deadline but is included in this table. SC posted EQR technical reports for some of its managed care plans by the April 30 deadline. Therefore, the table includes only partial information for SC. During the 2022–2023 reporting cycle, the following eight states and territories did not contract with a qualifying managed care plan subject to EQR: AK, CT, GU, ME, MT, OK, SD, and USVI.

EQR technical reports must include information on the validation of PIPs required by the state that were underway during the preceding 12 months.

An “A,” “C,” or “U” indicates the populations included in the state’s PIP in each domain; a dash (-) indicates that the state’s plans did not conduct a PIP related to the domain. PIPs can focus on an adult (A) population, a child (C) population, or an adult and child population. If a state’s PIP included adult and child populations, it would appear as adult (A) and child (C) in the table. For some PIPs, the population could not be determined and therefore is listed as unspecified (U) in the table above.

<sup>a</sup> Under federal regulations at 42 C.F.R. §§ 438.330, 438.358, and 438.364, respectively, states must require managed care plans to conduct PIPs, and the PIPs must be validated and included in the report compiled by an EQRO and posted on each state’s website.

<sup>b</sup> PIPs can focus on more than one topic area; thus, the PIPs listed in this table are not mutually exclusive. For example, a PIP focused on diabetes could address diabetes care and diabetes prevention and is counted once in the total PIP count, once in the “Diabetes Care” category, and once in the “Diabetes Prevention” category. In addition, more than one managed care plan in a state may conduct a PIP related to each topic area. In this case, each PIP would be counted in the Total PIPs column but only appear once in the state column if the PIPs focused on the same population.

<sup>c</sup> The “Care Coordination” category includes PIPs focused on reducing fragmentation in patient care by sharing information among different healthcare providers and organizations to achieve safer and more effective care.

<sup>d</sup> The “Care Transitions” category includes PIPs focused on changes in care settings, such as long-term-care to home or inpatient mental health to home.

<sup>e</sup> The “Case Management” category includes PIPs focused on working directly with enrollees to address barriers that prevent them from achieving their healthcare goals.

<sup>f</sup> The “Diabetes Care” category includes PIPs focused on preventing and treating diabetes and PIPs focused on diabetes that did not specify a prevention or treatment focus.

<sup>g</sup> The “Diabetes Prevention” category includes PIPs focused only on metabolic screening and diabetes prevention.

<sup>h</sup> The “Diabetes Treatment” category includes PIPs focused only on treating individuals with diabetes.