CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES WAIVER LIST

NUMBER:	11-W-00030/1
TITLE:	MassHealth Medicaid Section 1115 Demonstration
AWARDEE:	Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services (EOHHS)

All requirements of the Medicaid program expressed in law, regulation and policy statement, not expressly waived in this list, shall apply to the Demonstration project beginning the date of the approval letter, through June 30, 2014, unless otherwise specified. In addition, these waivers may only be implemented consistent with the approved Special Terms and Conditions (STCs). All previously approved waivers for this Demonstration are superseded those set forth below for the State's expenditures relating to dates of service during this Demonstration extension.

Under the authority of section 1115(a)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act), the following waivers of State plan requirements contained in section 1902 of the Act are granted in order to enable the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (State/Commonwealth) to carry out the MassHealth Medicaid section 1115 Demonstration.

1. Statewide Operation

Section 1902(a)(1)

To enable Massachusetts to provide managed care plans or certain types of managed care plans, only in certain geographical areas of the Commonwealth

2. Comparability/Amount, Duration, and Scope Section 1902(a)(10)(B)

To enable the Commonwealth to provide benefits that vary from those specified in the State plan, as specified in Table B of STC 37, and which may not be available to any categorically needy individuals under the Medicaid State plan, or to any individuals in a statutory eligibility group.

3. Eligibility Procedures and Standards Section 1902(a)(10)(A), Section 1902(a)(10)(C)(i)-(iii), and Section 1902(a)(17)

To enable Massachusetts to use streamlined eligibility procedures including determining and redetermining eligibility based on gross income levels and Express Lane eligibility determinations for children, parents and caretaker relatives. This authority for Express Lane eligibility determinations for parents and caretaker relatives is not effective until approval of a Medicaid Express Lane Eligibility State plan amendment applicable to children, and for children is not effective until expiration of State plan authority for Express Lane eligibility determinations.

4. Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) Requirements

To exempt Massachusetts from making DSH payments to hospitals which qualify as a Disproportionate Share Hospital.

5. Financial Responsibility/Deeming Section 1902(a)(17)

To enable Massachusetts use family income and resources to determine an applicant's eligibility even if that income and resources are not actually made available to the applicant, and to enable Massachusetts to deem income from any member of the family unit (including any Medicaid-eligible member) for purposes of determining income.

6. **Freedom of Choice**

To enable Massachusetts to restrict freedom of choice of provider for individuals in the Demonstration, as outlined in Table D, STC 45, including to require managed care enrollment for certain populations exempt from mandatory managed care under section 1932(a)(2), limiting primary care clinician plan (PCC) plan enrollees to a single Prepaid Insurance Health Plan (PIHP) for behavioral health services, limiting enrollees who are clients of the Departments of Children and Families and Children and Youth Services to a single PIHP for behavioral health services, unless such enrollees chose a managed care plan, requiring children with third party insurance to enroll into a single PIHP for behavioral health services; in addition to limiting the number of providers within any provider type as needed to support improved care integration for MassHealth enrollees, and limiting the number of providers who provide Anti-Hemophilia Factor drugs.

7. Direct Provider Reimbursement

To enable Massachusetts to make premium assistance payments directly to individuals who are low-income employees, self-employed, or unemployed and eligible for continuation of coverage under Federal law, in order to help those individuals access qualified employer-sponsored insurance (where available) or to purchase health insurance on their own, instead of to insurers or employers providing the health insurance coverage.

8. **Retroactive Eligibility**

To enable the Commonwealth not to provide retroactive eligibility for up to 3 months prior to the date that the application for assistance is made and instead provide retroactive eligibility as outlined in Table D, STC 45.

Page 2 of 3

Section 1902(a)(34)

. . .

Section 1902(a)(32)

Section 1902(a)(23)(A)

Section 1902(a)(13) insofar as it

incorporates Section 1923

9. **Extended Eligibility**

Section 1902(a)(52)

To enable Massachusetts to not require families receiving Transitional Medical Assistance to report the information required by section 1925(b)(2)(B) absent a significant change in circumstances, and to not consider enrollment in a demonstration-only eligibility category or CHIP (Title XXI) eligibility category in determining eligibility for Transitional Medical Assistance.