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**State/Territory Name: Tennessee**

**State Plan Amendments (SPA) #: TN-14-0008-MC4**

This file contains the following documents in the order listed:

- 1) Approval Letter
- 2) SPA Summary Form
- 3) Approved SPA Pages
- 4) Final Approved State Plan

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES  
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services  
7500 Security Boulevard, Mail Stop: S2-26-12  
Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850



**Children and Adults Health Programs Group**

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**JUN 05 2017**

Dr. Wendy Long  
Deputy Commissioner  
Division of Health Care Finance & Administration  
310 Great Circle Road  
Nashville, TN 37243

Dear Dr. Long:

I am pleased to inform you that the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has approved Tennessee's Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) state plan amendment (SPA), TN-14-0008 submitted on April 17, 2014. The state subsequently submitted clarifying information on January 14, 2015 and a mitigation plan approved by CMS on May 13, 2016, that describes the application process for Tennessee residents pending implementation of the Tennessee Eligibility Determination System (TEDS). On June 5, 2017, Tennessee officially responded to a Request for Additional Information.

This SPA incorporates the Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI)-based eligibility process requirements into Tennessee's CHIP State Plan. The approval of TN-14-0008 includes approval for the state to utilize the model single streamlined paper and online applications developed by the Secretary. The effective date of this SPA is January 1, 2014.

The state's approved mitigation plan, dated April 2016, describes the mitigation strategies and operational workarounds that Tennessee has implemented to support eligibility and enrollment of Medicaid and CHIP beneficiaries whose eligibility is based on MAGI. The plan addresses the Medicaid and CHIP application process for Tennessee residents, pending implementation of TEDS and until the state is fully in compliance with federal statutory and regulatory requirements.

Enclosed is a copy of the CS24 state plan pages to be incorporated within a separate section at the end of Tennessee's approved state plan:

- Template CS24 – Separate Child Health Insurance Program General Eligibility-Eligibility Processing

This approval and the enclosure supercede the following sections of the current CHIP state plan:

- Section 4.3: Single Streamlined Application Screen and Enroll Process
- Section 4.4: Renewals, Screening by Other Insurance Affordability Programs

Your title XXI project officer is Ms. Cassie Lagorio. She is available to answer questions concerning this amendment and other CHIP-related issues. Ms. Lagorio's contact information is as follows:

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services  
Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services  
Mail Stop: S2-01-16  
7500 Security Blvd.  
Baltimore, MD 21244-1850  
Telephone: (410) 786-4554  
Facsimile: (410) 786-5943  
E-mail: [Cassandra.Lagorio@cms.hhs.gov](mailto:Cassandra.Lagorio@cms.hhs.gov)

Official communications regarding program matters should be sent simultaneously to Ms. Lagorio and Ms. Jackie Glaze, Associate Regional Administrator, in our Atlanta Regional Office. Ms. Glaze's address is:

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services  
Division of Medicaid and Children's Health Operations  
61 Forsyth Street, SW, Suite 4T20  
Atlanta, GA 30303-8909

If you have additional questions, please contact Ms. Amy Lutzky, Director, Division of State Coverage Programs at 410-786-0721.

We look forward to continuing to work with you and your staff.

Sincerely,

/Anne Marie Costello/

Anne Marie Costello  
Director

Enclosure

cc:  
Jackie Glaze, ARA, CMS Region IV, Atlanta

Control Panel

General Information

File Management

Tribal Input

Summary

### Children's Health Insurance Program Eligibility: Summary Page

State/Territory **Tennessee**

name:

**Transmittal Number:**

*Please enter the Transmittal Number (TN) in the format ST-YY-0000 where ST= the state abbreviation, YY = the last two digits of the submission year, and 0000 = a four digit number with leading zeros. The dashes must also be entered.*

TN 14-0008

#### Type of SPA:

- MAGI Eligibility & Methods
- XXI Medicaid Expansion
- Establish 2101(f) Group
- Eligibility Processing
- Non-Financial Eligibility

#### Proposed Effective Date

01/01/2014

(mm/dd/yyyy)

#### Federal Statute/Regulation Citation

42 CFR 457, Subpart C

#### Federal Budget Impact

- This SPA has a budget impact.

Total budget impact:

State Funds: \$

Federal Funds: \$

#### Subject of Amendment

Please provide a brief summary of SPA changes.

Character Count: 65 out of 2000

This submission describes the state's CHIP eligibility processes.

#### Signature of State Agency Official

Submitted By: Aaron Butler

Last Revision Date: Apr 17, 2014

Date:

Submit Date: Apr 17, 2014

BACK

CONTINUE



# CHIP Eligibility

OMB Control Number: 0938-1148

Expiration date: 10/31/2014

## Separate Child Health Insurance Program General Eligibility - Eligibility Processing

CS24

2102(b)(3) & 2107(e)(1)(O) of the SSA and 42 CFR 457, subpart C

- The CHIP Agency meets all of the requirements of 42 CFR 457, subpart C for application processing, eligibility screening and enrollment.

### Application Processing

Indicate which application the agency uses for individuals applying for coverage who may be eligible based on the applicable modified adjusted gross income standard:

- The single, streamlined application developed by the Secretary in accordance with section 1413(b)(1)(A) of the Affordable Care Act.
- An alternative single, streamlined application developed by the state and approved by the Secretary in accordance with section 1413(b)(1)(B) of the Affordable Care Act.

An attachment is submitted.

- An alternative application used to apply for multiple human service programs approved by the Secretary, provided that the agency makes readily available the single or alternative application used only for insurance affordability programs to individuals seeking assistance only through such programs.

An attachment is submitted.

- The agency's procedures permit an individual, or authorized person acting on behalf of the individual, to submit an application via the internet website described in CFR 457.340(a), by telephone, via mail, in person and other commonly available electronic means.

The agency accepts applications in the following other electronic means.

- Other electronic means:

### Screen and Enroll Process

- The CHIP Agency has coordinated eligibility and enrollment screening procedures in place that are applied at time of initial application, periodic redeterminations, and follow-up eligibility determinations. The procedures ensure that only targeted low-income children are provided CHIP coverage and that enrollment is facilitated for applicants found to be potentially eligible for other insurance affordability programs.

Procedures include:

- Screening of application to identify all individuals eligible or potentially eligible for CHIP or other insurance affordability programs; and
- Income eligibility test, with calculation of household income consistent with 42 CFR 457.315 for individuals identified as potentially eligible for Medicaid or other insurance affordability programs based on household income; and



# CHIP Eligibility

- Screening process for individuals who may qualify for Medicaid on a basis other than having household income at or below the applicable MAGI standard, based on information in the single streamlined application.

The CHIP agency has entered into an arrangement with the Exchange to make eligibility determinations for advanced premium tax credits in accordance with section 1943(b)(2) of the SSA.

No

## Redetermination Processing

- Redeterminations of eligibility for individuals whose financial eligibility is based on the applicable modified adjusted gross income standard are performed as follows, consistent with 42 CFR 457.343:
  - Once every 12 months.
  - Without requiring information from the individual if able to do so based on reliable information contained in the individual's account or other more current information available to the agency.
- If the agency cannot determine eligibility solely on the basis of the information available to it, or otherwise needs additional information to complete the redetermination, it provides the individual with a pre-populated renewal form containing the information already available.

## Screening by Other Insurance Affordability Programs

- The CHIP Agency provides assurance that it has adopted procedures to accept and process electronic accounts of individuals screened as potentially eligible for CHIP by other insurance affordability programs in accordance with the requirements of 42 CFR 457.348(b) and to determine eligibility in accordance with 42 CFR 457.340 in the same manner as if the application had been submitted directly to, and processed by the state.

- The CHIP Agency elects the option to accept CHIP eligibility decisions made by the Exchange or other agencies administering insurance affordability programs as provided in 42 CFR 457.348 and to furnish CHIP in accordance with requirements of 42 CFR 457.340 to the same extent and in the same manner as if the applicant had been determined by the state to be eligible for CHIP.

Check all types of agencies that apply:

- The Exchange
- Medicaid
- Other agency administering insurance affordability programs

- The CHIP Agency has entered into an agreement with agencies administering other insurance affordability programs to fulfill the requirements of 457.348(b) and will provide this agreement to the Secretary upon request.

## PRA Disclosure Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1148. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 50 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.



## ***Plans and State Child Health Plan Requirements (Section 2101)***

**1.1 The state will use funds provided under Title XXI primarily for (Check appropriate box) (42 CFR 457.70):**

1.1.1  Obtaining coverage that meets the requirements for a separate child health program (Section 2103); OR

1.1.2.  Providing expanded benefits under the State's Medicaid plan (Title XIX); OR

1.1.3.  A combination of both of the above.

**1.2**  Please provide an assurance that expenditures for child health assistance will not be claimed prior to the time that the State has legislative authority to operate the State plan or plan amendment as approved by CMS. (42 CFR 457.40(d))

**1.3**  Please provide an assurance that the state complies with all applicable civil rights requirements, including title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 45 CFR part 80, part 84, and part 91, and 28 CFR part 35. (42CFR 457.130)

**1.4** Please provide the effective (date costs begin to be incurred) and implementation (date services begin to be provided) dates for this plan or plan amendment (42 CFR 457.65):

Effective date: June 9, 2006

Implementation date: January 1, 2007

State Plan Amendment #3 (Dental and vision services)

Effective date: October 1, 2007

Implementation date: January 1, 2008

State Plan Amendment #4 (Striking dental services for pregnant women)

Effective Date: November 8, 2007

Implementation Date: January 1, 2008

State Plan Amendment #5 (Revising upper income limit, clarifying coverage of unborn children and updating enrollment processes)

Effective Date: January 23, 2008

Implementation Date: February 8, 2008 (unborn children), March 1, 2008 (upper income limit)

Effective Date: 4/1/2016

Approval Date: 6/5/2017



State Plan Amendment #6 (Previously submitted on May 22, 2009 and withdrawn on August 17, 2009.)

Effective Date:

Implementation Date:

State Plan Amendment #7 (Enrollment cap – specified time frame

Effective Date: November 30, 2009

Implementation Date: December 1, 2009 through February 28, 2010

State Plan Amendment #8 (Enhanced dental benefits; prospective payment system; alternative managed care delivery system; citizenship documentation/Social Security Administration; external quality review)

Effective Date: July 1, 2010

Implementation Dates: July 1, 2010 (external quality review); July 1, 2010 (prospective payment system); July 1, 2010 (dental benefit enhancements); September 1, 2010 (managed care delivery system); September 1, 2010 (citizenship documentation/Social Security Administration)

State Plan Amendment #9 (Change method of delivery system from full-risk arrangement to fee-for-service/administrative service only arrangement; phase out alternative delivery system concurrent with the change from managed care to FFS/ASO)

Effective Date: January 1, 2012

Implementation Date: January 1, 2012

State Plan Amendment #10 (Network change from commercial network with commercial rates to TennCare Select Medicaid network with Medicaid rates; SCHIP budget; updated Attachment B Dental Procedure Codes)

Effective Date: October 1, 2013

Implementation Date: October 1, 2013

State Plan Amendment #11 (Submitted June 19, 2014 under a cover letter date June 18, 2014 and withdrawn September 2, 2014)

Effective Date:

Implementation Date:

State Plan Amendment TN 15-0012 (Updated Section 6.2 and Attachment A regarding covered benefits and copays and deleted Attachment B)

Effective Date: September 15, 2014

Implementation Date: September 15, 2014

State Plan Amendment TN 16-0014 (Clarification to Sections 4.3 and 4.4)

Effective Date: July 1, 2015

Implementation Date: July 1, 2015

State Plan Amendment TN 16-0015 (Updated information about covered

Effective Date: 4/1/2016

Approval Date: 6/5/2017

benefits and copays)  
Effective Date: April 1, 2016  
Implementation Date: April 1, 2016

Effective Date: 4/1/2016

Approval Date: 6/5/2017

**Superseding Pages of MAGI CHIP State Plan Material**

**State: Tennessee**

<b>Transmittal Number</b>	<b>SPA Group</b>	<b>PDF #</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Superseded Plan Section(s)</b>
<b>TN-14-0006</b> Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	MAGI Eligibility & Methods	CS7	Eligibility – Targeted Low Income Children	Supersedes the current sections Geographic Area 4.1.1; Age 4.1.2; and Income 4.1.3
		CS9	Eligibility – Coverage From Conception to Birth	Supersedes the current sections Geographic Area 4.1.1; Age 4.1.2; and Income 4.1.3
		CS15	MAGI-Based Income Methodologies	Incorporate within a separate subsection under section 4.3
<b>TN-14-0010</b> Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	XXI Medicaid Expansion	CS3	Eligibility for Medicaid Expansion Program	Incorporate within a separate subsection under section 4
<b>TN-14-0007</b> Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	Establish 2101(f) Group	CS14	Children Ineligible for Medicaid as a Result of the Elimination of Income Disregards	Incorporate within a separate subsection under section 4.1
<b>TN-14-0008</b> Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	Eligibility Process	CS24	Single, Streamlined Application Screen and Enroll Process Renewals	Incorporate within separate subsections under sections 4.3 and 4.4
<b>TN-14-0009</b> Effective/Implementation	Non-Financial Eligibility	CS17	Non-Financial Eligibility – Residency	Supersedes the current section 4.1.5

Effective Date: 4/1/2016

Approval Date: 6/5/2017

<b>Transmittal Number</b>	<b>SPA Group</b>	<b>PDF #</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Superseded Plan Section(s)</b>
Date: January 1, 2014		CS18	Non-Financial – Citizenship	Incorporate within a separate subsection under section 4.1
		CS19	Non-Financial – Social Security Number	Incorporate within a separate subsection under section 4.1.9
		CS20	Substitution of Coverage	Supersedes the current section 4.4.4
		CS27	Continuous Eligibility	Supersedes the current section 4.1.8
<b>TN-16-0013</b> Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2016		CS10	Children With Access to Public Employee Coverage	Supersedes the current information on dependents of public employees in sections 4.1.7; 4.4.1

Effective Date: 4/1/2016

Approval Date: 6/5/2017

## **Section 2. General Background and Description of State Approach to Child Health Coverage and Coordination (Section 2102 (a)(1)-(3)) and (Section 2105)(c)(7)(A)-(B))**

- 2.1.** Describe the extent to which, and manner in which, children in the state including targeted low-income children and other classes of children, by income level and other relevant factors, such as race and ethnicity and geographic location, currently have creditable health coverage (as defined in 42 CFR 457.10). To the extent feasible, make a distinction between creditable coverage under public health insurance programs and public-private partnerships (See Section 10 for annual report requirements). (42 CFR 457.80(a))

There are currently about 1.5 million children under age 19 residing in Tennessee. Approximately 56 percent of these children are covered through employer-sponsored insurance (ESI), 5 percent have individual coverage, 27 percent have Medicaid, 2 percent have other public coverage (such as CHAMPUS or Medicare), and 11 percent or just over 157,000 children are uninsured. As in most other states, ESI has slowly eroded over the last few years. Between 2000 and 2004 the number of children with ESI declined by more than 18,500 or 1.1 percentage point. Over the same period, the number of uninsured children grew by almost 45,000. Approximately 81,500 of these uninsured children are under 100 percent of the FPL and, therefore, are potentially Medicaid-eligible. Therefore, it is estimated that the target population for the CoverKids program is about 75,000 children whose family income is too high to qualify for TennCare.

(Source: Urban Institute and Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured estimates based on the March 2004 and 2005 Current Population Survey (CPS): Annual Social and Economic Supplements)

Over 80 percent of the population in Tennessee is white and 16.5 percent is African American. Hispanics comprise only about 2.2 percent of the population but this number is expected to double by 2010. Asians account for about 1.3 percent of the population. Geographically, about two-thirds of the African American population resides in Shelby (50 percent) and Davidson (16 percent) counties and Hispanics are primarily concentrated in 8 counties in the central part of the state. Only 4.8 percent of the population speaks a language other than English at home. No information is currently available regarding the uninsured population by age, race, ethnicity or geographic location from a Tennessee-specific survey. (Source: Tennessee Department of Health, "Populations of Color in Tennessee: Health Status Report," August 2006)

- 2.2.** Describe the current state efforts to provide or obtain creditable health coverage for uncovered children by addressing: (Section 2102)(a)(2) (42CFR 457.80(b))

2.2.1. The steps the state is currently taking to identify and enroll all uncovered

children who are eligible to participate in public health insurance programs (i.e., Medicaid and state-only child health insurance):

Tennessee's only public child health insurance program is TennCare which is administered by the Bureau of TennCare and covers Medicaid eligible children, as well as children eligible under Medicaid section 1115 demonstration authority. Eligibility levels for children in TennCare Medicaid are: infants to 185 percent of the FPL, ages 1 through 5 to 133 percent of the FPL, and ages 6 through 18 to 100 percent of the FPL. There are currently over 596,000 children enrolled in TennCare Medicaid. TennCare Standard, as described later in more detail, covers the demonstration population and is closed to new enrollment. Current enrollment in TennCare Standard is about 29,400 children.

Tennessee has moved aggressively to identify and enroll uninsured children who are eligible to participate in TennCare. For the first year of the TennCare program (1994), enrollment was open to individuals in an Uninsured eligibility category, which included children and adults at any income level who did not have access to health insurance through an employer. There also was an Uninsurable category, which was open to children and adults at any income level who had been turned down for health insurance due to a medical condition. There was massive publicity about the new program. The State retained a marketing firm to assist in the preparation of videos, television and radio spots and other materials to encourage people to enroll. A large TennCare Information Line was established to help people with questions and local health departments conducted major enrollment efforts in their communities. Providers such as community hospitals also worked to assist people enrolling in TennCare.

The success of these efforts is shown by the fact that the Uninsured category had to be closed at the end of December 1994 because the State was nearing its cap on the number of people who could be enrolled in TennCare. (The Uninsured category remained open to two distinct groups: people losing Medicaid eligibility and people losing access to COBRA coverage. Individuals in both groups had to lack access to health insurance through an employer or family member, and they had to apply within specified timeframes after losing coverage.) Although the Uninsured category was closed, enrollment of Medicaid eligibles and Uninsurables continued without interruption.

On April 1, 1997, the TennCare Uninsured category was re-opened for children under age 18 who lacked access to health insurance through an employer or family member. Local health departments were key players in conducting outreach for the program. Health Department staff distributed flyers, posters, signs and report card inserts to WIC and Head

Start programs, Offices of the Department of Human Services (DHS), Legal Aid Offices, churches, schools, day care and family resource centers, after-school programs, health fairs, hospital emergency rooms, children's museums, county hospital carnivals, the circus, fast food/grocery/variety stores used by low-income families, child advocacy groups, minority health coalitions, physicians offices, factories, companies not offering health coverage, and bank drive-in windows. Contests were held among clerks at local health departments to see who could enroll the most children. Presentations were made at universities and neighborhood associations, and print and broadcast media were used as well. Local health department personnel personally contacted families who had applied for coverage for uninsured children after the Uninsured category was closed in December 1994 and told them about this new opportunity to enroll their children.

In January 1998, the Uninsured category was expanded to include children under age 19 without access to health insurance. In addition, an open enrollment period was held for children under age 19 whose families had access to health insurance. Uninsured children with access to health insurance could enroll in TennCare only if their family incomes did not exceed 200 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL).

In September 1999, Tennessee received approval from CMS for a title XXI plan to provide expanded Medicaid eligibility to children born before October 1, 1983 who are under age 19 with family income at or below 100 percent of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) and who could not have enrolled in TennCare prior to April 1, 1997 because enrollment was closed to them. The effective date for the plan was October 1, 1997. The outreach efforts described earlier included this target group. The title XXI plan provided coverage to children until October 1, 2002 when the (federally-mandated) phase-in to regular Medicaid for all children under age 19 with family income to 100 percent of the FPL was completed.

In July 2002, TennCare was revamped with the intention of dividing it into three programs: one for Medicaid eligibles (TennCare Medicaid), one for demonstration eligibles (TennCare Standard), and one for low-income persons who need help purchasing available insurance (TennCare Assist: this program has not been implemented). While enrollment continued uninterrupted in TennCare Medicaid, both the Uninsured and Uninsurable eligibility categories in TennCare Standard were closed to new enrollment except for certain "grandfathered" and "rollover" groups. The grandfathered group includes: 1) children under 200 percent FPL who lack access to insurance *and* were enrolled as of June 30, 2002; 2) children who are uninsurable ("medically eligible") at any income level *and* were enrolled as of June 30, 2002; and 3) children under 200 percent FPL with access to insurance who were enrolled in the Uninsured

category as of December 31, 2001. Children must be continuously eligible to be in the grandfathered group. The rollover group includes children under age 19 enrolled in TennCare Medicaid who are losing Medicaid coverage *and* are either: 1) a child who lacks access to insurance and has family income below 200 percent of the FPL, or 2) a child who is uninsurable (“medically eligible”) at any income level. The medically eligible category replaces the Uninsurable eligibility category and is determined through a medical underwriting process.

In June 2006, Governor Phil Bredesen signed legislation creating a multifaceted program called Cover Tennessee that is designed to provide health insurance to many of the State’s uninsured residents. Cover Tennessee includes a program that offers basic health insurance for the working poor, a high risk pool for those with pre-existing medical conditions, and CoverKids – a Title XXI program for children. CoverKids will be administered by the Division of Health Care Finance & Administration (HCFA). It is a separate child health program that will cover children in families with gross income to 250 percent of the FPL. In addition, families with gross income above 250 percent of the FPL will be able to purchase coverage for their children in CoverKids for the full premium cost. Tennessee is not requesting Federal matching payments for the portion of the program which covers families with income above 250 percent of the FPL.

- 2.2.2. The steps the state is currently taking to identify and enroll all uncovered children who are eligible to participate in health insurance programs that involve a public-private partnership:

There are no health insurance programs that involve a public-private partnership in the State of Tennessee.

- 2.3.** Describe the procedures the state uses to accomplish coordination of SCHIP with other public and private health insurance programs, sources of health benefits coverage for children, and relevant child health programs, such as title V, that provide health care services for low-income children to increase the number of children with creditable health coverage. (Previously 4.4.5.) (Section 2102)(a)(3) and 2102(c)(2) and 2102(b)(3)(E)) (42CFR 457.80(c))

The CoverKids program has been working with TennCare to assure coordination of coverage. The 95 county-level Department of Human Services offices that determine eligibility for TennCare will play a role in outreach to the target population, as many children who are not eligible for TennCare may be eligible for CoverKids. Local offices will include information with all *DHS (Medicaid)* denial letters that informs families that CoverKids is another option for health care coverage for their children. DHS will also send files listing the children denied Medicaid eligibility to the CoverKids *Administrative Contractor*



(AC) for follow-up. Children who are eligible for TennCare Medicaid and TennCare Standard are not eligible for CoverKids. In addition, TennCare includes information with all TennCare termination letters that informs families that CoverKids is another option for health care coverage for their children. Eligibility systems for CoverKids have been developed to screen for potential Medicaid eligibility and a process has been established to refer children to the appropriate program. (See Section 4 for further information.)

CoverKids will also build on many of the previous efforts to reach eligible children. Through outreach, CoverKids will collaborate and coordinate appropriate communications and resources with ongoing programs and efforts such as local health departments, WIC, Maternal and Child Health Block Grant, Head Start, and children's hospitals. CoverKids will also engage the efforts of private sector partners for no cost or low cost avenues for publicizing the program in local communities statewide. These efforts include working with providers across the state to outreach to their patients who need the program and to solicit their input on effective operation of the program. (See Section 5 for a more complete description of outreach efforts.)

### **Section 3. Methods of Delivery and Utilization Controls (Section 2102)(a)(4))**

Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 4.

- 3.1.** Describe the methods of delivery of the child health assistance using Title XXI funds to targeted low-income children. Include a description of the choice of financing and the methods for assuring delivery of the insurance products and delivery of health care services covered by such products to the enrollees, including any variations. (Section 2102)(a)(4) (42CFR 457.490(a))

Effective October 1, 2013, the State of Tennessee will provide health insurance benefits through a Fee-For-Service model in which the State will assume the risk of all claims. The associated administrative services (e.g., credentialing and registering providers, claims processing, and related functions) will be provided by a Plan Administrator (PA) with whom the State has contracted on a per member/per month basis. Each enrollee will have access to a list of participating providers in his or her area and will receive all services from CoverKids providers within the network, with medically necessary exceptions permitted if an enrollee requires services from a specific provider that is not currently in the network. The provider network selected for CoverKids will be the TennCare Select Provider network. Providers within the CoverKids network are TennCare providers.

The responsibilities of the PA will include, but are not limited to:

1. All aspects of claims processing, including utilization management and quality assurance targeted to the timely and accurate payment of all properly submitted claims for covered services to enrolled CoverKids members;
2. Recruiting, registering and credentialing an adequate base of physicians, specialists, facilities, pharmacies, and other providers capable of meeting the needs of the CoverKids Program, including Centers of Excellence (Centers of Excellence are locations, usually children's hospitals, where highly specialized procedures are performed;)
3. Furnishing benefits information and ID cards;
4. Responding to inquiries from CoverKids members and providers;
5. Claims certification, investigation, adjudication, and internal appeals process;
6. Maintaining and updating enrollment data;
7. Production of management information that captures claim and utilization experience and trends;
8. Assisting with fraud detection through periodic audits;
9. Meeting specific performance guidelines and guarantees;
10. Encouraging the use of a medical home for each enrollee;

Effective Date: 4/1/2016

Approval Date: 9/1/2016

11. Appropriate and accurate fee administration;
12. Strict financial accounting and reconciliation;
13. Production of claims, contract, and other legal forms as required;
14. Establishment and maintenance of appropriate banking arrangements;
15. Continuous and accurate electronic transmission of all data;
16. Other special services as may be requested from time to time.

The CoverKids dental program method of delivery is a Prepaid Ambulatory Health Plan (PAHP).

In making payments to FQHCs and RHCs, CoverKids will employ an Alternative Payment Methodology that assures each FQHC and RHC receives an amount that is at least the amount it would have received under the State Comptroller's Medicaid fee schedule for those providers. FQHCs and RHCs will be paid according to the TennCare Select Medicaid provider reimbursement schedule applied by the CoverKids insurance plan. On a quarterly basis, CoverKids and the State, will reconcile payments to FQHCs and RHCs with the PPS rates to identify those providers who would have received a higher amount under the PPS fee schedule. Supplemental payments will be made to these providers to reflect the minimum amount they would have been paid under the PPS schedule. This approach complies with the third methodology stipulated in SHO letter #10-004.

- 3.2.** Describe the utilization controls under the child health assistance provided under the plan for targeted low-income children. Describe the systems designed to ensure that enrollees receiving health care services under the state plan receive only appropriate and medically necessary health care consistent with the benefit package described in the approved state plan. (Section 2102)(a)(4) (42CFR 457.490(b))

The same utilization controls used in the State Employees Health Plan will also be used in the Title XXI program. Selection of a PA for the CoverKids program will be based on evidence of the entity's provider credentialing policies, provider accessibility, cost-effectiveness, and efficiency. Before being approved for participation in CoverKids, the selected PA will be required to develop and have in place utilization review policies and procedures to ensure that children use only health care that is appropriate and medically necessary. Utilization management guidelines may include guidelines on prior authorizations, use of drug formularies, and the medical necessity definition in the Member Handbook. The PA may not deny claims due to the existence of a pre-existing medical condition. The PA will be required to regularly report key contract indicators to HCFA on a quarterly and annual basis.

**Section 4. Eligibility Standards and Methodology.** (Section 2102(b))

Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 5.

**4.1.** The following standards may be used to determine eligibility of targeted low-income children for child health assistance under the plan. Please note whether any of the following standards are used and check all that apply. If applicable, describe the criteria that will be used to apply the standard. (Section 2102)(b)(1)(A)) (42CFR 457.305(a) and 457.320(a))

4.1.1.  Geographic area served by the Plan: See SPA pages CS7 and CS9 for geographic area served by the State Plan.

4.1.2.  Age: See SPA pages CS7 and CS9 for age requirements.

4.1.3.  Income: See SPA pages CS7 and CS9 for income requirements.

4.1.4.  Resources (including any standards relating to spend downs and disposition of resources):

4.1.5.  Residency (so long as residency requirement is not based on length of time in state): See SPA page CS17 for residency requirements.

4.1.6.  Disability Status (so long as any standard relating to disability status does not restrict eligibility):

4.1.7.  Access to or coverage under other health coverage: Comprehensive employer-based coverage or other creditable health insurance will preclude enrollment in CoverKids.

For unborn children, this means that the mother is either uninsured, or her coverage does not include prenatal or maternity care.

4.1.8.  Duration of eligibility: CoverKids provides 12 months of eligibility.

CoverKids provides continuous eligibility as described by SPA page CS27.

CoverKids may review, redetermine, and extend eligibility for an enrollee during the 12-month coverage period if doing so would align the enrollee's future redetermination dates with those of

other household members. However, CoverKids will not shorten the eligibility period as a result of such a review.

4.1.9.  Other standards (identify and describe):

When determining eligibility for the unborn child category, the unborn child or children are counted as if born and living with the mother in determining household size for the unborn child. An unborn child does not count toward the household size of other children in the household.

**Excluded Children:** The following individuals are not eligible for CoverKids.

- Children who appear to be eligible for Medicaid (even if not enrolled in Medicaid). This includes children who are eligible for TennCare Standard as uninsured or medically eligible.
- Children who are inmates of a penal facility or residents of an institution for mental diseases.
- Children who are covered under a group health plan or other creditable health insurance coverage.

4.2. The state assures that it has made the following findings with respect to the eligibility standards in its plan: (Section 2102)(b)(1)(B)) (42CFR 457.320(b))

4.2.1.  These standards do not discriminate on the basis of diagnosis.

4.2.2.  Within a defined group of covered targeted low-income children, these standards do not cover children of higher income families without covering children with a lower family income.

4.2.3.  These standards do not deny eligibility based on a child having a pre-existing medical condition.

4.3. Describe the methods of establishing eligibility and continuing enrollment. (Section 2102)(b)(2)) (42CFR 457.350)

The state's eligibility and enrollment processes operate in a manner consistent with the requirements of 42 CFR 457, subpart C, except where indicated otherwise in Tennessee's mitigation plan approved on May 13, 2016. These processes are applied at the time of initial application and at redetermination, and ensure that eligible targeted low-income children are identified and appropriately enrolled in CoverKids.

Consistent with Tennessee's mitigation plan approved on May 13, 2016, CoverKids accepts applications via the FFM, and it also accepts mailed and faxed applications directly from pregnant applicants (on behalf of unborn

children) and newborns. CoverKids contracts with one or more eligibility vendors to process applications and redeterminations using the MAGI-in-the-Cloud tool. For applications for which the FFM notes an inconsistency in self-reported and electronic data, the state and/or its eligibility vendor(s) will request verification documentation from applicants and process eligibility accordingly. The state's contracted administrative services organization (ASO) and dental benefits manager (DBM) each mail identification cards and member handbooks to enrollees upon receipt of enrollment information (via the 834 process).

Redeterminations of eligibility occur once every 12 months. As noted in Section 4.1.8, CoverKids may review, redetermine, and extend eligibility for an enrollee during the 12-month continuous eligibility period if doing so would align the enrollee's future redetermination dates with those of other household members; however, CoverKids will never shorten the eligibility period as a result of such a review. The effective date for CoverKids coverage is the effective date determined by the FFM or, in instances in which a pregnant woman or newborn applied directly to the State, the date on which the State or its agent received the signed CoverKids application form, or as otherwise agreed to by the State and CMS.

4.3.1. Describe the state's policies governing enrollment caps and waiting lists (if any). (Section 2106(b)(7)) (42CFR 457.305(b))

Check here if this section does not apply to your state.

**4.4.** Describe the procedures that assure that:

4.4.1. Through the screening procedures used at intake and follow-up eligibility determination, including any periodic redetermination, that only targeted low-income children who are ineligible for Medicaid or not covered under a group health plan or health insurance coverage (including a state health benefits plan) are furnished child health assistance under the state child health plan. (Section 2102)(b)(3)(A)) (42CFR 457.350(a)(1) and 457.80(c)(3))

Because Tennessee is an FFM determination state currently operating under a mitigation plan approved on May 13, 2016, CoverKids relies largely on the FFM to conduct appropriate screening of applications consistent with the state's eligibility requirements. For applications processed by the state for unborn children and newborns, Tennessee ensures that applicants who appear to be eligible for Medicaid are enrolled in Medicaid, and that eligible targeted low-income children are appropriately enrolled in CoverKids. These screening processes are used both at the time of initial eligibility determinations and at redetermination. As noted in Section 4.3, CoverKids and its eligibility contractors use the MAGI-in-the-Cloud tool to determine eligibility for

directly submitted applications and redeterminations.

- 4.4.2. The Medicaid application and enrollment process is initiated and facilitated for children found through the screening to be potentially eligible for medical assistance under the state Medicaid plan under Title XIX. (Section 2102)(b)(3)(B)) (42CFR 457.350(a)(2))

When an applicant (or enrollee subject to redetermination) appears to be eligible for TennCare as determined by CoverKids, its eligibility vendor(s), or the FFM, the applicant is enrolled in TennCare.

- 4.4.3. The State is taking steps to assist in the enrollment in SCHIP of children determined ineligible for Medicaid. (Sections 2102(a)(1) and (2) and 2102(c)(2)) (42CFR 431.636(b)(4))

When a TennCare applicant (or enrollee subject to redetermination) is determined ineligible for TennCare, CoverKids, its eligibility vendor(s), or the FFM enroll the individual in CoverKids, as appropriate.

- 4.4.4 The insurance provided under the state child health plan does not substitute for coverage under group health plans. Check the appropriate box. (Section 2102)(b)(3)(C)) (42CFR 457.805) (42 CFR 457.810(a)-(c))

4.4.4.1.  Coverage provided to children in families at or below 200% FPL: describe the methods of monitoring substitution.

4.4.4.2.  Coverage provided to children in families over 200% and up to 250% FPL: describe how substitution is monitored and identify specific strategies to limit substitution if levels become unacceptable.

See SPA page CS20 for substitution of coverage requirements.

4.4.4.3.  Coverage provided to children in families above 250% FPL: describe how substitution is monitored and identify specific strategies in place to prevent substitution.

4.4.4.4.  If the state provides coverage under a premium assistance program, describe:

The minimum period without coverage under a group health plan, including any allowable exceptions to the waiting period.

The minimum employer contribution.

The cost-effectiveness determination.

- 4.4.5 Child health assistance is provided to targeted low-income children in the state who are American Indian and Alaska Native. (Section 2102)(b)(3)(D)) (42 CFR 457.125(a))

The State of Tennessee assures the provision of child health assistance to targeted low-income children in the State who are American Indians and Alaska Natives (as defined in section 4(c) of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, 25 U.S.C. 1603(c)). Enrollees identified as being an American Indian and Alaska Natives will not be charged copayments.



## **Section 5. Outreach (Section 2102(c))**

Describe the procedures used by the state to accomplish:

Outreach to families of children likely to be eligible for child health assistance or other public or private health coverage to inform them of the availability of the programs, and to assist them in enrolling their children in such a program: (Section 2102(c)(1)) (42CFR 457.90)

The State's marketing and outreach efforts will be comprised of two components: (1) coordinated marketing outreach in conjunction with other Cover Tennessee initiatives through use of demographically targeted media campaigns and existing information dissemination channels and (2) outreach through partner programs, agencies, and organizations that have contact with families likely to have children eligible for CoverKids.

### **1) Coordinated Marketing Outreach**

Collateral pieces such as brochures, posters and other materials will serve as tools for CoverKids outreach for widespread dissemination. These materials are used by communities to reach the target audience. The available information will include an application form for return mailing. All materials will direct readers to a toll free number for further information or questions. In addition, the state will do a kick-off, press event in one or more media markets. HCFA also will maintain a website with current information regarding the CoverKids program for access by the general public.

### **2) Outreach through Partner Programs, Agencies, and Organizations**

CoverKids will work with a number of partners including schools and day care centers, other government programs, community service organizations, health care providers, professional associations, businesses, and faith-based organizations to publicize the program and encourage enrollment.

*Schools:* Schools and day care programs will be an important avenue for outreach to families. A contact person at each public school will be responsible for distributing brochures and applications to students. School nurses, Head Start programs, day care providers, private schools and home school organizations will also be provided with information about CoverKids to give to students and families.

Since 2007, CoverKids has partnered with the Tennessee Department of Education to distribute program information and enrollment instructions to every public school student in the state. Now in its fourth year, this campaign has resulted in the enrollment of approximately over 10,000 children and represents

the program's strongest and most successful partnership.

*Other Government Programs:* State and local agencies will also distribute CoverKids brochures and applications. The Department of Human Services (which is responsible for TennCare eligibility, Child Care, Child Support, disability determination, TANF, Food Stamp, Home Energy Assistance, and Vocational Rehabilitation) has a central office in Nashville and offices in all 95 counties in the state. The Tennessee Health Department also has local offices in each county. Tennessee Early Intervention Services within the Department of Education (which serves children with special needs from birth through age 3) has service coordinators throughout the state. Each of these programs will be provided with information and application materials for the CoverKids program. Unemployment and Department of Motor Vehicles offices, WIC programs, public housing, homeless shelters, community centers, employment and training centers, recreation centers, and libraries are other locations for distribution of brochures and other information. CoverKids will also coordinate closely with TennCare to assure applicants to either program are referred to the appropriate program in a timely, efficient manner. (See section 4.4 for a complete description.) The CoverKids program will also work with the Tennessee Office of Minority Health and multicultural service agencies in local communities to reach diverse ethnic groups.

*Providers:* CoverKids will work with providers such as hospitals, community health centers, clinics, and physician groups to publicize CoverKids with brochures, newsletter articles, and education sessions. Major hospital systems and hospitals in Tennessee include Baptist Memorial, Methodist Healthcare, Mountain States Health Alliance, Wellmont Health Systems, West Tennessee Healthcare System, University of Tennessee Medical Center, St. Jude Children's Research Hospital, and Metro Nashville General Hospital. CoverKids will work with these and other Tennessee hospitals, clinics, and physician groups (especially pediatricians) to outreach to families.

*Community Organizations and Businesses:* CoverKids will be contacting community service, civic, and professional organizations to establish partnerships. These organizations include YMCAs, Chambers of Commerce, Kiwanis and Rotary clubs, and Junior Leagues. Businesses such as department and grocery stores, pharmacies, fast food chains, and insurance agents will also be asked to help distribute information through activities such as displaying posters and placing the CoverKids logo and toll-free phone number on bags, fast food tray liners, etc. Local faith-based organizations (e.g., synagogues, churches, mosques, temples) will also be involved in outreach.

To date, CoverKids has received a remarkable level of support from community and provider organizations interested in assisting with outreach and enrollment. At this point, CoverKids plans to make an array of tools available for groups interested in doing outreach and enrollment and to encourage programs with an

affiliation to the state to utilize these tools. As necessary, the state at a later date may decide to offer a more extensive grant or incentive program to encourage enrollment assistance from community organizations.

**Section 6. Coverage Requirements for Children’s Health Insurance  
(Section 2103)**

Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state’s Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 7.

**6.1.** The state elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children:  
(Check all that apply.) (42CFR 457.410(a))

- 6.1.1.  Benchmark coverage; (Section 2103(a)(1) and 42 CFR 457.420)
  - 6.1.1.1.  FEHBP-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(b)(1))  
(If checked, attach copy of the plan.)
  - 6.1.1.2.  State employee coverage; (Section 2103(b)(2)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.)
  - 6.1.1.3.  HMO with largest insured commercial enrollment (Section 2103(b)(3)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.)
- 6.1.2.  Benchmark-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(a)(2) and 42 CFR 457.430) Specify the coverage, including the amount, scope and duration of each service, as well as any exclusions or limitations. Please attach a signed actuarial report that meets the requirements specified in 42 CFR 457.431. See instructions.
- 6.1.3.  Existing Comprehensive State-Based Coverage; (Section 2103(a)(3) and 42 CFR 457.440) [Only applicable to New York; Florida; Pennsylvania] Please attach a description of the benefits package, administration, date of enactment. If existing comprehensive state-based coverage is modified, please provide an actuarial opinion documenting that the actuarial value of the modification is greater than the value as of 8/5/97 or one of the benchmark plans. Describe the fiscal year 1996 state expenditures for existing comprehensive state-based coverage.
- 6.1.4.  Secretary-Approved Coverage. (Section 2103(a)(4)) (42 CFR 457.450)
  - 6.1.4.1.  Coverage the same as Medicaid State plan
  - 6.1.4.2.  Comprehensive coverage for children under a

Medicaid Section 1115 demonstration project

- 6.1.4.3.  Coverage that either includes the full EPSDT benefit or that the state has extended to the entire Medicaid population
- 6.1.4.4.  Coverage that includes benchmark coverage plus additional coverage

Benefits under the CoverKids program will be the same as the benefits for the 2006 HMO option of the State Employee Health Plan; however, it is a fully insured product (the state is at full-risk and TennCare Select Preferred Provider Organization (PPO)) is not an HMO plan. The annual number of visits for outpatient mental health/ substance abuse and PT/OT/SP was increased from 45 to 52 per year per condition. Beginning in January 2008, the benefit package was modified to also include vision services. Beginning in July 2008, the benefit package included dental services. Attachment A is the summary of benefits for CoverKids. Beginning April 2009, outpatient and inpatient mental health/ substance abuse limits were removed pursuant to Section 502 of Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009. Effective January 1, 2012, CoverKids began providing coverage through a Fee-For-Service/Administrative Service Only (FFS/ASO) model in which the state assumes the financial risk for the benefits and all operational functions associated with the FFS/ASO model are performed by a contracted PA through a standard Administrative Services Only (ASO) approach.

Benefits under the CoverKids Dental program will be the same as the benefits for the PPO dental option of the State Employee Health Plan; however CoverKids is a PAHP not a PPO plan. CoverKids and the State Employee Dental Plan are consistent with the annual Benefit Limit and the Lifetime Orthodontic Limit. CoverKids has more generous dental benefits than the State employee plan. The State will furnish CMS with a copy of the Dental Benefits Manager contract listing all covered dental codes at any time that contract is amended.

As of July 1, 2010, the six hundred dollar (\$600) dental benefit limit rose to one thousand (\$1,000). The program also added orthodontia benefits to members. A member must be enrolled in the program for twelve (12) months after the implementation date to obtain orthodontic benefits. The Orthodontia Lifetime Maximum Limit shall not exceed \$1,250 and is not part of \$1,000 annual benefit limit. The CoverKids program elected to mirror the State of Tennessee employee dental program for its benchmark coverage.

6.1.4.5.  Coverage that is the same as defined by existing comprehensive state-based coverage

6.1.4.6.  Coverage under a group health plan that is substantially equivalent to or greater than benchmark coverage through a benefit by benefit comparison (Please provide a sample of how the comparison will be done)

6.1.4.7.  Other (Describe)

**6.2.** The state elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that apply. If an item is checked, describe the coverage with respect to the amount, duration and scope of services covered, as well as any exclusions or limitations) (Section 2110(a)) (42CFR 457.490)

6.2.1.  Inpatient services (Section 2110(a)(1))

6.2.2.  Outpatient services (Section 2110(a)(2))

6.2.3.  Physician services (Section 2110(a)(3))

6.2.4.  Surgical services (Section 2110(a)(4))

6.2.5.  Clinic services (including health center services) and other ambulatory health care services. (Section 2110(a)(5))

6.2.6.  Prescription drugs (Section 2110(a)(6))

6.2.7.  Over-the-counter medications (Section 2110(a)(7))

6.2.8.  Laboratory and radiological services (Section 2110(a)(8))

6.2.9.  Prenatal care and prepregnancy family services and supplies

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(Section 2110(a)(9))

6.2.10.  Inpatient mental health services, other than services described in 6.2.18., but including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and including residential or other 24-hour therapeutically planned structural services (Section 2110(a)(10))

6.2.11.  Outpatient mental health services, other than services described in 6.2.19, but including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and including community-based services (Section 2110(a)(11))

6.2.12.  Durable medical equipment and other medically-related or remedial devices (such as prosthetic devices, implants, eyeglasses, hearing aids, dental devices, and adaptive devices) (Section 2110(a)(12))

Hearing aids limited to one per ear per year up to age 5; limited to one per ear every two years thereafter.

6.2.13.  Disposable medical supplies (Section 2110(a)(13))

6.2.14.  Home and community-based health care services (See instructions) (Section 2110(a)(14))

Home Health Services with prior approval. Limited to 125 visits per enrollee per year.

6.2.15.  Nursing care services (See instructions) (Section 2110(a)(15))

6.2.16.  Abortion only if necessary to save the life of the mother or if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest consistent with the Hyde Amendment (Section 2110(a)(16))

6.2.17.  Dental services (Section 2110(a)(17))

Dental Benefits will include preventive, diagnostic, and basic restorative services as follows:

- Diagnostic services
  - 2 oral examinations per year
- Preventive
  - Fluoride treatments (1 year of age and older) or fluoride varnish not to exceed twice a year up to age 14
  - Dental sealants for permanent molars
  - 2 cleanings per year

- Emergency Services
  - 2 visits during office hours per year
  - 2 visits after office hours per year
- Restorative services
  - Stainless steel crowns
  - Routine fillings (silver or tooth colored)
- Simple extractions
- Radiographs
  - Bitewing x-rays once per year
  - Full mouth x-rays once every three years
- Therapeutic pulpotomy
- Orthodontic Services
  - Children enrolled in CoverKids prior to July 1, 2010, must wait 12 months before they can obtain orthodontic benefits.
  - Lifetime maximum limit shall not exceed \$1,250 and is not subject to \$1,000 annual benefit limit.

The maximum annual benefit shall not exceed \$1,000 per child per year.

- 6.2.18.  Inpatient substance abuse treatment services and residential substance abuse treatment services (Section 2110(a)(18))
- 6.2.19.  Outpatient substance abuse treatment services (Section 2110(a)(19))
- 6.2.20.  Case management services (Section 2110(a)(20))
- 6.2.21.  Care coordination services (Section 2110(a)(21))
- 6.2.22.  Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and services for individuals with speech, hearing, and language disorders (Section 2110(a)(22))
 

Limited to 52 visits per year per type of therapy.
- 6.2.23.  Hospice care (Section 2110(a)(23))
- 6.2.24.  Any other medical, diagnostic, screening, preventive, restorative, remedial, therapeutic, or rehabilitative services. (See instructions) (Section 2110(a)(24))

Vision Care which includes the following:

- Annual vision exam (including refractive exam and glaucoma



testing)

- Prescription eyeglass lenses including bifocal or trifocal, fitting and dispensing fee (once every 12 months - \$ 85 maximum)
- Eyeglass frames (including routine replacement once every 24 months - \$100 maximum).
- Prescription contact lenses in lieu of eyeglasses (once every 12 months - \$150 maximum)

Approved optical services, supplies, and solutions must be obtained from licensed or certified ophthalmologists, optometrists, or optical dispensing laboratories participating with CoverKids. Prior approval is required for any other services or visual aids deemed to be necessary by recommendation of the provider.

6.2.25.  Premiums for private health care insurance coverage (Section 2110(a)(25))

6.2.26.  Medical transportation (Section 2110(a)(26))

Ambulance Service – Air and Ground: When medically necessary.

6.2.27.  Enabling services (such as transportation, translation, and outreach services (See instructions) (Section 2110(a)(27))

6.2.28.  Any other health care services or items specified by the Secretary and not included under this section (Section 2110(a)(28))

In addition to the services indicated above, the CoverKids benefit package will also include:

- Emergency Care
- Chiropractic Care: Maintenance visits not covered when no additional progress is apparent or expected to occur.
- Routine Health Assessments and Immunizations in accordance with AAP and ACIP recommendations.
- Skilled Nursing Facility Services. Limited to 100 days per calendar year following an approved hospitalization.

Mothers of eligible unborn children who are over age 19 receive all benefits available under the CoverKids program, except for chiropractic services, routine dental services, and vision services.

**6.3** The state assures that, with respect to pre-existing medical conditions, one of

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the following two statements applies to its plan: (42CFR 457.480)

6.3.1.  The state shall not permit the imposition of any pre-existing medical condition exclusion for covered services (Section 2102(b)(1)(B)(ii)); OR

6.3.2.  The state contracts with a group health plan or group health insurance coverage, or contracts with a group health plan to provide family coverage under a waiver (see Section 6.4.2. of the template). Pre-existing medical conditions are permitted to the extent allowed by HIPAA/ERISA (Section 2103(f)). Please describe: Previously 8.6

**6.4.** Additional Purchase Options. If the state wishes to provide services under the plan through cost effective alternatives or the purchase of family coverage, it must request the appropriate option. To be approved, the state must address the following: (Section 2105(c)(2) and (3)) (42 CFR 457.1005 and 457.1010)

6.4.1.  Cost Effective Coverage. Payment may be made to a state in excess of the 10% limitation on use of funds for payments for: 1) other child health assistance for targeted low-income children; 2) expenditures for health services initiatives under the plan for improving the health of children (including targeted low-income children and other low-income children); 3) expenditures for outreach activities as provided in section 2102(c)(1) under the plan; and 4) other reasonable costs incurred by the state to administer the plan, if it demonstrates the following (42CFR 457.1005(a)):

6.4.1.1. Coverage provided to targeted low-income children through such expenditures must meet the coverage requirements above; Describe the coverage provided by the alternative delivery system. The state may cross reference section 6.2.1 - 6.2.28. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(i)) (42CFR 457.1005(b))

Effective January 1, 2012, concurrent with the change from a full-risk (Preferred Provider Organization) to a Fee-for-Service/Administrative Service Only (FFS/ASO) model, CoverKids will no longer provide an Alternative Delivery System to children and pregnant women.

6.4.1.2. The cost of such coverage must not be greater, on an average per child basis, than the cost of coverage that would otherwise be provided for the coverage described above; Describe the cost of such coverage on an average

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per child basis. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(ii)) (42CFR 457.1005(b))

6.4.1.3. The coverage must be provided through the use of a community-based health delivery system, such as through contracts with health centers receiving funds under section 330 of the Public Health Service Act or with hospitals such as those that receive disproportionate share payment adjustments under section 1886(c)(5)(F) or 1923 of the Social Security Act. Describe the community-based delivery system. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(iii)) (42CFR 457.1005(a))

6.4.2.  Purchase of Family Coverage. Describe the plan to purchase family coverage. Payment may be made to a state for the purpose of family coverage under a group health plan or health insurance coverage that includes coverage of targeted low-income children, if it demonstrates the following: (Section 2105(c)(3)) (42CFR 457.1010)

6.4.2.1. Purchase of family coverage is cost-effective relative to the amounts that the state would have paid to obtain comparable coverage only of the targeted low-income children involved; and (Describe the associated costs for purchasing the family coverage relative to the coverage for the low income children.) (Section 2105(c)(3)(A)) (42CFR 457.1010(a))

6.4.2.2. The state assures that the family coverage would not otherwise substitute for health insurance coverage that would be provided to such children but for the purchase of family coverage. (Section 2105(c)(3)(B)) (42CFR 457.1010(b))

6.4.2.3. The state assures that the coverage for the family otherwise meets title XXI requirements. (42CFR 457.1010(c))

## Section 7. Quality and Appropriateness of Care

- Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 8.

- 7.1.** Describe the methods (including external and internal monitoring) used to assure the quality and appropriateness of care, particularly with respect to well-baby care, well-child care, and immunizations provided under the plan. (2102(a)(7)(A)) (42CFR 457.495(a))

CoverKids will use the expertise of an independent evaluation contractor in the assessment of the CoverKids program. Quality and appropriateness of care will be assessed through the use of enrollee surveys, review of claims data, and medical record review. Both process and outcome measures will be considered when assessing the quality and appropriateness of care. Among the items to be used in tracking are claims data indicators such as whether children have a usual source of care, whether children are receiving the recommended well-child exams and are appropriately immunized; whether non-trauma based emergency room use is going down, how referrals are being made, whether specialty care and related services are being received, and patterns of prescription drug use. CoverKids plans to monitor consumer and provider satisfaction through surveys and informal communications with families, advocacy groups, and providers. In addition to these monitoring strategies, the State assures access to care through monitoring of the geographic distribution of providers.

Effective January 1, 2010, CoverKids has engaged an External Quality Review Organization (EQRO) to conduct a range of quality assurance activities. However, this step has been taken to promote quality outcomes in the program in general and not specifically in relation to oversight of a Managed Care Organization (MCO) as required in CHIPRA because CoverKids does not use an MCO model.

Will the state utilize any of the following tools to assure quality?  
(Check all that apply and describe the activities for any categories utilized.)

7.1.1.  Quality standards

7.1.2.  Performance measurement

The State ensures quality through contracted performance measures.

7.1.3.  Information strategies

The contracted insurer will be required to provide key health indicators information.

7.1.4.  Quality improvement strategies

The contracted insurer will be required to maintain an effective quality improvement program.

**7.2.** Describe the methods used, including monitoring, to assure: (2102(a)(7)(B)) (42CFR 457.495)

7.2.1 Access to well-baby care, well-child care, well-adolescent care and childhood and adolescent immunizations. (Section 2102(a)(7)) (42CFR 457.495(a))

CoverKids member handbooks will explain the importance of, and recommended timing for well-child care visits and immunizations. Access is monitored through a number of methods including periodic review of the number and types of providers by county, review of claims data, review of enrollee survey data, feedback from families via telephone, e-mail, and postal service mail, and feedback from providers.

7.2.2 Access to covered services, including emergency services as defined in 42 CFR 457.10. (Section 2102(a)(7)) 42CFR 457.495(b))

The health plan is required to maintain an adequate provider network that includes emergency room services. In addition, PCPs who participate in the health plan are required to have identified after hour patient access to address medical questions and concerns. Access to emergency services will be monitored through periodic review of the number and types of providers by county, review of claims data, review of enrollee survey data, feedback from families and feedback from providers.

The geographic access standard for children's primary care practitioners (pediatricians, general medicine and family practice physicians), at a minimum, will be a physician within 30 miles in rural area and 20 miles in urban area. The standard for acute care hospitals will be at least 1 facility within 30 miles. The standard for specialists assures that enrollees will, at a minimum, have access to a children's hospital where they may access specialty care. The CoverKids program will meet all geographic access standards for children's coverage within the new TennCare Select network.

One aspect of the initial measure of network adequacy in the procurement of a plan administrator and network is the distribution and absence of plan participants. The state will employ a proxy, the

distribution of children in households with incomes below the federal poverty level, in executing the GeoAccess analysis.

- 7.2.3 Appropriate and timely procedures to monitor and treat enrollees with chronic, complex, or serious medical conditions, including access to an adequate number of visits to specialists experienced in treating the specific medical condition and access to out-of-network providers when the network is not adequate for the enrollee's medical condition. (Section 2102(a)(7)) (42CFR 457.495(c))

The health plan is required to maintain an adequate provider network including specialists. Access to specialty services will be monitored through periodic review of the number and types of providers by county, review of claims data, review of enrollee survey data, feedback from families and feedback from providers. In the rare instance that the provider network is not adequate to meet a member's needs, the member will be referred out-of-network to obtain medically necessary services.

- 7.2.4 Decisions related to the prior authorization of health services are completed in accordance with state law or, in accordance with the medical needs of the patient, within 14 days after the receipt of a request for services. (Section 2102(a)(7)) (42CFR 457.495(d))

The health plan will be required to have policies in place to assure that prior authorizations of health services are completed within 14 days.

**Section 8. Cost Sharing and Payment** (Section 2103(e))

Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state’s Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 9.

**8.1.** Is cost-sharing imposed on any of the children covered under the plan? (42CFR 457.505)

8.1.1.  YES

8.1.2.  NO, skip to question 8.8.

**8.2.** Describe the amount of cost-sharing, any sliding scale based on income, the group or groups of enrollees that may be subject to the charge and the service for which the charge is imposed or time period for the charge, as appropriate. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42CFR 457.505(a), 457.510(b) &(c), 457.515(a)&(c))

8.2.1. Premiums: None

8.2.2. Deductibles: None

8.2.3. Coinsurance or copayments: Children will be subject to copayments for most services provided under the plan; however, no copayments will be charged for well-child visits, immunizations, or lab and x-ray services. There is also no copayment for ambulance services when deemed medically necessary by the health plan. For children in families with income at or below 200 percent of the FPL, co-payments will not exceed \$5.00, except the copayment for non-emergency use of the emergency room will be \$10. Copayments for children in families with income above 200 percent of the FPL will vary by service. Children receiving hospice services are exempt from all copay requirements. Attachment A details the copayments for each income group.

8.2.4. Other: None

**8.3.** Describe how the public will be notified, including the public schedule, of this cost sharing (including the cumulative maximum) and changes to these amounts and any differences based on income. (Section 2103(e)((1)(B)) (42CFR 457.505(b))

Families of applicants and enrollees, providers, and the public will be informed of the cost-sharing requirements (including the cumulative maximum) in the CoverKids application and enrollment materials. Copayments are listed in the benefits booklet. Outreach workers and administrative staff who answer phone inquiries are trained to discuss with families the co-payments required and the

annual out-of-pocket limit. The CoverKids eligibility and enrollment AC will notify the health plan of the families' annual income within the enrollment eligibility file. The health plan will determine the dollar amount of their out-of-pocket limit based on 5% of their annual income and include this information in the enrollees Explanation of Benefit correspondence. The health plan will electronically accumulate the money spent (including dental services) for cost sharing for eligible children in a family and notify the family via a letter when the dollar amount is met. The health plan's electronic claims system will annotate the child's file to notify providers that no further cost sharing is required.

**8.4.** The state assures that it has made the following findings with respect to the cost sharing in its plan: (Section 2103(e))

8.4.1.  Cost-sharing does not favor children from higher income families over lower income families. (Section 2103(e)(1)(B)) (42CFR 457.530)

8.4.2.  No cost-sharing applies to well-baby and well-child care, including age-appropriate immunizations. (Section 2103(e)(2)) (42CFR 457.520)

8.4.3  No additional cost-sharing applies to the costs of emergency medical services delivered outside the network. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42CFR 457.515(f))

**8.5.** Describe how the state will ensure that the annual aggregate cost-sharing for a family does not exceed 5 percent of such family's income for the length of the child's eligibility period in the State. Include a description of the procedures that do not primarily rely on a refund given by the state for overpayment by an enrollee: (Section 2103(e)(3)(B)) (42CFR 457.560(b) and 457.505(e))

Very few families are likely to exceed the 5 percent limit on out-of-pocket expenses because of the CoverKids copayment structure. For example, a single parent with one child (two person family) at 101 percent of the FPL (\$13,332 annually) would have an annual out-of-pocket maximum of \$667. This family could have a total of 134 doctor visits and prescriptions before reaching the limit on out-of-pocket expenses. A child in family of two at 151 percent of FPL (\$19,932 annually) could have 66 physician office visits before reaching the out-of-pocket maximum of \$996.

Families will be informed in all literature and outreach workers will be trained to educate families about the limit on out-of-pocket expenses. Upon enrollment in CoverKids, families will receive notification of the dollar amount of their out-of-pocket limit based on 5% of their annual income. The 5 percent annual cost sharing limit will be calculated by the CoverKids health plan at the receipt of enrollment information from the eligibility and enrollment AC. The health plan's



accuracy in calculating the limit will be monitored by the State as a part of the audits it will conduct to verify the accuracy of the health plan's determinations. The health plan will also notify the family of the limit to the amount of copayments. The health plan will electronically accumulate the money spent on cost sharing for eligible child(ren) in a family and notify the family via a letter when the dollar amount is met. The health plan's electronic claims system will annotate the child's file to notify providers that no further cost sharing is required. In case of error caused by filing delays, families may request a manual review of their receipts and families will be reimbursed should computer notification fail to work. The health plan will be asked to submit reports to the State identifying families who have met their annual out-of-pocket limit.

- 8.6.** Describe the procedures the state will use to ensure American Indian (as defined by the Indian Health Care Improvement Act of 1976) and Alaska Native children will be excluded from cost-sharing. (Section 2103(b)(3)(D)) (42CFR 457.535)

The brochure explaining application and enrollment procedures will state that there is no cost sharing for American Indian/Alaska native children. If the family indicates on the application form that a child is American Indian or Alaskan Native, but does not provide tribal membership documents, a letter will be sent by the AC requesting this information when the child is determined otherwise eligible. Upon receipt of proof of federally recognized tribe status, the AC will notify the health plan to flag the child's electronic account to notify providers that copayments are not required. The health plan will be responsible to reimburse the family for any co-payments that may have been made prior to notification of exempt status.

- 8.7.** Please provide a description of the consequences for an enrollee or applicant who does not pay a charge. (42CFR 457.570 and 457.505(c))

A family who does not pay a required copayment remains enrolled in the program. An individual provider may at his discretion refuse service for non-payment of a copayment. The state does not participate in collection action or impose any benefit limitations if enrollees do not pay copayments.

- 8.7.1 Please provide an assurance that the following disenrollment protections are being applied:

The CoverKids Program does not disenroll anyone under the current system for non-payment of copayments. If the State makes changes in the program that would permit disenrollment we would make sure that:

- State has established a process that gives enrollees reasonable notice of and an opportunity to pay past due premiums, copayments, coinsurance, deductibles or similar fees prior to

disenrollment. (42CFR 457.570(a))

- The disenrollment process affords the enrollee an opportunity to show that the enrollee's family income has declined prior to disenrollment for non-payment of cost-sharing charges. (42CFR 457.570(b))
- In the instance mentioned above, that the state will facilitate enrolling the child in Medicaid or adjust the child's cost-sharing category as appropriate. (42CFR 457.570(b))
- The state provides the enrollee with an opportunity for an impartial review to address disenrollment from the program. (42CFR 457.570(c))

**8.8.** The state assures that it has made the following findings with respect to the payment aspects of its plan: (Section 2103(e))

- 8.8.1.  No Federal funds will be used toward state matching requirements. (Section 2105(c)(4)) (42CFR 457.220)
- 8.8.2.  No cost-sharing (including premiums, deductibles, copays, coinsurance and all other types) will be used toward state matching requirements. (Section 2105(c)(5) (42CFR 457.224) (Previously 8.4.5)
- 8.8.3.  No funds under this title will be used for coverage if a private insurer would have been obligated to provide such assistance except for a provision limiting this obligation because the child is eligible under the this title.  
(Section 2105(c)(6)(A)) (42CFR 457.626(a)(1))
- 8.8.4.  Income and resource standards and methodologies for determining Medicaid eligibility are not more restrictive than those applied as of June 1, 1997. (Section 2105(d)(1)) (42CFR 457.622(b)(5))
- 8.8.5.  No funds provided under this title or coverage funded by this title will include coverage of abortion except if necessary to save the life of the mother or if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest. (Section 2105(c)(7)(B)) (42CFR 457.475)
- 8.8.6.  No funds provided under this title will be used to pay for any abortion or to assist in the purchase, in whole or in part, for coverage that includes abortion (except as described above).

(Section 2105)(c)(7)(A) (42CFR 457.475)

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**Section 9. Strategic Objectives and Performance Goals and Plan Administration** (Section 2107)

- 9.1.** Describe strategic objectives for increasing the extent of creditable health coverage among targeted low-income children and other low-income children: (Section 2107(a)(2)) (42CFR 457.710(b))

Strategic Objective 1: Increase health insurance coverage for Tennessee's targeted low-income children and other low-income children through the CoverKids program.

Strategic Objective 2: Administer an effective outreach/marketing campaign designed to reach targeted low-income children and other low-income children.

Strategic Objective 3: Increase access to health care services for targeted low-income children as a result of enrollment in CoverKids.

Strategic Objective 4: Improve health outcomes through appropriate utilization of health care resources for targeted low-income children through CoverKids.

- 9.2.** Specify one or more performance goals for each strategic objective identified: (Section 2107(a)(3)) (42CFR 457.710(c))

Strategic Objective 1: Increase health insurance coverage for Tennessee's targeted low-income children and other low-income children through the CoverKids program.

*Performance Goals:*

- 1A. Enroll 25 percent of uninsured, non-Medicaid eligible children with family income below 250 percent of the FPL in the first full year of operation.

*Measure:* Percentage of eligible children enrolled.

- 1B. Decrease the number of low-income ( $\leq$  250 % FPL) children who are uninsured by 1% each year.

*Measure:* Percentage of uninsured low-income children based on CPS three-year average.

Strategic Objective 2: Administer an effective outreach/marketing campaign designed to reach targeted low-income children and other low-income children.

*Performance Goals:*

- 2A. Outreach/marketing will have a visible campaign to repeatedly inform and educate families.

*Measure:* Percent of eligible children enrolled by outreach strategy.

- 2B. Outreach/marketing will target ethnic and rural populations identified as historically underserved.

*Measure:* Number of persons contacted by media and events for ethnic and rural populations.

Strategic Objective 3: Increase access to health care services for targeted low-income children as a result of enrollment in CoverKids.

*Performance Goals:*

- 3A. Increase the percentage of children with a regular source of care.

*Measures:* 1) Percent of enrollees whose families report a usual source of care after enrollment in CoverKids as compared to before enrollment. 2) Percent of enrollees ages 2 – 11 who had at least one visit with a primary care physician (PCP).

- 3B. Decrease the percentage of children who use the emergency room.

*Measure:* Percent of enrollees whose families report that their children have used a hospital emergency room since enrollment in CoverKids as compared to before enrollment.

Strategic Objective 4: Improve health outcomes through appropriate utilization of health care resources for targeted low-income children through CoverKids.

*Performance Goals:*

- 4A. Increase preventative care for children.

*Measures:* 1) Well-child visits in the first 15 months of life. 2) Well-child visits in the 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, and 6<sup>th</sup> years of life. 3) Number of well-child visits and immunizations compared to national benchmarks.

- 4B. Increase appropriate care for children with asthma and children with diabetes.

*Measures:* 1) Percent of enrollees ages 5 – 17 with persistent asthma who were prescribed appropriate medications for long-term control of

asthma. 2) Number of primary care visits for children with asthma. 3) Emergency room visits for children with asthma. 4) Hospitalizations for children with asthma. 5) Number of HbA1c tests for diabetics. 6) Number of primary care visits for children with diabetes. 7) Emergency room visits for children with diabetes. 8) Hospitalizations for children with diabetes.

- 9.3.** Describe how performance under the plan will be measured through objective, independently verifiable means and compared against performance goals in order to determine the state's performance, taking into account suggested performance indicators as specified below or other indicators the state develops:

(Section 2107(a)(4)(A),(B)) (42CFR 457.710(d))

The strategic objectives and accompanying performance goals have been initiated based on the desire of Tennessee to plan, implement and administer a successful SCHIP program. In order to be successful in the early years of the program specific attention has been focused on program outreach, enrollment, access and health care outcomes. The CoverKids program will contract with an independent evaluator to assist with evaluation of the performance goals and strategic objectives. The evaluator's responsibilities will include establishing baseline levels and collecting and analyzing data for each goal. In order to effectuate the evaluation of the performance goals, data from the following sources will be utilized:

- Information on outreach strategies from the program outreach/marketing vendor.
- Application and enrollment data from the program enrollment vendor.
- Data on the provider population from the program insurance vendor.
- Claims and encounter data from the program insurance vendor and the state's decision support system (claims data warehouse).
- Consumer surveys focusing on overall program satisfaction and utilization.

Check the applicable suggested performance measurements listed below that the state plans to use: (Section 2107(a)(4))

- 9.3.1.  The increase in the percentage of Medicaid-eligible children enrolled in Medicaid.
- 9.3.2.  The reduction in the percentage of uninsured children.
- 9.3.3.  The increase in the percentage of children with a usual source of care.
- 9.3.4.  The extent to which outcome measures show progress on one or more of the health problems identified by the state.

9.3.5.  HEDIS Measurement Set relevant to children and adolescents younger than 19.

9.3.6.  Other child appropriate measurement set. List or describe the set used.

CoverKids plans to use a modified HEDIS measurement set, at a minimum, to evaluate the four core performance measures suggested by CMS including:

- Immunizations
- Well child care
- Appropriate medications for treatment of asthma, and PCP visits.

CoverKids will work with its evaluation contractor to determine additional HEDIS-like or other appropriate measures for evaluation of the program.

9.3.7.  If not utilizing the entire HEDIS Measurement Set, specify which measures will be collected, such as:

- 9.3.7.1.  Immunizations
- 9.3.7.2.  Well childcare
- 9.3.7.3.  Adolescent well visits
- 9.3.7.4.  Satisfaction with care
- 9.3.7.5.  Mental health
- 9.3.7.6.  Dental care
- 9.3.7.7.  Other, please list:

9.3.8.  Performance measures for special targeted populations.

**9.4.**  The state assures it will collect all data, maintain records and furnish reports to the Secretary at the times and in the standardized format that the Secretary requires. (Section 2107(b)(1)) (42CFR 457.720)

**9.5.**  The state assures it will comply with the annual assessment and evaluation required under Section 10. Briefly describe the state's plan for these annual assessments and reports. (Section 2107(b)(2)) (42CFR 457.750)

CoverKids will comply with the annual assessment by submitting a report, utilizing the Framework for Annual Evaluation developed by the National Academy for State Health Policy in conjunction with state SCHIP staff and CMS on an annual basis. This report will be completed by CoverKids staff with the assistance of our independent evaluator. The evaluator will

be responsible for evaluating the CoverKids strategic objectives and goals described in sections 9.1 and 9.2 and will provide data and analysis for the preparation of annual reports. The annual report will be submitted to the Secretary by January 1 following the end of the federal fiscal year.

- 9.6.**  The state assures it will provide the Secretary with access to any records or information relating to the plan for purposes of review of audit. (Section 2107(b)(3)) (42CFR 457.720)
- 9.7.**  The state assures that, in developing performance measures, it will modify those measures to meet national requirements when such requirements are developed. (42CFR 457.710(e))
- 9.8.** The state assures, to the extent they apply, that the following provisions of the Social Security Act will apply under Title XXI, to the same extent they apply to a state under Title XIX: (Section 2107(e)) (42CFR 457.135)
- 9.8.1.  Section 1902(a)(4)(C) (relating to conflict of interest standards)
- 9.8.2.  Paragraphs (2), (16) and (17) of Section 1903(i) (relating to limitations on payment)
- 9.8.3.  Section 1903(w) (relating to limitations on provider donations and taxes)
- 9.8.4.  Section 1132 (relating to periods within which claims must be filed)
- 9.9.** Describe the process used by the state to accomplish involvement of the public in the design and implementation of the plan and the method for insuring ongoing public involvement. (Section 2107(c)) (42CFR 457.120(a) and (b))

Benefits Administration and CoverKids program representatives have held a number of meetings during the summer of 2006 to inform the public and provider groups about plans for CoverKids and obtain input on program design. The meetings took place in various locations throughout the state to facilitate participation of a wide range of groups, including four children's hospitals and representatives from a number of advocacy groups. The following meetings have been held:

- Vanderbilt Children's Hospital - CEO, administrators, and hospitalists - 7/20
- Nashville area community pediatric providers - 7/20
- T.C. Thompson Children's Hospital (Chattanooga) - CEO, administrators, and hospitalists - 7/25
- Chattanooga area community pediatric providers - 7/25
- East Tennessee Children's Hospital (Knoxville) - CEO, administrators, and

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- hospitalists - 7/26
- Knoxville area community pediatric providers - 7/26
- LeBonheur Children's Hospital (Memphis) - CEO, administrators, and hospitalists - 7/28
- Memphis area community pediatric providers - 7/28
- Governor's Office of Children's Care Coordination Steering Committee (advocacy groups) - 8/5
- TN Commission on Children and Youth - convening of children's advocacy groups - 8/25

9.9.1 Describe the process used by the state to ensure interaction with Indian Tribes and organizations in the state on the development and implementation of the procedures required in 42 CFR 457.125. (Section 2107(c)) (42CFR 457.120(c))

There are no recognized Indian Tribes within the State of Tennessee; however, CoverKids is coordinating with the Tennessee Director of Indian Affairs to assure that Native American families residing within the state are informed of the CoverKids program and aware that there is no cost sharing for eligible Native American/Alaska Native children. (See also section 8.6.)

9.9.2 For an amendment relating to eligibility or benefits (including cost sharing and enrollment procedures), please describe how and when prior public notice was provided as required in §457.65(b) through (d).

Eligibility, benefits and cost sharing were discussed during the public meetings described above and public input was considered in the design of this plan. Brochures and informational materials developed for the program will include descriptions of eligibility, benefits and cost sharing.

Public notice of the change in eligibility rules (Amendment #7) was provided by publishing Emergency Public Necessity Rules in accordance with State law. The Emergency Public Necessity Rules were published on October 12, 2009.

**9.10.** Provide a one year projected budget. A suggested financial form for the budget is attached. The budget must describe: (Section 2107(d)) (42CFR 457.140)

- Planned use of funds, including --
  - Projected amount to be spent on health services;
  - Projected amount to be spent on administrative costs, such as outreach, child health initiatives, and evaluation; and
  - Assumptions on which the budget is based, including cost per child and expected enrollment.

- Projected sources of non-Federal plan expenditures, including any requirements for cost-sharing by enrollees.

## CHIP Budget

STATE: Tennessee Federal Fiscal Year 2016	Current Budget	With SPA 16-0015
<b>State's enhanced FMAP rate</b>	<b>98.54%</b>	<b>98.54%</b>
<b>Benefit Costs</b>		
Insurance payments	16,575,044	16,575,044
Managed care	36,541,200	36,541,200
Fee for Service	132,549,273	134,841,757
<b>Total Benefit Costs</b>	<b>185,665,517</b>	<b>187,958,001</b>
(Offsetting beneficiary cost sharing payments)		
<b>Net Benefit Costs</b>	<b>185,665,517</b>	<b>187,958,001</b>
<b>Administration Costs</b>		
Personnel	250,000	250,000
General administration	850,000	850,000
Contractors/Brokers (e.g., enrollment contractors)	4,000,000	4,000,000
Administrative Services	12,300,000	12,300,000
Outreach/marketing costs	75,000	75,000
Other (e.g., indirect costs)		
Health Services Initiatives		
<b>Total Administration Costs</b>	<b>17,475,000</b>	<b>17,475,000</b>
10% Administrative Cap	20,629,502	20,884,222
<b>Federal Title XXI Share</b>	<b>200,174,665</b>	<b>202,433,679</b>
<b>State Share</b>	<b>2,965,852</b>	<b>2,999,322</b>
<b>Total Costs of Approved CHIP Plan</b>	<b>203,140,517</b>	<b>205,433,001</b>

**The Source of State Share Funds:** The State share funds come from revenue generated by the State and are appropriated through the budgeting process. None of the State share of the funds are provided by the enrollees.

**Section 10. Annual Reports and Evaluations** (Section 2108)

**10.1. Annual Reports.** The state assures that it will assess the operation of the state plan under this Title in each fiscal year, including: (Section 2108(a)(1),(2)) (42CFR 457.750)

10.1.1.  The progress made in reducing the number of uncovered low-income children and report to the Secretary by January 1 following the end of the fiscal year on the result of the assessment, and

**10.2.**  The state assures it will comply with future reporting requirements as they are developed. (42CFR 457.710(e))

**10.3.**  The state assures that it will comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations, including but not limited to Federal grant requirements and Federal reporting requirements.

**Section 11. Program Integrity** (Section 2101(a))

Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan, and continue to Section 12.

**11.1.**  The state assures that services are provided in an effective and efficient manner through free and open competition or through basing rates on other public and private rates that are actuarially sound. (Section 2101(a)) (42CFR 457.940(b))

**11.2.** The state assures, to the extent they apply, that the following provisions of the Social Security Act will apply under Title XXI, to the same extent they apply to a state under Title XIX: (Section 2107(e)) (42CFR 457.935(b)) The items below were moved from section 9.8. (Previously items 9.8.6. - 9.8.9)

11.2.1.  42 CFR Part 455 Subpart B (relating to disclosure of information by providers and fiscal agents)

11.2.2.  Section 1124 (relating to disclosure of ownership and related information)

11.2.3.  Section 1126 (relating to disclosure of information about certain convicted individuals)

11.2.4.  Section 1128A (relating to civil monetary penalties)

11.2.5.  Section 1128B (relating to criminal penalties for certain additional charges)

11.2.6.  Section 1128E (relating to the National health care fraud and abuse data collection program)

## **Section 12. Applicant and Enrollee Protections** (Sections 2101(a))

- Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan.

### **12.1. Eligibility and Enrollment Matters**

Please describe the review process for eligibility and enrollment matters that complies with 42 CFR 457.1120.

Upon denial of eligibility (including suspension or termination of enrollment), a parent will be notified by mail of the reason for the denial and the process to notify CoverKids if the parent believes the denial is in error. Parents may also request a review for situations in which eligibility determination have not been made in a timely manner. Parents will first be directed to call the eligibility and enrollment AC's toll-free number and report additional information or clarify information on the applicant's account. The AC will document the call and any additional information/clarification provided. The family may also file a request for review in writing. The information or clarification will be input into the AC eligibility system and a review of eligibility will be initiated. AC eligibility staff may request senior management input into this decision. If the information provided does not result in the child being eligible, the parent will be notified of the reason the denial was upheld. If the parent disagrees with the denial, the notification letter will inform the parent that they may submit a formal request in writing to Benefits Administration, to be reviewed by the state-level CoverKids Eligibility Appeals Committee.

The member will have 30 days from the issuance of the letter to submit a request for a formal appeal. Receipts of requests for review will be acknowledged in writing within 10 days, including notification that that member will receive a decision within one calendar month. The Eligibility Appeals Committee is the impartial entity that reviews eligibility and enrollment matters and is composed of five Benefits Administration staff. The Committee will meet weekly to review requests for reconsiderations of denials. (This schedule may be altered depending on the volume of requests for review.) If the Committee disagrees with the decision of the AC, the child will be enrolled in CoverKids. If the Committee agrees with the decision to deny eligibility, a letter will be sent to the parent detailing the reason for denial. The decision of the Eligibility Appeals Committee will be the final recourse available to the member. If at any level of dispute, the appropriate party determines the child is eligible for enrollment in CoverKids, the enrollment will become effective retroactive to the first day of the month following the initial eligibility determination.

Reviews of general eligibility and enrollment matters will be completed within a 90-day timeframe. Expedited reviews will be completed within 10 days from the

initial receipt of the request for review. The appropriate notices will be issued within those timeframes. Notices for denials, suspension, or termination of enrollment, or failure to make a timely eligibility determination will include information on the reasons for the determination, an explanation of applicable rights to review of that determination, the standard and expedited timeframes for review, the manner in which review can be requested and the circumstances under which enrollment may continue pending review.

The State assures that in the review process, enrollees have the opportunity to fully participate in the review process (including representing themselves or have representatives of their choosing in the review process) and review information relevant to the review of the decision in a timely manner; decisions are made in writing; impartial reviews are conducted in a reasonable amount of time and consideration is given for the need for expedited review when there is an immediate need for health services. Enrollees will remain enrolled pending completion of the review in the case of suspension or termination of enrollment.

## **12.2. Health Services Matters**

Please describe the review process for health services matters that comply with 42 CFR 457.1120.

For health services matters, CoverKids will use a process that includes both internal review by the insurer and external review by Benefits Administration. The State's contract with the insurer will require the insurer to have grievance/complaint procedures for denials, delays, reductions, suspensions, or terminations in providing or paying for health services and for failure to approve, furnish or provide payment in a timely manner. These procedures must include participation by a pediatrician in the review, must be followed prior to appealing to the state, and must be completed within 30 days. Expedited reviews (within 72 hours) will be available for situations in which a benefit determination or a preauthorization denial has been made prior to services being received and the attending medical professional perceives the medical situation to be life threatening or would seriously jeopardize the enrollee's health or ability to attain, maintain or regain maximum functioning.

After the insurer's internal review is completed, the parent of an enrollee who disagrees with the decision may request further review by submitting a letter or form to Benefits Administration. The Appeals Coordinator within Benefits Administration will review the matter and gather supplemental information from the family, physician, and/or insurer as needed. The Appeals Coordinator may also request review by the by state's independent medical consultant. Reviews generally are completed within 16 days and the member will be notified in writing of the decision. It is anticipated that most appeals will be resolved either through the insurer's internal process or at this level.

If the appeal is not resolved, the request will be scheduled for impartial review by the CoverKids Review Committee. The Committee will meet once per month to consider any appeals and will be composed of five members, including Benefits Administration staff and at least one licensed medical professional, selected by the Commissioner or his designee. The parent will be given the opportunity to review the file, provide supplemental information and appear in person. The parent will receive written notification of the final decision, normally within one week from the date of the Committee meeting. The decision of the CoverKids Review Committee is the final recourse available to the member.

Internal and external reviews will be completed within 90 days. Reviews by both the Appeals Coordinator and the Committee may be expedited (completed within 72 hours) for situations in which a benefit determination or a preauthorization denial has been made prior to services being received and the attending medical professional perceives the medical situation to be life threatening or would seriously jeopardize the enrollee's health or ability to attain, maintain or regain maximum functioning. All required notices, including the final notice of the results from the CoverKids Review Committee, will be issued within the specified timeframes (90-days or 72 hours, as applicable). Notices for denials, delays, reductions, suspensions, or terminations in providing or paying for health services and for failures to approve, furnish or provide payment in a timely manner will include information on the reasons for the determination, an explanation of applicable rights to review of that determination, the standard and expedited timeframes for review, the manner in which review can be requested and the circumstances under which enrollment may continue pending review.

The State assures that in the review process, enrollees have the opportunity to fully participate in the review process (including representing themselves or have representatives of their choosing in the review process) and review information relevant to the review of the decision in a timely manner; decisions are made in writing; impartial reviews are conducted in a reasonable amount of time and consideration is given for the need for expedited review when there is an immediate need for health services.

### **12.3. Premium Assistance Programs**

If providing coverage through a group health plan that does not meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1120, please describe how the state will assure that applicants and enrollees have the option to obtain health benefits coverage other than through the group health plan at initial enrollment and at each redetermination of eligibility.



Attachment A – CoverKids Cost Sharing

<b>Benefit</b>	<b>Family Income Less Than 200% FPL</b>	<b>Family Income Between 200% and 250% FPL</b>
Annual Deductible	None	
Preexisting Condition Requirement	None	
Physician Office Visit	\$5 copay (primary care physician or specialist)	\$15 copay (primary care physician); \$20 copay (specialist)
Inpatient Care	\$5 per admission (waived if readmitted within 48 hours for same episode)	\$100 per admission (waived if readmitted within 48 hours for same episode)
Prescription Drug Copay	\$1 generic; \$3 preferred brand; \$5 non-preferred brand	\$5 generic; \$20 preferred brand; \$40 non-preferred brand
Maternity	No copay for prenatal visits or for hospital admission for the birth of a child	No copay for prenatal visits or for hospital admission for the birth of a child
Routine Health Assessment and Immunizations	No copays for services rendered under American Academy of Pediatrics guidelines	
Emergency Room	\$10 copay per use for non-emergency	\$50 copay per use for non-emergency
Chiropractic Care	\$5 copay (maintenance visits not covered when no additional progress is apparent or expected to occur)	\$15 copay (maintenance visits not covered when no additional progress is apparent or expected to occur)
Ambulance Service (air and ground)	No copay (100% of reasonable charges when deemed medically necessary by claims administrator)	
Lab and X-ray	No copay - 100% benefit	
Physical, Speech and Occupational Therapy	\$5 copay per visit (limit of 52 visits per year per type of therapy)	\$15 copay per visit (limit of 52 visits per year per type of therapy)
Inpatient Mental Health Treatment	\$5 copay per admission (waived if readmitted within 48 hours for same episode)	\$100 copay per admission (waived if readmitted within 48 hours for same episode)
Inpatient Substance Abuse Treatment	\$5 copay per admission (waived if readmitted within 48 hours for same episode)	\$100 copay per admission (waived if readmitted within 48 hours for same episode)
Outpatient Mental Health and Substance Treatment	\$5 copay per session	\$15 copay per session
Dental	\$5 copay per visit; no copay for routine preventive oral exam, x-rays, cleaning and fluoride application)	\$15 copay per visit; no copay for routine preventive oral exam, x-rays, cleaning and fluoride application
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Annual Benefit Maximum Per Child</li> </ul>	\$1,000	

Effective Date: 4/1/2016

Approval Date: 6/5/2017

Attachment A – CoverKids Cost Sharing - continued

Benefit	Family Income Less Than 200% FPL	Family Income Between 200% and 250% FPL
Orthodontic Services (as of July 1, 2010) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 12-month waiting period*</li> </ul>	\$5 copay	\$15 copay
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lifetime Maximum Per Child**</li> </ul>	\$1,250	
Vision Care	\$5 copay for prescription lenses and frames OR contact lenses; no copay for preventive annual exam and glaucoma testing	\$15 copay for prescription lenses and frames OR contact lenses; no copay for preventive annual exam and glaucoma testing
Annual Out-of-Pocket Maximums	5% of annual family income	

\*There is a 12-month waiting period before orthodontic benefits are paid.

\*\*The lifetime orthodontics maximum limit does not apply to the family annual out-of-pocket maximum.