

November 21, 2022

Michael Randol Medicaid Director Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services 111 North Sanders Room 301 Helena, MT 59620

Dear Mr. Randol:

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is approving Montana's "Waiver for Additional Services and Populations" section 1115 demonstration extension (Project Number 11-W-00181/8), in accordance with section 1115(a) of the Social Security Act ("the Act"). The demonstration will continue to provide expenditure authority for: 1) 12-month continuous eligibility and full state plan benefits, except retroactive eligibility, for the Waiver Mental Health Services Plan (WMHSP) population up to a limit of 3,000 beneficiaries, who have been diagnosed with a severe disabling mental illness (SDMI) of schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, major depression or another SDMI; and 2) dental treatment services above the \$1,125 state plan dental treatment cap to individuals determined categorically eligible for the aged, blind, and disabled (ABD) eligibility group, to which retroactive eligibility requirements will continue to apply. The state will maintain the authority to not provide retroactive eligibility for the WMHSP demonstration population, and will be required to evaluate the effects of this policy on beneficiary receipt of services and medical debt. This approval is effective through December 31, 2027, upon which date, unless extended or otherwise amended, all authorities granted to operate this demonstration will expire.

CMS's approval of this section 1115(a) demonstration is subject to the limitations specified in the attached expenditure authorities, special terms and conditions (STCs), and any supplemental attachments defining the nature, character, and extent of federal involvement in this project. The state may deviate from Medicaid state plan requirements only to the extent those requirements have been specifically listed as not applicable under the demonstration.

Budget Neutrality

Although there are no programmatic changes in this demonstration extension, CMS will now consider expenditures for the WMHSP demonstration eligibility group to be "hypothetical" for purposes of budget neutrality. Because these expenditures could be covered under the Medicaid state plan and thereby would be eligible to receive federal financial participation (FFP), CMS will effectively treat these expenditures as if they were approved in the Medicaid state plan for

purposes of the budget neutrality calculation. Hypothetical expenditures, therefore, will not necessitate savings to offset the authorized spending, nor will the state be able to generate "savings" from this expenditure authority.

Under section 1115(a) demonstrations, states can test innovative approaches to operating their Medicaid programs if CMS determines that the demonstration is likely to assist in promoting the objectives of the Medicaid statute. CMS has long required, as a condition of demonstration approval, that demonstrations be "budget neutral," meaning the federal costs of the state's Medicaid program with the demonstration cannot exceed what the federal government's Medicaid costs in that state likely would have been without the demonstration. In requiring demonstrations to be budget neutral, CMS is constantly striving to achieve a balance between its interest in preserving the fiscal integrity of the Medicaid program and its interest in facilitating state innovation through section 1115 approvals. In practice, budget neutrality generally means that the total computable (i.e., both state and federal) costs for approved demonstration expenditures are limited to a certain amount for the demonstration approval period. This limit is called the budget neutrality expenditure limit and is based on a projection of the Medicaid expenditures that could have occurred absent the demonstration (the "without waiver" (WOW) costs).

CMS is revising the approach to adjusting the budget neutrality calculation in the middle of a demonstration approval period. Historically, CMS has limited its review of state requests for "mid-course" budget neutrality adjustments to situations that necessitate a corrective action plan, in which projected expenditure data indicate a state is likely to exceed its budget neutrality expenditure limit. CMS has updated its approach to mid-course corrections in this demonstration approval to provide flexibility and stability for the state over the life of a demonstration. This update identifies, in the STCs, a list of circumstances under which a state's baseline may be adjusted based on actual expenditure data to accommodate circumstances that are either out of the state's control (e.g., expensive new drugs that the state is required to cover enter the market); and/or the effect is not a condition or consequence of the demonstration (e.g., unexpected costs due to a public health emergency); and/or the new expenditure (while not a new demonstrationcovered service or population that would require the state to propose an amendment to the demonstration) is likely to further strengthen access to care (e.g., a legislated increase in provider rates). CMS also explains in the STCs what data and other information the state should submit to support a potentially approvable request for an adjustment. CMS considers this a more rational, transparent, and standardized approach to permitting budget neutrality modifications during the course of a demonstration.

Monitoring and Evaluation

The demonstration's Interim Evaluation Report¹ highlighted overall increases in beneficiary access to care, as well as decreases in utilization of emergency departments and crisis stabilization facilities for beneficiaries with SDMI. At least 84 percent of surveyed beneficiaries with SDMI noted that they were satisfied with their ability to access mental health services and

¹ Montana Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and Populations (WASP) Demonstration Waiver: Interim Evaluation Report. June 2022. This report is currently under CMS review and will be publicly posted once approved by CMS.

the quality and appropriateness of care provided. However, the report also found a 3.3 percent decrease in the percentage of SDMI beneficiaries receiving community-based mental health services from 2019 to 2020, which potentially could be associated with the disruptions in health care in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. For the ABD population, there was a slight increase in the percent of beneficiaries receiving dental services, and nearly all beneficiaries remained under the maximum dental benefit threshold from March 2017 through February 2021.

As outlined in the demonstration extension STCs, the state will undertake systematic monitoring and a comprehensive evaluation of the various demonstration components, per applicable CMS guidance and technical assistance. In particular, the state must collect necessary data to accommodate CMS's evaluation expectations to rigorously assess the effects of the state's retroactive eligibility "not applicable" policy on beneficiaries and providers, for example, by examining outcomes such as likelihood of enrollment and enrollment continuity, health status, and financial status. The state must also continue to monitor demonstration components through Annual Monitoring Reports. Such monitoring will provide data to demonstrate how the state is progressing toward meeting the demonstration's goals, and must cover all key policies under this demonstration.

The state must develop an Evaluation Design for this demonstration extension period by incorporating well-crafted hypotheses, research questions, and analyses that support understanding the effects of the demonstration and its key policy components on beneficiary coverage, access to and quality of care, and health outcomes, including outcomes related to mental health and wellness. Evaluation of the continuous eligibility policy must focus on outcomes including coverage, enrollment and churn (i.e., temporary loss of coverage in which beneficiaries are disenrolled but then re-enroll within 12 months) as well as population-specific appropriate measures of service utilization and health outcomes. Hypotheses for the retroactive eligibility "not applicable" policy must include (but are not limited to) the following outcomes: likelihood of enrollment and enrollment continuity, health status, and medical debt. To evaluate the dental program, the state must develop hypotheses related, but not limited to: utilization of preventive dental care services and dental-related emergency department visits. To address these hypotheses and research questions, CMS underscores the importance of the state undertaking a well-designed beneficiary survey to assess, for instance, beneficiary understanding of the various demonstration policy components and beneficiary experiences with access to and quality of care.

The state is required to contract with an independent evaluator to conduct the demonstration's Interim and Summative Evaluation Reports, in alignment with the approved Evaluation Design, to assess whether the demonstration initiatives are effective in producing the desired outcomes for beneficiaries and the state's Medicaid program overall. Additionally, the state and CMS will work collaboratively so the state's demonstration monitoring and evaluation efforts accommodate data collection and analyses stratified by key subpopulations of interest—to the extent feasible—to inform a fuller understanding of existing disparities in access, utilization, and health outcomes, as well as how the demonstration might support the bridging of such inequities.

Consideration of Public Comments

To increase the transparency of demonstration projects, sections 1115(d)(1) and (2) of the Act direct the Secretary to issue regulations providing for two periods of public comment on a state's application for a section 1115 demonstration that would result in an impact on eligibility, enrollment, services, cost-sharing, or financing. The first comment period occurs at the state level before submission of the section 1115 application, and the second comment period occurs at the federal level after the application is received by the Secretary. As enacted by the Affordable Care Act (ACA), and incorporated under section 1115(d)(2)(A) and (C) of the Act, comment periods should be "sufficient to ensure a meaningful level of public input," but the statute imposes no additional requirement on the states or the Secretary to provide an individualized response to address those comments, as might otherwise be required under a general rulemaking. Accordingly, the implementing regulations issued in 2012 provide that CMS will review and consider all comments received by the deadline, but will not provide individualized written responses to public comments (42 CFR 431.416(d)(2)).

One comment was received during the federal public comment period which opened on July 14, 2022 and closed on August 13, 2022. The commenter was in favor of the Montana's request to extend their Section 1115 Demonstration and to provide twelve-month continuous eligibility for those with a SDMI. The commenter also opined that continuous eligibility for those with SDMI supports better quality measurement of the care received by the SDMI population annually and helps to establish consistent Medicaid eligibility and continuity of care for this vulnerable population.

After carefully reviewing the public comments submitted during the federal comment period, CMS has concluded that the demonstration is likely to assist in promoting the objectives of Medicaid.

Other Information

The award is subject to CMS receiving written acceptance of this award within 30 days of the date of this approval letter. Your project officer is Ms. Wanda Boone-Massey who is available to answer any questions concerning implementation of the state's section 1115(a) demonstration and her contact information is as follows:

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services Mail Stop S2-25-26 7500 Security Boulevard Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850 Email: wanda.boone-massey@cms.hhs.gov

We appreciate your state's commitment to improving the health of people in Montana, and we look forward to our continued partnership on the Montana Additional Services and Populations section 1115(a) demonstration. If you have any questions regarding this approval, please contact Ms. Judith Cash, Director, State Demonstrations Group, Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services, at (410) 786-9686.

Sincerely,



Daniel Tsai Deputy Administrator and Director

Enclosure

cc: Barbara Prehmus, State Monitoring Lead, Medicaid and CHIP Operations Group

CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY

NUMBER:11-W-00181/8TITLE:Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and PopulationsAWARDEE:Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services

Under the authority of section 1115(a)(2) of the Social Security Act (the Act), expenditures madeby the state for the items identified below, which are not otherwise included as expenditures under section 1903, shall, for the period of this demonstration extension, be regarded as expenditures under the state's Medicaid title XIX state plan. These expenditure authorities and the not applicables are effective January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2027.

The state shall claim expenditures for federal matching at the regular matching rate. The expenditure authorities listed below promote the objectives of title XIX of the Social Security Act by providing flexibility for Montana to extend coverage to certain low-income individuals, and provide twelve-month continuous eligibility period to individuals in the demonstration.

The following expenditure authorities shall enable Montana to implement this section 1115demonstration.

1. Expenditures for the Waiver Mental Health Services Plan Program (WMHSP)Population

Expenditures for coverage of health care services for no more than 3,000 individuals age 18 or older, not otherwise eligible for Medicaid who have been diagnosed with a severe disabling mental illness (SDMI) of schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, major depression, or another severe disabling mental illness, and either: 1) have income above 133 up to and including 150 percent of the FPL, or 2) are eligible for or enrolled in Medicare and have income at or below 133 percent of the FPL.

2. Expenditures for the Twelve-Month Continuous Eligibility Period Population

Expenditures for health care related costs for individuals initially determined eligible under the demonstration as WMHSP population, but who no longer meet the standards during some portion of a twelve-month continuous enrollment period.

3. Expenditures for Dental Services above the Dental Treatment Services Limit for theAged, Blind, and Disabled (ABD) Population

Expenditures for Montana to provide dental treatment services above the state plan dental treatment services annual limit of \$1,125 for beneficiaries determined categorically eligible as ABD.

MEDICAID REQUIREMENTS NOT APPLICABLE TO THE DEMONSTRATION ELIGIBLE POPULATION

All requirements of the Medicaid program expressed in statute, regulation and policy statement, not expressly waived in this list, shall apply to the demonstration project beginning as of January1, 2023, through December 31, 2027. In addition, these waivers may only be implemented consistent with the approved Special Terms and Conditions (STCs).

The following requirements of the demonstration will be applicable to those beneficiaries who are made eligible for services solely by virtue of the demonstration project, except those requirements specified below:

1. Reasonable Promptness (enrollment limit) Section 1902(a)(8)

To enable the state to maintain enrollment up to the designated enrollment limit for the WMHSP population. No waiver of reasonable promptness is authorized for the ABD population receivingdental services through this demonstration.

2. Retroactive Eligibility

Section 1902(a)(34)

To permit the state not to offer retroactive eligibility to WMHSP individuals. No waiver of retroactive eligibility is authorized for the ABD population receiving dental services through this demonstration.

<u>CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES</u> <u>SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS (STCs)</u>

NUMBER: 11-W-00181/8

TITLE: Montana Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and Populations

AWARDEE: Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services

I. PREFACE

The following are the special terms and conditions (STCs) for Montana's Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and Populations (hereinafter referred to as "demonstration") to enable Montana to operate this demonstration for the period of January 1, 2023, through December 31, 2027. The parties to this agreement are the Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services ("state") and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS"). CMS has granted a waiver of specific requirements under section 1902(a) of the Social Security Act (the Act). All requirements of the Medicaid and CHIP programs expressed in law, regulation and policy statement, not expressly waived or made not applicable in the list of Waivers and Expenditure authorities, shall apply to the demonstration project.

The STCs set forth in detail the nature, character, and extent of federal involvement in the demonstration and the state's obligations to CMS during the life of the demonstration. The STCs are effective as of the approval letter's date, unless otherwise specified. Amendment requests, correspondence, documents, reports, and other materials that are submitted for review or approval shall be directed to the CMS Central Office project officer and the Regional Office state representative at the addresses shown on the award letter. All previously approved STCs, waivers, and expenditure authorities are superseded by the STCs set forth below. The STCs are effective the date of approval through December 31, 2027.

The STCs have been arranged into the following subject areas:

- I. Preface
- II. Program Description and Objectives
- **III.** General Program Requirements
- IV. Eligibility and Benefits
- V. Continuous Eligibility
- VI. Enrollment
- VII. Cost Sharing
- VIII. Delivery Systems for WMHSP Enrollees
- IX. Monitoring and Reporting Requirements
- X. Evaluation of the Demonstration
- XI. General Financial Requirements Under Title XIX

Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and PopulationsDemonstration Approval Period: January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2027 Amended: XXXX XX, 2022 XII. Monitoring Budget Neutrality for The Demonstration XIII. Schedule of State Deliverables During the Demonstration Extension

Attachment A - Annual Report Format and Content Attachment B - Developing the Evaluation Design Attachment C - Preparing the Interim and Summative Evaluation Reports Attachment D - Approved Evaluation Design (reserved)

II. PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND OBJECTIVE

The Montana Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and Populations is a statewide section 1115 demonstration administered by the state. The demonstration began in 1996, under the authority of an 1115 welfare reform demonstration referred to as Families Achieving Independence in Montana (FAIM). Under FAIM, Montana provided for all mandatory Medicaid benefits and a limited collection of optional services to approximately 8,500 able-bodied adults (aged 21 through 64 and neither pregnant nor disabled), eligible under the state plan because they are parents and caretaker relatives of dependent children at or below the state standard of need (i.e., otherwise eligible for Medicaid under section 1925 or 1931 of the Social Security Act).

The FAIM welfare reform demonstration expired on January 31, 2004, and was replaced (without change) by a section 1115 Medicaid demonstration titled "Montana Basic Medicaid forAble-Bodied Adults," which was approved for the period of February 1, 2004, through January 31, 2009. The demonstration was continued through a series of Temporary Extensions through November 30, 2010.

On January 25, 2008, Montana proposed to renew the Basic Medicaid for Able-Bodied Adults demonstration for eligible parents and caretaker relative adults eligible under the state plan, and in subsequent communications proposed to use demonstration savings generated through the use of a limited service delivery network and the elimination of certain benefits to expand eligibility. On July 30, 2009, and August 13, 2010, the state submitted revised proposals to CMS. Under the revised proposals, demonstration savings are used to provide basic Medicaid coverage to up to 800 individuals, aged 18 through 64, with incomes at or below 150 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL), who have been diagnosed with a severe disabling mental illness (SDMI) of schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, or major depression, and who would not otherwise be eligible for Medicaid benefits. Prior to enrollment of the WMHSP population in the section 1115 demonstration, these individuals received a very limited mental health benefit through enrollment in a state-financed Mental Health Services Plan (MHSP).

On the basis of the state's July 30, 2009, and August 13, 2010, proposals, CMS approved the extension of the Basic Medicaid demonstration under authority of section 1115(a) of the Social Security Act (the Act). The demonstration was renewed for 3 years, from December 1, 2010, through December 31, 2013.

On October 31, 2013, Montana submitted a completed application for a renewal of the

Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and PopulationsDemonstration Approval Period: January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2027 Amended: XXXX XX, 2022 demonstration. The state proposed to extend its demonstration with some changes, which included increasing enrollment in the WMHSP from 800 to 2,000 individuals and covering home infusion services, which are services that were previously excluded under the benefits package in the demonstration. On November 8, 2013, the demonstration renewal was approved for 3 years, from January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2016.

On June 30, 2014, Montana submitted a formal amendment to increase enrollment in the WMHSP from 2,000 to 6,000 individuals. The amendment updated eligible diagnostic codes and add severe disabling mental illness (SDMI) diagnoses to the enrollment process, updated the per member per month cost, and updated the money for maintenance of effort amount. This amendment request was approved on December 16, 2014.

On July 19, 2016, CMS approved Montana's amendment request to reduce the enrollment cap from 6,000 to 3,000 and change the populations eligible for benefits only under the demonstration. The demonstration provides for coverage of health care services for no more than 3,000 individuals age 18 or older, not otherwise eligible for Medicaid who have been diagnosed with a SDMI of schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, major depression, or another SDMI, and at the time of their initial enrollment were receiving (or meet the qualifications to receive) a limited mental health services benefit package through enrollment in the state-financed MHSPP, and either: 1) have income above 133 up to and including 150 percent of the FPL, or 2) are eligible for or enrolled in Medicare and have income at or below 133 percent of the FPL. The demonstration provides 12 months of continuous eligibility for parents and caretaker relative adults initially determined eligible under the state plan based on modified adjusted gross income (MAGI). CMS's approval of this amendment reflects Montana's recent approval of Medicaid expansion, which began January 1, 2016.

On December 5, 2016, CMS approved Montana's third amendment request to change the name of the demonstration, from "Montana Basic Medicaid for Able-Bodied Adults" to the "Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and Populations," and provides dental treatment services above the state plan dental services annual limit of \$1,125 for beneficiaries determined categorically eligible as aged, blind, and disabled (ABD).

On December 15, 2017, CMS approved Montana's extension request to continue the demonstration for 5 years with no changes.

On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States issued a proclamation that the COVID-19 outbreak in the United States constitutes a national emergency by the authorities vested in him by the Constitution and the laws of the United States, including sections 201 and 301 of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), and consistent with section 1135 of the Social Security Act (Act) as amended (42 U.S.C. 1320b-5). This authority took effect as of 6:00 PM Eastern Standard Time on March 15, 2020, with a retroactive effective date of March 1, 2020. On March 18, 2020, the FFCRA was enacted. Section 6008 of the FFCRA offers a temporary Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) point increase through the last day of the calendar quarter in which

the COVID-19 public health emergency ends as long as the state adheres to the requirements of section 6008(b) of the FFCRA. Section 6008(b)(3) includes the requirement that states maintain the enrollment of beneficiaries who were enrolled in Medicaid as of or after March 18, 2020, through the end of the month in which the COVID-19 PHE ends.¹

On September 3, 2021, Montana submitted an amendment for the section 1115 demonstration titled, Montana Waiver for Additional Services and Populations (WASP) to remove expenditure authority for the 12-month continuous eligibility for all non-expansion Medicaid-covered individuals whose eligibility is based on MAGI. This amendment sunsets the parents and caretaker relatives (PCR) group from any coverage under WASP, as this was the only benefit they received under the demonstration. The state requested a retroactive approval effective July 1, 2021, as directed by Montana's 2021 Legislature. The state understands that it is required to maintain continuous enrollment of Medicaid beneficiaries during the COVID-19 PHE as a condition of receiving a temporary 6.2 percentage point FMAP increase under the FFCRA.

This amendment also seeks to remove cost sharing and copayments for demonstration enrollees, to align with the removal of cost sharing from the Montana Medicaid plan effective January 1, 2020. This will apply to WMHSP individuals (individuals previously covered under a State-funded program who had schizophrenia, severe depression, or bipolar disease) as well as the categorically eligible ABD individuals who receive expanded dental treatment services through the WASP waiver.

While the state requested approval on July 1, 2021, in order to comply with section 6008(b)(3) of the FFCRA and section 1902(a)(4) and (a)(19) of the Social Security Act, the approval for the authority to discontinue continuous eligibility for parents and caretaker relatives may not be implemented until the end of the continuous enrollment requirements, on the first day of the first calendar quarter after the end of the COVID-19 PHE or until the state is no longer claiming enhanced FMAP under 6008(a) of the FFCRA.

On June 30, 2022, Montana submitted a request to extend the WASP demonstration for 5 years. CMS approved Montana's extension request on October 31, 2022, to continue the demonstration for 5 years without programmatic changes. The demonstration will continue to provide authority for: 1) 12-month continuous eligibility and full state plan benefits, except retroactive eligibility, for the SDMI population; and 2) dental treatment services above the \$1,125 state plan dental treatment cap to individuals determined categorically eligible for the ABD eligibility groups.

III. GENERAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

1. Compliance with Federal Non-Discrimination Statutes. The state must comply with

¹ <u>https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-42/chapter-IV/subchapter-C/part-433/subpart-G/section-433.400</u> <u>https://www.medicaid.gov/state-resource-center/downloads/covid-19-faqs.pdf</u>

Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and PopulationsDemonstration Approval Period: January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2027 Amended: XXXX XX, 2022

all applicable federal statutes relating to non-discrimination. These include, but are not limited to, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504), and the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and section 1557 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Section 1557).

- 2. Compliance with Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) Law, Regulation, and Policy. All requirements of the Medicaid and CHIP programs expressed in law, regulation, and policy statement not expressly waived or identified as not applicable in the waiver and expenditure authority documents (of which these terms and conditions are part), apply to the demonstration.
- 3. Changes in Medicaid and CHIP Law, Regulation, and Policy. The state must, within the timeframes specified in federal law, regulation, or policy affecting the Medicaid or CHIP programs that occur during this demonstration approval period, unless the provision being changed is expressly waived or identified as not applicable. In addition, CMS reserves the right to amend the STCs to reflect such changes and/or changes as needed without requiring the state to submit an amendment to the demonstration under STC 7. CMS will notify the state 30 business days in advance of the expected approval date of the amended STCs to allow the state to provide comment. Changes will be considered in force upon issuance of the approval letter by CMS. The state must accept the changes in writing.

4. Impact on Demonstration of Changes in Federal Law, Regulation, and Policy.

- a. To the extent that a change in federal law, regulation, or policy requires either a reduction or an increase in federal financial participation (FFP) for expenditures made under this demonstration, the state must adopt, subject to CMS approval, a modified budget neutrality agreement as necessary to comply with such change, as well as a modified allotment neutrality worksheet as necessary to comply with such change. The trend rates for the budget neutrality agreement are not subject to change under this subparagraph. Further, the state may seek an amendment to the demonstration (as per STC 7) as a result of the change in FFP.
- b. If mandated changes in the federal law require state legislation, unless otherwise prescribed by the terms of the federal law, the changes must take effect on the earlier of the day such state legislation becomes effective, or on the last day such legislation was required to be in effect under the law, whichever is sooner.
- 5. **State Plan Amendments.** The state will not be required to submit title XIX or XXI state plan amendments (SPAs) for changes affecting any populations made eligible solely through the demonstration. If a population eligible through the Medicaid or CHIP state plan is affected by a change to the demonstration, a conforming amendment to the appropriate state plan is required, except as otherwise noted in these STCs. In all such cases, the Medicaid and CHIP state plans govern.

- 6. **Changes Subject to the Amendment Process.** Changes related to eligibility, enrollment, benefits, beneficiary rights, delivery systems, cost sharing, sources of non-federal share of funding, budget neutrality, and other comparable program elements must be submitted to CMS as amendments to the demonstration. All amendment requests are subject to approval at the discretion of the Secretary in accordance with section 1115 of the Act. The state must not implement changes to these elements without prior approval by CMS either through an approved amendment to the Medicaid or CHIP state plan or amendment to the demonstration. Amendments to the demonstration are not retroactive and no FFP of any kind, including for administrative or medical assistance expenditures, will be available under changes to the demonstration that have not been approved through the amendment process set forth in STC 7 below, except as provided in STC 3.
- 7. Amendment Process. Requests to amend the demonstration must be submitted to CMS prior to the planned date of implementation of the change and may not be implemented until approved. CMS reserves the right to deny or delay approval of a demonstration amendment based on non-compliance with these STCs, including but not limited to the failure by the state to submit required elements of a complete amendment request as described in this STC, and failure by the state to submit required reports and other deliverables according to the deadlines specified therein. Amendment requests must include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. An explanation of the public process used by the state, consistent with the requirements of STC 12. Such explanation must include a summary of any public feedback received and identification of how this feedback was addressed by the state in the final amendment request submitted to CMS;
 - b. A detailed description of the amendment, including impact on beneficiaries, with sufficient supporting documentation;
 - c. A data analysis which identifies the specific "with waiver" impact of the proposed amendment on the current budget neutrality agreement. Such analysis must include current total computable "with waiver" and "without waiver" status on both a summary and detailed level through the current approval period using the most recent actual expenditures, as well as summary and detailed projections of the change in the "with waiver" expenditure total as a result of the proposed amendment, which isolates (by Eligibility Group) the impact of the amendment;
 - d. An up-to-date CHIP allotment worksheet, if necessary;
 - e. The state must provide updates to existing demonstration reporting and quality and evaluation plans. This includes a description of how the evaluation design and annual progress reports will be modified to incorporate the amendment provisions, as well as the oversight, monitoring and measurement of the provisions.
- 8. **Extension of the Demonstration.** States that intend to request an extension of the demonstration must submit an application to CMS from the Governor or Chief Executive

Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and PopulationsDemonstration Approval Period: January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2027 Amended: XXXX XX, 2022 Officer of the state in accordance with the requirements of 442 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 431.412(c). States that do not intend to request an extension of the demonstration beyond the period authorized in these STCs must submit phase-out plan consistent with the requirements of STC 9.

- 9. **Demonstration Phase-Out.** The state may only suspend or terminate this demonstration in whole, or in part, consistent with the following requirements.
 - a. Notification of Suspension or Termination. The state must promptly notify CMS in writing of the reason(s) for the suspension or termination, together with the effective date and a transition and phase-out plan. The state must submit a notification letter and a draft transition and phase-out plan to CMS no less than 6 months before the effective date of the demonstration's suspension or termination. Prior to submitting the draft transition and phase-out plan to CMS, the state must publish on its website the draft transition and phase-out plan for a 30 day public comment period. In addition, the state must conduct tribal consultation in accordance with STC 12, if applicable. Once the 30 day public comment period has ended, the state must provide a summary of the issues raised by the public during the comment period and how the state considered the comments received when developing the revised transition and phase-out plan.
 - b. **Transition and Phase-out Plan Requirements.** The state must include, at a minimum, in its phase-out plan the process by which it will notify affected beneficiaries, the content of said notices (including information on the beneficiary's appeal rights), the process by which the state will conduct redeterminations of Medicaid or CHIP eligibility prior to the termination of the demonstration for the affected beneficiaries, and ensure ongoing coverage for eligible beneficiaries, as well as any community outreach activities the state will undertake to notify affected beneficiaries, including community resources that are available.
 - c. **Transition and Phase-out Plan Approval**. The state must obtain CMS approval of the transition and phase-out plan prior to the implementation of transition and phase-out activities. Implementation of transition and phase-out activities must be no sooner than 14 calendar days after CMS approval of the transition and phase-out plan.
 - d. **Transition and Phase-out Procedures.** The state must redetermine eligibility for all affected beneficiaries in order to determine if they qualify for Medicaid eligibility under a different eligibility category prior to termination as required under 42 CFR 435.916(f)(1). For individuals determined ineligible for Medicaid or CHIP, the state must determine potential eligibility for other insurance affordability programs and comply with the procedures set forth in 42 CFR 435.1200(e) and 457.350. The state must also comply with all applicable notice requirements found in 42 CFR, part 431 subpart E, including sections 431.206, 431.210 and 431.213. In addition, the state must assure all applicable appeal and hearing rights are afforded to beneficiaries in the demonstration as outlined in 42 CFR, part 431 subpart E, including sections 431.220 and 431.221. If a beneficiary in the demonstration requests a hearing before the date of action, the state must maintain benefits as required in 42 CFR §431.230.

- e. Exemption from Public Notice Procedures 42 CFR Section 431.416(g). CMS may expedite the federal and state public notice requirements under circumstances described in 42 CFR 431.416(g).
- f. Enrollment Limitation during Demonstration Phase-Out. If the state elects to suspend, terminate, or not extend this demonstration, during the last 6 months of the demonstration, enrollment of new individuals into the demonstration must be suspended. The limitation of enrollment into the demonstration does not impact the state's obligation to determine Medicaid eligibility in accordance with the approved Medicaid state plan.
- g. **Federal Financial Participation (FFP).** If the project is terminated or any relevant waivers are suspended by the state, FFP must be limited to normal closeout costs associated with the termination or expiration of the demonstration including services, continued benefits as a result of beneficiaries' appeals, and administrative costs of disenrolling beneficiaries.
- 10. Withdrawal of Waiver or Expenditure Authority. CMS reserves the right to withdraw waivers and/or expenditure authorities at any time it determines that continuing the waiver or expenditure authorities would no longer be in the public interest or promote the objectives of title XIX and title XXI. CMS will promptly notify the state in writing of the determination and the reasons for the withdrawal, together with the effective date, and afford the state an opportunity to request a hearing to challenge CMS' determination prior to the effective date. If a waiver or expenditure authority is withdrawn, FFP is limited to normal closeout costs associated with terminating the waiver or expenditure authority, including services, continued benefits as a result of beneficiary appeals, and administrative costs of disenrolling beneficiaries.
- 11. Adequacy of Infrastructure. The state will ensure the availability of adequate resources for implementation and monitoring of the demonstration, including education, outreach, and enrollment; maintaining eligibility systems; compliance with cost sharing requirements; and reporting on financial and other demonstration components.
- 12. Public Notice, Tribal Consultation, and Consultation with Interested Parties. The state must comply with the state notice procedures as required in 42 CFR section 431.408 prior to submitting an application to extend the demonstration. For applications to amend the demonstration, the state must comply with the state notice procedures set forth in 59 Fed. Reg. 49249 (September 27, 1994) prior to submitting such request. The state must also comply with the Public Notice Procedures set forth in 42 CFR 447.205 for changes in statewide methods and standards for setting payment rates.
- 13. The state must also comply with tribal and Indian Health Program/Urban Indian Organization consultation requirements at section 1902(a)(73) of the Act, 42 CFR 431.408(b), State Medicaid Director Letter #01-024, or as contained in the state's approved Medicaid State Plan, when any program changes to the demonstration, either through amendment as set out in STC 7 or extension, are proposed by the state.

- 14. **Federal Financial Participation (FFP).** No federal matching funds for expenditures for this demonstration, including for administrative and medical assistance expenditures, will be available until the effective date identified in the demonstration approval letter, or if later, as expressly stated within these STCs.
- 15. Administrative Authority. When there are multiple entities involved in the administration of the demonstration, the Single State Medicaid Agency must maintain authority, accountability, and oversight of the program. The State Medicaid Agency must exercise oversight of all delegated functions to operating agencies, MCOs, and any other contracted entities. The Single State Medicaid Agency is responsible for the content and oversight of the quality strategies for the demonstration.
- 16. Common Rule Exemption. The state must ensure that the only involvement of human subjects in research activities that may be authorized and/or required by this demonstration is for projects which are conducted by or subject to the approval of CMS, and that are designed to study, evaluate, or otherwise examine the Medicaid or CHIP program including public benefit or service programs, procedures for obtaining Medicaid or CHIP benefits or services, possible changes in or alternatives to Medicaid or CHIP programs and procedures, or possible changes in methods or levels of payment for Medicaid benefits or services. CMS has determined that this demonstration as represented in these approved STCs meets the requirements for exemption from the human subject research provisions of the Common Rule set forth in 45 CFR 46.104(d)(5).

IV. ELIGIBILITY AND BENEFITS

- 17. Use of Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) Based Methodologies for Demonstration Groups. For individuals eligible for continuous eligibility or the Waiver Mental Health Services Plan (WMHSP) only under the demonstration, financial eligibility is determined using modified adjusted gross income (MAGI), and otherwise applicable non-financial standards that would be applicable for state plan populations apply, except as expressly inconsistent with the demonstration eligibility criteria.
- 18. **Demonstration Eligible Populatio**n. Individuals eligible under the demonstration are:

a. Waiver Mental Health Services Plan beneficiaries who, at the beginning of a 12-month period of enrollment (subject to paragraph V), have been diagnosed with a SDMI, are age18 and older, who at the time of their enrollment meet the financial and clinical eligibility criteria for the MHSP, but are otherwise ineligible for Medicaid benefits by either:

i. Having income above 133 up to and including 150 percent of the FPL; or

- ii. Having an income up to and including 133 percent of the FPL, while being eligible for or enrolled in Medicare; and
- 19. **Continuous Eligibility Funding.** Continuous eligibility population funding will be matched at the regular Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) rate, and expenditures within the agreed upon per member per month limit for parents and caretaker relatives receiving continuous eligibility in the demonstration will not count against the state's accumulated savings for budget neutrality.

b. Aged, Blind, Disabled beneficiaries to provide dental treatment services limitation above the state plan dental services cap of \$1,125.

- 20. **Benefits for WMHSP Enrollees.** All individuals enrolled in the demonstration will receive all Medicaid state plan services. This coverage is considered Minimal Essential Coverage (MEC).
- 21. **Dental Benefit for Aged, Blind, and Disabled Enrollees.** All individuals enrolled in the state plan aged, blind, and disabled population will receive dental treatment services without limitation above the state plan dental services cap of \$1,125.
- 22. **Cost-Effective Insurance.** When a demonstration individual has access to costeffective health coverage through a cost-effective group health plan, the state may obtain benefits for the individual by providing premium assistance to the individual for this purpose in accord with the state plan for the provision of alternative cost-effective coverage authorized for state plan eligible populations under section 1906 of the Act.

V. CONTINUOUS ELIGIBILITY

- 23. **Duration.** The state is authorized to provide a 12-month continuous eligibility period for individuals who qualify for or are enrolled in WMHSP, under the demonstration. The continuous eligibility period begins on the effective date of the individual's eligibility under 42 CFR §435.915 or the effective date of the most recent renewal of eligibility. Given individuals are continuously eligible regardless of changes in circumstances, except as otherwise listed in section 3, the state will conduct renewals of eligibility consistent with 42 CFR §435.916 at the end of each individual's continuous eligibility period.
- 24. **Continuous Eligibility Exceptions.** If any of the following circumstances occur during an individual's 12-month continuous eligibility period, the individual's Medicaid eligibility shall, after appropriate process, be terminated:
 - a. The individual is no longer a Montana resident.
 - b. The individual requests termination of eligibility voluntarily.

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- c. The individual dies.
- d. The agency determines that eligibility was erroneously granted at the most recent determination, redetermination or renewal of eligibility because of agency error or fraud, abuse, or perjury attributed to the beneficiary or the beneficiary's representative.

VI. ENROLLMENT

25. General Requirements

- a. Unless otherwise specified in these STCs, all processes for eligibility, enrollment, redeterminations, terminations, fair hearings, etc. must comply with federal law and regulations governing Medicaid and CHIP.
- b. Any individual who is denied eligibility in any health coverage program authorized under this demonstration must receive a notice from the state that gives the reason for denial, and includes information about the individual's right to a fair hearing, consistent with the requirements at 42 CFR part 431 subpart E and 42 CFR 435.917.
- c. There is no separate enrollment process required for individuals enrolled in the state plan aged, blind, and disabled population to receive dental services through this demonstration.
- 26. **Imposing WMHSP Waiver Enrollment Limit and Lifting Enrollment Limit.** The state will facilitate enrollment of up to 3,000 eligible individuals into the WMHSP demonstration population. With 30 days prior notice, the state may impose an enrollment limit upon the WMHSP demonstration population of less than 3,000 in order to phase in enrollment and remain under the budget neutrality limit/ceiling for expenditures established for the demonstration. The state must submit an amendment to this demonstration in order to increase WMHSP enrollment above 3,000 slots.
- 27. **Prioritization for WMHSP Enrollment.** The state will enroll individuals into the WMHSP program using the following process:
 - a. The individual meets the financial and clinical eligibility criteria established for the WMHSP program.
 - b. Priority of WMHSP enrolled individuals being moved into the WMHSP demonstration population will be based upon a current SDMI primary diagnosis of schizophrenia spectrum disorder. At the state's discretion, available slots in the demonstration will then be open to eligible individuals with a SDMI bipolar disorder type. The state may then open enrollment of any remaining slots to individuals with a diagnosis of a SDMI major depression type. The state may then open enrollment of any remaining slots

to individuals with a SDMI diagnosis outside of these three groups.

- c. The state uses a computer based random drawing to select the individuals (based on priority of diagnosis established in subparagraph b) to fill the available statewide slots.
- 28. Enrollment into Primary Care Case Management (PCCM) or Primary Care Case Management entity (PCCM entity). The state may enroll demonstration eligibles into PCCMs and PCCM entities. By cross-reference, the enrollment, benefits, and cost sharing in the associated CMS-approved state plan in place in these STCs will apply to this demonstration.

VII. COST-SHARING

29. **Cost-sharing.** Cost sharing imposed upon individuals enrolled in the demonstration is consistent with the provisions of the approved state plan.

VIII. DELIVERY SYSTEMS FOR WMHSP ENROLLEES

- 30. Freedom of Choice of Health Care Providers. Individuals enrolled in the demonstration:
 - a. May also be enrolled in the PCCM or PCCM entity which are Montana Medicaid's primary care case management programs. Under the PCCM programs, Medicaid members are required to choose one primary care provider and develop an ongoing relationship that provides a "medical home." With some exceptions, all services to PCCM and PCCM entity enrollees must be provided or approved by the individual's primary care provider.
- 31. **Delivery System of a Cost-Effective Insurance Plan.** Demonstration-enrolled individuals receiving services through a cost-effective insurance plan will receive plan covered services through the delivery systems provided by their respective insurance plan and additional services as necessary to ensure access to the full benefit package otherwise available. All additional services may be obtained from any physical or behavioral health provider participating with the Montana Medicaid program.
- 32. **Dental Services.** This demonstration does not impact the delivery system of dental services for individuals enrolled in the state plan aged, blind, and disabled population who receive dental services through this demonstration.

IX. MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

33. **Deferral for Failure to Submit Timely Demonstration Deliverables.** CMS may issue deferrals in accordance with 42 CFR part 430 subpart C, in the amount of \$5,000,000 per deliverable (federal share) when items required by these STCs (e.g., required data elements, analyses, reports, design documents, presentations, and other items specified in these STCs) (hereafter singly or collectively referred to as "deliverable(s)") are not submitted timely to CMS or are found to not be consistent with the requirements approved by CMS. A deferral shall not exceed the value of the federal amount for the current demonstration period. The state does not relinquish its rights provided under 42 CFR part 430 subpart C to challenge any CMS finding that the state materially failed to comply with the terms of this agreement.

The following process will be used: 1) 30 calendar days after the deliverable was due if the state has not submitted a written request to CMS for approval of an extension as described in subsection (b) below; or 2) 30 calendar days after CMS has notified the state in writing that the deliverable was not accepted for being inconsistent with the requirements of this agreement and the information needed to bring the deliverable into alignment with CMS requirements:

- a. CMS will issue a written notification to the state providing advance notification of a pending deferral for late or non-compliant submissions of required deliverables.
- b. For each deliverable, the state may submit to CMS a written request for an extension to submit the required deliverable. The extension request must explain the reason why the required deliverable was not submitted, the steps the state has taken to address such issue, and the state's anticipated date of submission. Should CMS agree in writing to the state's request, a corresponding extension of the deferral process described below can be provided. CMS may agree to a corrective action plan as an interim step before applying the deferral, if corrective action is proposed in the state's written extension request.
- c. If CMS agrees to an interim corrective plan in accordance with subsection (b), and the state fails to comply with the corrective action plan or, despite the corrective action plan, still fails to submit the overdue deliverable(s) that meets the terms of this agreement, CMS may proceed with the issuance of a deferral against the next Quarterly Statement of Expenditures reported in Medicaid Budget and Expenditure System/State Children's Health Insurance Program Budget and Expenditure System (MBES/CBES) following a written deferral notification to the state.
- d. If the CMS deferral process has been initiated for state non-compliance with the terms of this agreement with respect to required deliverable(s), and the state submits the overdue deliverable(s), and such deliverable(s) are accepted by CMS as meeting the requirements specified in these STCs, the deferral(s)

will be released.

As the purpose of a section 1115 demonstration is to test new methods of operation or service delivery, a state's failure to submit all required reports, evaluations and other deliverables will be considered by CMS in reviewing any application for an extension, amendment, or for a new demonstration.

- 34. **Submission of Post-approval Deliverables.** The state must submit all required analyses, reports, design documents, presentations, and other items specified in these STCs ("deliverables"). The state must use the processes as stipulated by CMS and within the timeframes outlined within these STCs.
- 35. **Compliance with Federal Systems Updates.** As federal systems continue to evolve and incorporate 1115 demonstration reporting and analytics functions, the state will work with CMS to:
 - a. Revise the reporting templates and submission processes to accommodate timelycompliance with the requirements of the new systems;
 - b. Ensure all 1115, T-MSIS, and other data elements that have been agreed to for reporting and analytics are provided by the state; and
 - c. Submit deliverables to the appropriate system as directed by CMS.
- 36. **Monitoring Reports.** The state must submit one Annual Monitoring Report each DY. The Annual Monitoring Report is due no later than 90 calendar days following the end of the DY. The state must submit a revised Monitoring Report within 60 calendar days after receipt of CMS's comments, if any. The reports will include all required elements as per 42 CFR 431.428, and should not direct readers to links outside the report. Additional links not referenced in the document may be listed in a Reference/Bibliography section. The Annual Monitoring Reports must follow the framework provided by CMS, which is subject to change as monitoring systems are developed/evolve, and be provided in a structured manner that supports federal tracking and analysis.
 - a. <u>Operational Updates.</u> Per 42 CFR 431.428, the Monitoring Reports must document any policy or administrative difficulties in operating the demonstration. The reports must provide sufficient information to document key operational and other challenges, underlying causes of challenges, and how challenges are being addressed, as well as key achievements and to what conditions and efforts successes can be attributed. The discussion should also include any issues or complaints identified by beneficiaries; lawsuits or legal actions; unusual or unanticipated trends; legislative updates; and descriptions of any public forums held. In addition, Monitoring Reports should also include a summary of all public comments received through post-award public forums regarding the progress of the demonstration.

- b. <u>Performance Metrics.</u> Per applicable CMS guidance and technical assistance, the performance metrics will provide data to support tracking the state's progress towards meeting the demonstration's annual goals and overall targets, and will cover key policies under this demonstration. The monitoring and performance metrics must be included in the Monitoring Reports, and will follow as applicable the framework provided by CMS to support federal tracking and analysis.
- c. <u>Budget Neutrality and Financial Reporting Requirements.</u> Per 42 CFR 431.428, the Monitoring Reports must document the financial performance of the demonstration. The state must provide an updated budget neutrality workbook with every Monitoring Report that meets all the reporting requirements for monitoring budget neutrality set forth in the General Financial Requirements section of these STCs, including the submission of corrected budget neutrality data upon request. In addition, the state must report annual expenditures associated with the populations affected by this demonstration on the Form CMS-64. Administrative costs should be reported separately on the CMS-64.
- d. <u>Evaluation Activities and Interim Findings</u>. Per 42 CFR 431.428, the Monitoring Reports must document any results of the demonstration to date per the evaluation hypotheses. Additionally, the state shall include a summary of the progress of evaluation activities, including key milestones accomplished, as well as challenges encountered and how they were addressed.
- 37. Corrective Action Plan Related to Monitoring. If monitoring indicates that demonstration features are not likely to assist in promoting the objectives of Medicaid, CMS reserves the right to require the state to submit a corrective action plan to CMS for approval. This may be an interim step to withdrawing waivers or expenditure authorities, as outlined in STC 11. CMS will withdraw an authority, as described in STC 11, when metrics indicate substantial and sustained directional change inconsistent with the state's demonstration goals, and the state has not implemented corrective action. CMS further has the ability to suspend implementation of the demonstration should corrective actions not effectively resolve these concerns in a timely manner.
- 38. **Close-Out Report**. Within 120 calendar days after the expiration of the demonstration, the state must submit a draft Close-Out Report to CMS for comments.
 - a. The Close-Out Report must comply with the most current guidance from CMS.
 - b. In consultation with CMS, and per guidance from CMS, the state will include an evaluation of the demonstration (or demonstration components) that are to

phase out or expire without extension along with the Close-Out Report. Depending on the timeline of the phase-out during the demonstration approval period, in agreement with CMS, the evaluation requirement may be satisfied through the Interim and/or Summative Evaluation Reports stipulated in STCs 46 and 47, respectively.

- c. The state will present to and participate in a discussion with CMS on the Close-Out Report.
- d. The state must take into consideration CMS's comments for incorporation into the final Close-Out Report.
- e. The final Close-Out Report is due to CMS no later than 30 calendar days after receipt of CMS's comments, if any.
- f. A delay in submitting the draft or final version of the Close-Out Report may subject the state to penalties described in STC 32.
- 39. Monitoring Calls. CMS will convene periodic conference calls with the state.
 - a. The purpose of these calls is to discuss ongoing demonstration operation, to include (but not limited to) any significant actual or anticipated developments affecting the demonstration. Examples include implementation activities, trends in reported data on metrics and associated mid-course adjustments, enrollment and access, budget neutrality, and progress on evaluation activities.
 - b. CMS will provide updates on any pending actions, as well as federal policies and issues that may affect any aspect of the demonstration.
 - c. The state and CMS will jointly develop the agenda for the calls.
- 40. **Post Award Forum.** Pursuant to 42 CFR 431.420(c), within 6 months of the demonstration's implementation, and annually thereafter, the state must afford the public with an opportunity to provide meaningful comment on the progress of the demonstration. At least 30 calendar days prior to the date of the planned public forum, the state must publish the date, time and location of the forum in a prominent location on its website. The state must also post the most recent Annual Monitoring Report on its website with the public forum announcement. Pursuant to 42 CFR 431.420(c), the state must include a summary of the comments in the Annual Monitoring Report associated with the year in which the forum was held.

XI. EVALUATION OF THE DEMONSTRATION

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- 41. **Cooperation with Federal Evaluators.** As required under 42 CFR 431.420(f), the state must cooperate fully and timely with CMS and its contractors in any federal evaluation of the demonstration or any component of the demonstration. This includes, but is not limited to, commenting on design and other federal evaluation documents and providing data and analytic files to CMS, including entering into a data use agreement that explains how the data and data files will be exchanged, and providing a technical point of contact to support specification of the data and files to be disclosed, as well as relevant data dictionaries and record layouts. The state must include in its contracts with entities who collect, produce or maintain data and files for the demonstration, that they will make such data available for the federal evaluation as is required under 42 CFR 431.420(f) to support federal evaluation. The state may claim administrative match for these activities. Failure to comply with this STC may result in a deferral being issued as outlined in STC 32.
- 42. **Independent Evaluator.** The state must use an independent party to conduct an evaluation of the demonstration to ensure that the necessary data is collected at the level of detail needed to research the approved hypotheses. The independent party must sign an agreement to conduct the demonstration evaluation in an independent manner in accordance with the CMS-approved Evaluation Design. When conducting analyses and developing the evaluation reports, every effort should be made to follow the approved methodology. However, the state may request, and CMS may agree to, changes in the methodology in appropriate circumstances.
- 43. **Draft Evaluation Design.** The state must submit, for CMS comment and approval, a draft Evaluation Design, no later than 180 calendar days after approval of the demonstration. The Evaluation Design must be drafted in accordance with Attachment B (Developing the Evaluation Design) of these STCs and any applicable CMS evaluation guidance and technical assistance for the demonstration's policy components. The Evaluation Design must also be developed in alignment with CMS guidance on applying robust evaluation approaches, as applicable.

The state is strongly encouraged to use the expertise of the independent party in the development of the draft Evaluation Design. The draft Evaluation Design also must include a timeline for key evaluation activities, including the deliverables outlined in STCs 46 and 47.

For any amendment to the demonstration, the state will be required to update the approved Evaluation Design to accommodate the amendment component. The amended Evaluation Design must be submitted to CMS for review no later than 180 calendar days after CMS's approval of the demonstration amendment. Depending on the scope and timing of the amendment, in consultation with CMS, the state may provide the details on necessary modifications to the approved

Evaluation Design via the monitoring reports. The amendment Evaluation Design must also be reflected in the state's Interim (as applicable) and Summative Evaluation Reports, described below.

- 44. Evaluation Design Approval and Updates. The state must submit the revised draft Evaluation Design within 60 calendar days after receipt of CMS's comments, if any. Upon CMS's approval of the draft Evaluation Design, the document will be included as an attachment to these STCs. Per 42 CFR 431.424(c), the state will publish the approved Evaluation Design to the state's website within 30 days of CMS approval. The state must implement the Evaluation Design and submit a description of its evaluation implementation progress in each of the Annual Monitoring Reports. Once CMS approves the Evaluation Design, if the state wishes to make changes, the state must submit a revised Evaluation Design to CMS for approval if the changes are substantial in scope; otherwise, in consultation with CMS, the state may include updates to the Evaluation Design in monitoring reports.
- 45. Evaluation Questions and Hypotheses. Consistent with Attachments B and C (Developing the Evaluation Design and Preparing the Interim and Summative Evaluation Report) of these STCs, the evaluation deliverables must include a discussion of the evaluation questions and hypotheses that the state intends to test. The evaluation must outline and address well-crafted hypotheses and research questions for all key demonstration policy components that support understanding the demonstration's impact and its effectiveness in achieving the demonstration's goals. For example, to evaluate continuous eligibility, the state should evaluate how the continuous eligibility policy affects coverage, enrollment and churn (i.e., temporary loss of coverage in which beneficiaries are disenrolled but then re-enroll within 12 months) as well as population-specific appropriate measures of service utilization and health outcomes. Hypotheses for the waiver of retroactive eligibility must include (but are not limited to) the following outcomes: likelihood of enrollment and enrollment continuity, enrollment when people are healthy, and medical debt. To evaluate the dental program, the state should develop hypotheses related, but not limited to: utilization of preventive dental care services and dental-related emergency department visits. To address these hypotheses and research questions, CMS underscores the importance of the state undertaking a well-designed beneficiary survey to assess, for instance, beneficiary understanding of the various demonstration policy components, beneficiary experiences with access to and quality of care.

The hypothesis testing should include, where possible, assessment of both process and outcome measures. Proposed measures should be selected from nationallyrecognized sources and national measures sets, where possible. Measures sets could include CMS's Core Set of Health Care Quality Measures for Children in Medicaid and CHIP, Consumer Assessment of Health Care Providers and Systems (CAHPS), the Initial Core Set of Health Care Quality Measures for Medicaid-Eligible Adults, and/or measures endorsed by National Quality Forum (NQF). Furthermore, the evaluation must accommodate data collection and analyses stratified by key subpopulations of interest (e.g., by sex, age, race/ethnicity, and geography)—to the extent feasible—to inform a fuller understanding of existing disparities in access and health outcomes, and how the demonstration's various policies might support bridging any such inequities.

- 46. **Evaluation Budget**. A budget for the evaluations must be provided with the draft Evaluation Design. It will include the total estimated cost, as well as a breakdown of estimated staff, administrative and other costs for all aspects of the evaluations such as any survey and measurement development, quantitative and qualitative data collection and cleaning, analyses and report generation. A justification of the costs may be required by CMS if the estimates provided do not appear to sufficiently cover the costs of the design or if CMS finds that the designs are not sufficiently developed, or if the estimates appear to be excessive.
- 47. **Interim Evaluation Report.** The state must submit an Interim Evaluation Report for the completed years of the demonstration, and for each subsequent extension of the demonstration, as outlined in 42 CFR 431.412(c)(2)(vi). When submitting an application for extension, the Interim Evaluation Report should be posted to the state's website with the application for public comment.
 - a. The Interim Evaluation Report will discuss evaluation progress and present findings to date as per the approved Evaluation Design.
 - b. For demonstration authority or any components within the demonstration that expire prior to the overall demonstration's expiration date, and depending on the timeline of expiration / phase-out, the Interim Evaluation Report may include an evaluation of the authority, to be collaboratively determined by CMS and the state.
 - c. If the state is seeking to extend the demonstration, the draft Interim Evaluation Report is due when the application for extension is submitted, or 1 year prior to the end of the demonstration, whichever is sooner. If the state is not requesting an extension to the demonstration, an Interim Evaluation Report is due 1 year prior to the end of the demonstration.
 - d. The state must submit a revised Interim Evaluation Report 60 calendar days after receiving CMS's comments on the draft Interim Evaluation Report, if any. Once approved by CMS, the state must post the final Interim Evaluation Report to the state's Medicaid website within 30 calendar days.
 - e. The Interim Evaluation Report must comply with Attachment B (Preparing the Interim and Summative Evaluation Report) of these STCs.
- 48. Summative Evaluation Report. The state must submit a draft Summative

Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and PopulationsDemonstration Approval Period: January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2027 Amended: XXXX XX, 2022 Evaluation Report for the demonstration's current approval period within 18 months of the end of the approval period represented by these STCs. The draft Summative Evaluation Report must be developed in accordance with Attachment C (Preparing the Interim and Summative Evaluation Report) of these STCs, and in alignment with the approved Evaluation Design.

- a. The state must submit a revised Summative Evaluation Report within 60 calendar days of receiving comments from CMS on the draft.
- b. The state must post the final Summative Evaluation Report to the state's Medicaid website within 30 calendar days of approval by CMS.
- 49. **Corrective Action Plan Related to Evaluation**. If evaluation findings indicate that demonstration features are not likely to assist in promoting the objectives of Medicaid, CMS reserves the right to require the state to submit a corrective action plan to CMS for approval. These discussions may also occur as part of a renewal process when associated with the state's Interim Evaluation Report. A corrective action plan could include a temporary suspension of implementation of demonstration programs, in circumstances where evaluation findings indicate substantial and sustained directional change inconsistent with demonstration goals, such as substantial and sustained trends indicating increased difficulty accessing services. A corrective action plan may be an interim step to withdrawing waivers or expenditure authorities, as outlined in STC 10. CMS further has the ability to suspend implementation of the demonstration should corrective actions not effectively resolve these concerns in a timely manner.
- 50. **State Presentations for CMS.** CMS reserves the right to request that the state present and participate in a discussion with CMS on the Evaluation Design, the Interim Evaluation Report, and/or the Summative Evaluation Report.
- 51. Public Access. The state shall post the final documents (e.g., Monitoring Reports, Close-out Report, the approved Evaluation Design, Interim Evaluation Reports, and Summative Evaluation Reports) on the state's website within 30 days of approval by CMS.
- 52. Additional Publications and Presentations. For a period of 12 months following CMS's approval of the deliverables, CMS will be notified prior to presentation of these reports or their findings, including in related publications (e.g., journal articles), by the state, contractor, or any other third party directly connected to the demonstration. Prior to release of these reports, articles or other publications, CMS will be provided a copy including any associated press materials. CMS will be given 30 calendar days to review and comment on publications before they are released. CMS may choose to decline to comment on or review some or all of these notifications and reviews. This requirement does not apply to the release or presentation of these materials to state or local

government officials.

XII. GENERAL FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS UNDER TITLE XIX

- 52. Allowable Expenditures. This demonstration project is approved for authorized demonstration expenditures applicable to services rendered and for costs incurred during the demonstration approval period designated by CMS. CMS will provide FFP for allowable demonstration expenditures only so long as they do not exceed the pre-defined limits as specified in these STCs.
- 53. Standard Medicaid Funding Process. The standard Medicaid funding process will be used for this demonstration. The state will provide quarterly expenditure reports through the Medicaid and CHIP Budget and Expenditure System (MBES/CBES) to report total expenditures under this Medicaid section 1115 demonstration following routine CMS-37 and CMS-64 reporting instructions as outlined in section 2500 of the State Medicaid Manual. The state will estimate matchable demonstration expenditures (total computable and federal share) subject to the budget neutrality expenditure limit and separately report these expenditures by quarter for each federal fiscal year on the form CMS-37 for both the medical assistance payments (MAP) and state and local administration costs (ADM). CMS shall make federal funds available based upon the state's estimate, as approved by CMS. Within 30 days after the end of each quarter, the state shall submit form CMS-64 Quarterly Medicaid Expenditure Report, showing Medicaid expenditures made in the quarter just ended. If applicable, subject to the payment deferral process, CMS shall reconcile expenditures reported on form CMS-64 with federal funding previously made available to the state, and include the reconciling adjustment in the finalization of the grant award to the state.
- 54. Sources of Non-Federal Share. As a condition of demonstration approval, the state certifies that its funds that make up the non-federal share are obtained from permissible state and/or local funds that, unless permitted by law, are not other federal funds. The state further certifies that federal funds provided under this section 1115 demonstration must not be used as the non-federal share required under any other federal grant or contract, except as permitted by law. CMS approval of this demonstration does not constitute direct or indirect approval of any underlying source of non-federal share or associated funding mechanisms and all sources of non-federal funding must be compliant with section 1903(w) of the act and applicable implementing regulations. CMS reserves the right to deny FFP in expenditures for which it determines that the sources of non-federal share are impermissible.
 - a. If requested, the state must submit for CMS review and approval documentation of any sources of non-federal share that would be used to support payments under the demonstration.

- b. If CMS determines that any funding sources are not consistent with applicable federal statutes or regulations, the state must address CMS's concerns within the time frames allotted by CMS.
- c. Without limitation, CMS may request information about the non-federal share sources for any amendments that CMS determines may financially impact the demonstration.
- 55. State Certification of Funding Conditions. As a condition of demonstration approval, the state certifies that the following conditions for non-federal share financing of demonstration expenditures have been met:
 - a. If units of state or local government, including health care providers that are units of state or local government, supply any funds used as non-federal share for expenditures under the demonstration, the state must certify that state or local monies have been expended as the non-federal share of funds under the demonstration in accordance with section 1903(w) of the Act and applicable implementing regulations.
 - b. To the extent the state utilizes certified public expenditures (CPE) as the funding mechanism for the non-federal share of expenditures under the demonstration, the state must obtain CMS approval for a cost reimbursement methodology. This methodology must include a detailed explanation of the process, including any necessary cost reporting protocols, by which the state identifies those costs eligible for purposes of certifying public expenditures. The certifying unit of government that incurs costs authorized under the demonstration must certify to the state the amount of public funds allowable under 42 CFR 433.51 it has expended. The federal financial participation paid to match CPEs may not be used as the non-federal share to obtain additional federal funds, except as authorized by federal law, consistent with 42 CFR 433.51(c).
 - c. The state may use intergovernmental transfers (IGT) to the extent that the transferred funds are public funds within the meaning of 42 CFR 433.51 and are transferred by units of government within the state. Any transfers from units of government to support the non-federal share of expenditures under the demonstration must be made in an amount not to exceed the non-federal share of the expenditures under the demonstration.
 - d. Under all circumstances, health care providers must retain 100 percent of their payments for or in connection with furnishing covered services to beneficiaries. Moreover, consistent with section 1903 of the Act, no pre-arranged agreements (contractual, voluntary, or otherwise) may exist between health care providers and state and/or local governments, or third parties to return and/or redirect to the state any portion of the Medicaid payments. This confirmation of Medicaid payment retention is made with the understanding that payments that are the normal operating

expenses of conducting business, such as payments related to taxes, including health care provider-related taxes, fees, business relationships with governments that are unrelated to Medicaid and in which there is no connection to Medicaid payments, are not considered returning and/or redirecting a Medicaid payment.

- e. The State Medicaid Director or his/her designee certifies that all state and/or local funds used as the state's share of the allowable expenditures reported on the CMS-64 for this demonstration were in accordance with all applicable federal requirements and did not lead to the duplication of any other federal funds.
- 56. Financial Integrity for Managed Care Delivery Systems. As a condition of demonstration approval, the state attests to the following, as applicable:
 - a. All risk-based managed care organization, prepaid inpatient health plan (PIHP), and prepaid ambulatory health plan (PAHP) payments, comply with the requirements on payments in 42 CFR 438.6(b)(2), 438.6(c), 438.6(d), 438.60, and 438.74.
- 57. **Requirements for Health Care-Related Taxes and Provider Donations.** As a condition of demonstration approval, the state attests to the following, as applicable:
 - a. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this STC, all health care-related taxes as defined by Section 1903(w)(3)(A) of the Act and 42 CFR 433.55are broad-based as defined by Section 1903(w)(3)(B) of the Act and 42 CFR 433.68(c).
 - b. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this STC, all health care-related taxes are uniform as defined by Section 1903(w)(3)(C) of the Act and 42 CFR 433.68(d).
 - c. If the health care-related tax is either not broad-based or not uniform, the state has applied for and received a waiver of the broad-based and/or uniformity requirements as specified by 1903(w)(3)(E)(i) of the and 42 CFR 433.72.
 - d. The tax does not contain a hold harmless arrangement as described by Section 1903(w)(4) of the Act and 42 CFR 433.68(f).
 - e. All provider related-donations as defined by 42 CFR 433.52 are bona fide as defined by Section 1903(w)(2)(B) of the Social Security Act, 42 CFR 433.66, and 42 CFR 433.54.
- 58. **State Monitoring of Non-federal Share.** If any payments under the demonstration are funded in whole or in part by a locality tax, then the state must provide a report to CMS

regarding payments under the demonstration no later than 60 days after demonstration approval. This report must include:

- a. A detailed description of and a copy of (as applicable) any agreement, written or otherwise agreed upon, regarding any arrangement among the providers including those with counties, the state or other entities relating to each locality tax or payments received funded by the locality tax;
- b. Number of providers in each locality of the taxing entities for each locality tax;
- c. Whether or not all providers in the locality will be paying the assessment for each locality tax;
- d. The assessment rate that the providers will be paying for each locality tax;
- e. Whether any providers that pay the assessment will not be receiving payments funded by the assessment;
- f. Number of providers that receive at least the total assessment back in the form of Medicaid payments for each locality tax;
- g. The monitoring plan for the taxing arrangement to ensure that the tax complies with section 1903(w)(4) of the Act and 42 CFR 433.68(f); and
- h. Information on whether the state will be reporting the assessment on the CMS form 64.11A as required under Section 1903(w) of the Act.

This deliverable is subject to the deferral as described in STC 32.

- 59. Extent of Federal Financial Participation for the Demonstration. Subject to CMS approval of the source(s) of the non-federal share of funding, CMS will provide FFP at the applicable federal matching rate for the following demonstration expenditures, subject to the budget neutrality expenditure limits described in section XII:
 - a. Administrative costs, including those associated with the administration of the demonstration;
 - b. Net expenditures and prior period adjustments of the Medicaid program that are paid in accordance with the approved Medicaid state plan; and
 - c. Medical assistance expenditures and prior period adjustments made under section 1115 demonstration authority with dates of service during the demonstration extension period; including those made in conjunction with the demonstration, net of enrollment fees, cost sharing, pharmacy rebates, and all other types of third party liability.

- 60. **Program Integrity.** The state must have processes in place to ensure there is no duplication of federal funding for any aspect of the demonstration. The state must also ensure that the state and any of its contractors follow standard program integrity principles and practices including retention of data. All data, financial reporting, and sources of non-federal share are subject to audit.
- 61. **Medicaid Expenditure Groups.** Medicaid Expenditure Groups (MEG) are defined for the purpose of identifying categories of Medicaid or demonstration expenditures subject to budget neutrality, components of budget neutrality expenditure limit calculations, and other purposes related to monitoring and tracking expenditures under the demonstration. The Master MEG Chart table provides a master list of MEGs defined for this demonstration.

Table 1: Master MEG Chart						
MEG	To Which	WOW Per	WOW	WW	Brief Description	
	BN Does	Capita	Aggregate			
	This Apply?					
Waiver Mental	Нуро 1	Х		Х	See Expenditure	
Health Services Plan					Authority #1	
(WMHSP) Enrollees						
Expenditures for	Нуро 2	X		Х	See Expenditure	
Dental Services					Authority # 2	
above the Dental						
Treatment Services						
Limit for the Aged,						
Blind, and Disabled						
(ABD) Population						
ADM	N/A				All additional	
					administrative	
					costs that are	
					directly	
					attributable to the	
					demonstration and	
					are not described	
					elsewhere, and are	
					not subject to	
					budget neutrality	

[PO Instructions: Choose the appropriate MEGs. Once chosen, POs send request to FMG representative and Regional Office financial lead to add MEG(s) into MBES.]

 BN – budget neutrality; MEG – Medicaid expenditure group; WOW – without waiver; WW – with waiver

- 62. **Reporting Expenditures and Member Months.** The state must report all demonstration expenditures claimed under the authority of title XIX of the Act and subject to budget neutrality each quarter on separate forms CMS-64.9 WAIVER and/or 64.9P WAIVER, identified by the demonstration project number assigned by CMS 11-W-00181/8. Separate reports must be submitted by MEG (identified by Waiver Name) and Demonstration Year (identified by the two-digit project number extension). Unless specified otherwise, expenditures must be reported by DY according to the dates of service associated with the expenditure. All MEGs identified in the Master MEG Chart as WW must be reported for expenditures, as further detailed in the MEG Detail for Expenditure and Member Month Reporting table below. To enable calculation of the budget neutrality expenditure limits, the state also must report member months of eligibility for specified MEGs.
 - a. Cost Settlements. The state will report any cost settlements attributable to the demonstration on the appropriate prior period adjustment schedules (form CMS-64.9P WAIVER) for the summary sheet line 10b (in lieu of lines 9 or 10c), or line 7. For any cost settlement not attributable to this demonstration, the adjustments should be reported as otherwise instructed in the State Medicaid Manual. Cost settlements must be reported by DY consistent with how the original expenditures were reported.
 - b. **Premiums and Cost Sharing Collected by the State.** The state will report any premium contributions collected by the state from demonstration enrollees quarterly on the form CMS-64 Summary Sheet line 9D, columns A and B. In order to assure that these collections are properly credited to the demonstration, quarterly premium collections (both total computable and federal share) should also be reported separately by demonstration year on form CMS-64 Narrative, and on the Total Adjustments tab in the Budget Neutrality Monitoring Tool. In the annual calculation of expenditures subject to the budget neutrality expenditure limit, premiums collected in the demonstration year will be offset against expenditures incurred in the demonstration year for determination of the state's compliance with the budget neutrality limits.

[Instructions: Consult the RO Financial Lead for assistance in completing this STC, and discuss with the state to understand their approach on pharmacy rebates.]

- c. **Pharmacy Rebates.** Because pharmacy rebates are not included in the base expenditures used to determine the budget neutrality expenditure limit, pharmacy rebates are not included for calculating net expenditures subject to budget neutrality. The state will report pharmacy rebates on form CMS-64.9 BASE, and not allocate them to any form 64.9 or 64.9P WAIVER.
- d. Administrative Costs. The state will separately track and report additional administrative costs that are directly attributable to the demonstration. All administrative costs must be identified on the forms CMS-64.10 WAIVER and/or 64.10P WAIVER. Unless indicated otherwise on the Master MEG Chart table,

administrative costs are not counted in the budget neutrality tests; however, these costs are subject to monitoring by CMS.

- e. **Member Months.** As part of the Annual Monitoring Reports described in section X, the state must report the actual number of "eligible member months" for all demonstration enrollees for all MEGs identified as WOW Per Capita in the Master MEG Chart table above, and as also indicated in the MEG Detail for Expenditure and Member Month Reporting table below. The term "eligible member months" refers to the number of months in which persons enrolled in the demonstration are eligible to receive services. For example, a person who is eligible for three months contributes three eligible member months to the total. Two individuals who are eligible for two months, each contribute two eligible member months, for a total of four eligible member months. The state must submit a statement accompanying the annual report certifying the accuracy of this information.
- f. **Budget Neutrality Specifications Manual.** The state will create and maintain a Budget Neutrality Specifications Manual that describes in detail how the state will compile data on actual expenditures related to budget neutrality, including methods used to extract and compile data from the state's Medicaid Management Information System, eligibility system, and accounting systems for reporting on the CMS-64, consistent with the terms of the demonstration. The Budget Neutrality Specifications Manual will also describe how the state compiles counts of Medicaid member months. The Budget Neutrality Specifications Manual must be made available to CMS on request.

	Table 2: MEG I		penulture Re	por ung an			Reporting	
MEG	Detailed	Exclusions	CMS-64.9	How	MAP	Report	MEG	MEG End
(Waiver	Description		Line(s) To	Expend.	or	Member	Start	Date
Name)			Use	Are	ADM	Months	Date	
				Assigned		(Y/N)		
				to DY				
Waiver	Expenditure	N/A	Follow	Date of	MAP	Y	1/1/2023	12/31/2027
Mental	#1		CMS-64.9	service				
Health			Base					
Services			Category					
Plan			of Service					
(WMHSP)			Definitions					
Enrollees								
Expenditures	Expenditure	N/A	Follow	Date of	MAP	Y	1/1/2023	12/31/2027
for Dental	#2		CMS-64.9	payment				
Services			Base					
above the			Category					
Dental								

Table 2: MEG Detail for Expenditure Reporting and Member Month Reporting

Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and PopulationsDemonstration Approval Period: January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2027 Amended: XXXX XX, 2022

Treatment			of Service					
Services			Definition					
Limit for the			Definition					
Aged, Blind,								
and Disabled								
(ABD)								
Population	D (NT / A	F 11			NT	1/1/2022	10/01/0007
ADM	Report	N/A	Follow	Date of	ADM	Ν	1/1/2023	12/31/2027
	additional		standard	payment				
	administrative		CMS					
	costs that are		64.10					
	directly		Category					
	attributable to		of Service					
	the		Definitions					
	demonstration,							
	are not							
	described							
	elsewhere, and							
	are not subject							
	to budget							
	neutrality							

ADM – administration; DY – demonstration year; MAP – medical assistance payments; MEG – Medicaid expenditure group;

63. **Demonstration Years.** Demonstration Years (DY) for this demonstration are defined in the Demonstration Years table below.

Table 3: Demonstration Years				
Demonstration Year 1	January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023	12 months		
Demonstration Year 2	January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024	12 months		
Demonstration Year 3	January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025	12 months		
Demonstration Year 4	January 1, 2026 to December 31, 2026	12 months		
Demonstration Year 5	January 1, 2027 to December 31, 2027	12 months		

64. Calculating the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) for Continuous Eligibility for the Adult Group. Because not all "newly eligible" individuals in the Adult Group as defined in 42 CFR 433.204(a)(1) would be eligible for the entire continuous eligibility period if the state conducted redeterminations, CMS has determined that 97.4 percent of expenditures for individuals defined in 42 CFR 433.204(a)(1) will be matched at the "newly eligible" FMAP rate as defined in 42 CFR 433.10(c)(6) and 2.6 percent will be matched at the state's regular Title XIX FMAP rate. Should state data indicate that there is an estimate more accurate than 2.6 percent by which to adjust claiming for individuals defined in 42 CFR 433.204(a)(1), CMS will work with the state to update this percentage to the more accurate figure, as supported by the state's proposed methodology and data.

- 65. State Reporting for the Continuous Eligibility FMAP Adjustment. 97.4 percent of expenditures for "newly eligible" individuals in the Adult Group as defined in 42 CFR 433.204(a)(1) shall be claimed at the "newly eligible" FMAP rate as defined in 42 CFR 433.10(c)(6), unless otherwise adjusted as described in STC 12.13 above. The state must make adjustments on the applicable CMS-64 waiver forms to claim the remaining 2.6 percent or other applicable percentage of expenditures for individuals defined in 42 CFR 433.204(a)(1) at the state's regular Title XIX FMAP rate.
- 66. **Budget Neutrality Monitoring Tool.** The state must provide CMS with an annual budget neutrality status updates, including established baseline and member months data, using the Budget Neutrality Monitoring Tool provided through the performance metrics database and analytics (PMDA) system. The tool incorporates the "Schedule C Report" for comparing demonstration's actual expenditures to the budget neutrality expenditure limits described in section XI. CMS will provide technical assistance, upon request.²
- 67. Claiming Period. The state will report all claims for expenditures subject to the budget neutrality agreement (including any cost settlements) within two years after the calendar quarter in which the state made the expenditures. All claims for services during the demonstration period (including any cost settlements) must be made within two years after the conclusion or termination of the demonstration. During the latter two-year period, the state will continue to identify separately net expenditures related to dates of service during the operation of the demonstration on the CMS-64 waiver forms in order to properly account for these expenditures in determining budget neutrality.
- 68. **Future Adjustments to Budget Neutrality.** CMS reserves the right to adjust the budget neutrality expenditure limit:
 - a. To be consistent with enforcement of laws and policy statements, including regulations and letters, regarding impermissible provider payments, health care related taxes, or other payments. CMS reserves the right to make adjustments to the budget neutrality limit if any health care related tax that was in effect during the base year, or provider-related donation that occurred during the base year, is determined by CMS to be in violation of the provider donation and health care related tax provisions of section 1903(w) of the Act. Adjustments to annual budget targets will

 $^{^{2}}$ 42 CFR 431.420(a)(2) provides that states must comply with the terms and conditions of the agreement between the Secretary (or designee) and the state to implement a demonstration project, and 431.420(b)(1) states that the terms and conditions will provide that the state will perform periodic reviews of the implementation of the demonstration. CMS's current approach is to include language in STCs requiring, as a condition of demonstration approval, that states provide, as part of their periodic reviews, regular reports of the actual costs which are subject to the budget neutrality limit. CMS has obtained Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval of the monitoring tool under the Paperwork Reduction Act (OMB Control No. 0938 – 1148) and states agree to use the tool as a condition of demonstration approval.

reflect the phase out of impermissible provider payments by law or regulation, where applicable.

- b. To the extent that a change in federal law, regulation, or policy requires either a reduction or an increase in FFP for expenditures made under this demonstration. In this circumstance, the state must adopt, subject to CMS approval, a modified budget neutrality agreement as necessary to comply with such change. The modified agreement will be effective upon the implementation of the change. The trend rates for the budget neutrality agreement are not subject to change under this STC. The state agrees that if mandated changes in the federal law require state legislation, the changes shall take effect on the day such state legislation becomes effective, or on the last day such legislation was required to be in effect under the federal law.
- c. The state certifies that the data it provided to establish the budget neutrality expenditure limit are accurate based on the state's accounting of recorded historical expenditures or the next best available data, that the data are allowable in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local statutes, regulations, and policies, and that the data are correct to the best of the state's knowledge and belief. The data supplied by the state to set the budget neutrality expenditure limit are subject to review and audit, and if found to be inaccurate, will result in a modified budget neutrality expenditure limit.
- 69. **Budget Neutrality Mid-Course Adjustment Request.** No more than once a demonstration year, the state may request an adjustment to its budget neutrality expenditures for CMS review. based on changes to its expenditures. The state does not have to submit an amendment pursuant to STC 7; however, the state must provide a description of the problem and applicable expenditure data demonstrating that actual costs have exceeded the budget neutrality cost estimates established at demonstration approval. The adjustment will be applied retrospectively, as appropriate, to when the condition began and prospectively for future demonstration years, as appropriate. CMS will evaluate each request based on its merit and will allow for changes that affect budget neutrality that are outside of the state's control.
 - a. **Types of Allowable Changes.** Adjustments will only be made for actual costs as reported in expenditure data. CMS will not approve mid-demonstration adjustments for anticipated factors not yet reflected in such expenditure data. Examples of the types of mid-course adjustments CMS may consider allowable include the following:
 - i. Provider rate increases;
 - ii. CMS or State technical errors in the original budget neutrality formulation applied retrospectively, including, but not limited to the following: mathematical errors, such as not aging data correctly, or unintended omission of certain applicable costs of services for individual MEGs;
 - iii. Changes in federal statute or regulations that impact expenditures;

- iv. State legislated or regulatory change to Medicaid that significantly affects the costs of medical assistance;
- v. When not already accounted for under Emergency Medicaid 1115 demonstrations, cost impacts from public health emergencies;
- vi. High cost innovative medical treatments that states are now covering and have increased expenditures; or,
- vii. Corrections to coverage/service estimates where there is no prior state experience (e.g., SUD) or small populations where expenditures may vary widely.
- b. **Budget Neutrality Update.** The state must submit an updated budget neutrality analysis with its adjustment request, which includes the following elements:
 - i. Projected without waiver and with waiver expenditures, estimated member months, and annual limits for each DY through the end of the approval period; and,
 - ii. Description of the rationale for the mid-course correction.

XIII. MONITORING BUDGET NEUTRALITY FOR THE DEMONSTRATION

- 70. Limit on Title XIX Funding. The state will be subject to limits on the amount of federal Medicaid funding the state may receive over the course of the demonstration approval. The budget neutrality expenditure limits are based on projections of the amount of FFP that the state would likely have received in the absence of the demonstration. The limit may consist of a Main Budget Neutrality Test, one or more Hypothetical Budget Neutrality Tests, and a Capped Hypothetical Budget Neutrality Test, if applicable, as described below. CMS's assessment of the state's compliance with these tests will be based on the Schedule C CMS-64 Waiver Expenditure Report, which summarizes the expenditures reported by the state on the CMS-64 that pertain to the demonstration.
- 71. **Risk.** The budget neutrality expenditure limits are determined on either a per capita or aggregate basis as described in Table X. Master MEG Chart. If a per capita method is used, the state is at risk for the per capita cost of state plan and hypothetical populations, but not for the number of participants in the demonstration population. By providing FFP without regard to enrollment in the demonstration for all demonstration populations, CMS will not place the state at risk for changing economic conditions, however, by placing the state at risk for the per capita costs of the demonstration populations, CMS assures that the demonstration expenditures do not exceed the levels that would have been realized had there been no demonstration. If an aggregate method is used, the state accepts risk for both enrollment and per capita costs.

- 72. Calculation of the Budget Neutrality Limits and How They Are Applied. To calculate the budget neutrality limits for the demonstration, separate annual budget limits are determined for each DY on a total computable basis. Each annual budget limit is the sum of one or more components: per capita components, which are calculated as a projected without-waiver PMPM cost times the corresponding actual number of member months, and aggregate components, which project fixed total computable dollar expenditure amounts. The annual limits for all DYs are then added together to obtain a budget neutrality limit for the entire demonstration period. The federal share of this limit will represent the maximum amount of FFP that the state may receive during the demonstration period for the types of demonstration expenditures described below. The federal share will be calculated by multiplying the total computable budget neutrality expenditure limit by the appropriate Composite Federal Share.
- 73. **Main Budget Neutrality Test.** This demonstration does not include a Main Budget Neutrality Test. Budget neutrality will consist entirely of Hypothetical Budget Neutrality Tests. Any excess spending under the Hypothetical Budget Neutrality Tests must be returned to CMS.
- 74. Hypothetical Budget Neutrality. When expenditure authority is provided for coverage of populations or services that the state could have otherwise provided through its Medicaid state plan or other title XIX authority (such as a waiver under section 1915 of the Act), CMS considers these expenditures to be "hypothetical;" that is, the expenditures would have been eligible to receive FFP absent the demonstration. For these hypothetical expenditures, CMS makes adjustments to the budget neutrality test which effectively treats these expenditures as if they were for approved Medicaid state plan services. Hypothetical expenditures, therefore, do not necessitate savings to offset the otherwise allowable services. This approach reflects CMS's current view that states should not have to "pay for," with demonstration savings, costs that could have been otherwise eligible for FFP under a Medicaid state plan or other title XIX authority; however, when evaluating budget neutrality, CMS does not offset nonhypothetical expenditures with projected or accrued savings from hypothetical expenditures. That is, savings are not generated from a hypothetical population or service. To allow for hypothetical expenditures, while preventing them from resulting in savings, CMS currently applies separate, independent Hypothetical Budget Neutrality Tests, which subject hypothetical expenditures to pre-determined limits to which the state and CMS agree, and that CMS approves, as a part of this demonstration approval. If the state's WW hypothetical spending exceeds the Hypothetical Budget Neutrality Test's expenditure limit, the state agrees (as a condition of CMS approval) to offset that excess spending through savings elsewhere in the demonstration or to refund the FFP to CMS.
- 75. Hypothetical Budget Neutrality Test . The table below identifies the MEGs that are used for Hypothetical Budget Neutrality Test . MEGs that are designated "WOW Only" or "Both" are the components used to calculate the budget neutrality expenditure limit. The Composite Federal Share for the Hypothetical Budget Neutrality Test is calculated based on all MEGs indicated as "WW Only" or "Both." MEGs that are indicated as "WW Only" or

"Both" are counted as expenditures against this budget neutrality expenditure limit.

Hypothetical Budget Neutrality Test 1							
	Trend Rate	DY19 PMPM (2022)	DY20 PMPM (2023)	DY21 PMPM (2024)	DY22 PMPM (2025)	DY23 PMPM (2026)	DY24 PMPM (2027)
Waiver Mental Health Services Plan (WMHSP) Enrollees	4.5%	\$613.32	\$651.96	\$693.04	\$736.70	\$783.11	\$832.45
Expenditures for Dental Services above the Dental Treatment Services Limit for the Aged, Blind, and Disabled (ABD) Population	4.5%	\$5.00	\$5.23	\$5.47	\$5.72	\$5.98	\$6.25

Table 4: Projected PMPM Costs and trend rate for Determining the Budget **Neutrality Ceiling**

- 76. Composite Federal Share. The Composite Federal Share is the ratio that will be used to convert the total computable budget neutrality limit to federal share. The Composite Federal Share is the ratio calculated by dividing the sum total of FFP received by the state on actual demonstration expenditures during the approval period by total computable demonstration expenditures for the same period, as reported through MBES/CBES and summarized on Schedule C. Since the actual final Composite Federal Share will not be known until the end of the demonstration's approval period, for the purpose of interim monitoring of budget neutrality, a reasonable estimate of Composite Federal Share may be developed and used through the same process through an alternative mutually agreed to method. Each Budget Neutrality Test has its own Composite Federal Share, as defined in the paragraph pertaining to each particular test.
- 77. Exceeding Budget Neutrality. CMS will enforce the budget neutrality agreement over the demonstration period, which extends from January 1, 2023 to December 31,2027. The budget neutrality test for this demonstration period may incorporate net savings from the immediately prior ten-year demonstration period of February 1, 2013 to January 31, 2023. If at the end of the demonstration approval period the Section 1115 Waiver for Additional Services and PopulationsDemonstration Approval Period: January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2027 Page 35 of 38 Amended: XXXX XX. 2022

budget neutrality limit or the capped hypothetical budget neutrality limit has been exceeded, the excess federal funds will be returned to CMS. If the Demonstration is terminated prior to the end of the budget neutrality agreement, the budget neutrality test shall be based on the time elapsed through the termination date.

78. **Mid-Course Correction.** If at any time during the demonstration approval period CMS determines that the demonstration is on course to exceed its budget neutrality expenditure limit, CMS will require the state to submit a corrective action plan for CMS review and approval. CMS will use the threshold levels in the tables below as a guide for determining when corrective action is required.

Table 6: Budget Neutrality Test Mid-Course Correction Calculation					
Demonstration Year	Cumulative Target	Percentage			
	Definition				
DY 1	Cumulative budget neutrality	2.0 percent			
	limit plus				
DY 1 through DY 2	Cumulative budget neutrality	1.5 percent			
	limit plus				
DY 1 though DY 3	Cumulative budget neutrality	1.0 percent			
	limit plus				
DY 1 through DY 4	Cumulative budget neutrality	1.0 percent			
	limit plus				
DY 5	Cumulative budget neutrality	0 percent			
	limit plus				

SCHEDULE OF STATE DELIVERABLES DURING THE DEMONSTRATION EXTENSION

I. SCHEDULE OF DI	SCHEDULE OF DELIVERABLES FOR THE DEMONSTRATION TERIOD					
Due Date	Deliverable	Reference				
30 calendar days after	State acceptance of	Approval Letter				
approval date	demonstration waiver,					
	expenditure authority, and					
	STCs					
180 calendar days from the	Draft Evaluation Design	STC# 41				
demonstration approval date						

I. SCHEDULE OF DELIVERABLES FOR THE DEMONSTRATION PERIOD

60 calendar days after receipt of CMS's comments on the Droft Evaluation Design	Revised Evaluation Design	STC #43
Draft Evaluation Design	A survey of Eastheadies Design	STC #42
30 calendar days after CMS	Approved Evaluation Design	STC #43
Approval	published to state's website	
December 31, 2026 or With	Draft Interim Evaluation	STC # 46 (c)
Extension Application	Report	
60 calendar days after receipt	Revised Interim Evaluation	STC #46 (d)
of CMS's comments on the	Report	
Draft Interim Evaluation	1	
Report		
Within 18 months after	Draft Summative Evaluation	STC #46 (d)
December 31, 2027	Report	
60 calendar days after receipt	Revised Summative	STC #47
of CMS's comments on the	Evaluation Report	
Draft Summative Evaluation		
Report		
Monthly Deliverables	Monitoring Call	STC #47 (a)
90 calendar days after the end	Annual Monitoring Reports	STC # 36
of each 4 th quarter		