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State/Territory Name: IN

State Plan Amendment (SPA) #: 15-0013 MM1

This file contains the following documents in the order listed:

- 1) Approval Letter
- 2) CMS 179 Form/Summary Form (with 179-like data)
- 3) Approved SPA Pages

September 16, 2015

Joe Moser, Director of Medicaid
Indiana Office of Medicaid Policy and Planning
402 West Washington Street, Room W374
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

ATTN: Amber Swartzell

RE: TN 15-0013-MM1

Dear Mr. Moser:

Enclosed for your records is an approved copy of the following State Plan Amendment (SPA).

Transmittal #15-0013-MM1

- Adds presumptive eligibility for parents and other caretaker relatives, pregnant women, infants and children under age 19, adult group, former foster children, and individuals eligible for family planning services; and
- Expands the definition of qualified providers to include acute care hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, community mental health centers, federally qualified health centers, rural health centers, and local health departments.
- Effective Date: April 1, 2015

If you have any questions, please have a member of your staff contact Elizabeth Lewis at (312) 353-1756 or by email at elizabeth.lewis@cms.hhs.gov.

Sincerely,

/s/

Alan Freund
Acting Associate Regional Administrator
Division of Medicaid and Children's Health Operations

Enclosure

Medicaid State Plan Eligibility: Summary Page (CMS 179)

State/Territory name: **Indiana**

Transmittal Number:

Please enter the Transmittal Number (TN) in the format ST-YY-0000 where ST= the state abbreviation, YY = the last two digits of the submission year, and 0000 = a four digit number with leading zeros. The dashes must also be entered.

IN-15-013

Proposed Effective Date

04/01/2015 (mm/dd/yyyy)

Federal Statute/Regulation Citation

S25, S28, S30, S32, S33, S59

Federal Budget Impact

	Federal Fiscal Year	Amount
First Year	2015	\$ 83360000.00
Second Year	2016	\$ 71450000.00

Subject of Amendment

Amends S25, S28, S30, S32, S33, S59 to add presumptive eligibility for Parents & Other Caretaker Relatives, Pregnant Women, Infants & Children Under Age 19, the Adult Group, Former Foster Care Children, and Individuals Eligible for Family Planning Services and define qualified providers.

Governor's Office Review

- Governor's office reported no comment
- Comments of Governor's office received

Describe:

- No reply received within 45 days of submittal
- Other, as specified

Describe:

Indiana's State Plan does not require Governor's office review.

Signature of State Agency Official

Submitted By: **Amber Swartzell**

Last Revision Date: **Aug 26, 2015**

Submit Date: **Jun 19, 2015**

DATE RECEIVED: June 19, 2015

DATE APPROVED: September 16, 2015

PLAN APPROVED – ONE COPY ATTACHED

EFFECTIVE DATE OF APPROVED MATERIAL:
April 1, 2015

SIGNATURE OF REGIONAL OFFICIAL:

TYPEDNAME
Alan Freund

/s/

TITLE
Acting Associate Regional Administrator



Medicaid Eligibility

State Name:

OMB Control Number: 0938-1148

Transmittal Number: IN - 15 - 0013

Expiration date: 10/31/2014

Eligibility Groups - Mandatory Coverage Parents and Other Caretaker Relatives

S25

42 CFR 435.110
1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(I)
1931(b) and (d)

Parents and Other Caretaker Relatives - Parents and other caretaker relatives of dependent children with household income at or below a standard established by the state.

The state attests that it operates this eligibility group in accordance with the following provisions:

Individuals qualifying under this eligibility group must meet the following criteria:

Are parents or other caretaker relatives (defined at 42 CFR 435.4), including pregnant women, of dependent children (defined at 42 CFR 435.4) under age 18. Spouses of parents and other caretaker relatives are also included.

The state elects the following options:

This eligibility group includes individuals who are parents or other caretakers of children who are 18 years old, provided the children are full-time students in a secondary school or the equivalent level of vocational or technical training.

Options relating to the definition of caretaker relative (select any that apply):

The definition of caretaker relative includes the domestic partner of the parent or other caretaker relative, even after the partnership is terminated.

Definition of domestic partner:

The definition of caretaker relative includes other relatives of the child based on blood (including those of half-blood), adoption or marriage.

Description of other relatives:

Any blood relative within the fifth degree of relationship, including, but not limited to, those of half blood, first cousins once removed, and individuals of preceding generations as denoted by prefixes of grand, great, great-great, or great-great-great (this group includes the sister, brother, aunt, and uncle of the child).

The definition of caretaker relative includes any adult with whom the child is living and who assumes primary responsibility for the dependent child's care.

Options relating to the definition of dependent child (select the one that applies):



Medicaid Eligibility

- The state elects to eliminate the requirement that a dependent child must be deprived of parental support or care by reason of the death, physical or mental incapacity, or absence from the home or unemployment of at least one parent.
- The child must be deprived of parental support or care, but a less restrictive standard is used to measure unemployment of the parent (select the one that applies):

Have household income at or below the standard established by the state.

MAGI-based income methodologies are used in calculating household income. Please refer as necessary to S10 MAGI-Based Income Methodologies, completed by the state.

Income standard used for this group

Minimum income standard

The minimum income standard used for this group is the state's AFDC payment standard in effect as of May 1, 1988, converted to MAGI-equivalent amounts by household size. The standard is described in S14 AFDC Income Standards.

The state certifies that it has submitted and received approval for its converted May 1, 1988 AFDC payment standard.

An attachment is submitted.

Maximum income standard

The state certifies that it has submitted and received approval for its converted income standard(s) for parents and other caretaker relatives to MAGI-equivalent standards and the determination of the maximum income standard to be used for parents and other caretaker relatives under this eligibility group.

An attachment is submitted.

The state's maximum income standard for this eligibility group is:

- The state's effective income level for section 1931 families under the Medicaid state plan as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL or amounts by household size.
- The state's effective income level for section 1931 families under the Medicaid state plan as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL or amounts by household size.
- The state's effective income level for any population of parents/caretaker relatives under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL or amounts by household size.
- The state's effective income level for any population of parents/caretaker relatives under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL or amounts by household size.

Enter the amount of the maximum income standard:



Medicaid Eligibility

- A percentage of the federal poverty level: %
- The state's AFDC payment standard in effect as of July 16, 1996, converted to a MAGI-equivalent standard. The standard is described in S14 AFDC Income Standards.
- The state's AFDC payment standard in effect as of July 16, 1996, increased by no more than the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for urban consumers (CPI-U) since such date, converted to a MAGI-equivalent standard. The standard is described in S14 AFDC Income Standards.
- The state's TANF payment standard, converted to a MAGI-equivalent standard. The standard is described in S14 AFDC Income Standards.
- Other dollar amount

Income standard chosen:

Indicate the state's income standard used for this eligibility group:

- The minimum income standard
- The maximum income standard
- The state's AFDC payment standard in effect as of July 16, 1996, increased by no more than the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for urban consumers (CPI-U) since such date. The standard is described in S14 AFDC Income Standards.
- Another income standard in-between the minimum and maximum standards allowed

There is no resource test for this eligibility group.

Presumptive Eligibility

The state covers individuals under this group when determined presumptively eligible by a qualified entity. The state assures it also covers individuals under the Pregnant Women (42 CFR 435.116) and/or Infants and Children under Age 19 (42 CFR 435.118) eligibility groups when determined presumptively eligible.

- Yes No

The presumptive period begins on the date the determination is made.

The end date of the presumptive period is the earlier of:

The date the eligibility determination for regular Medicaid is made, if an application for Medicaid is filed by the last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made; or

The last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made, if no application for Medicaid is filed by that date.

Periods of presumptive eligibility are limited as follows:

No more than one period within a calendar year.

No more than one period within two calendar years.

No more than one period within a twelve-month period, starting with the effective date of the initial presumptive eligibility period.



Medicaid Eligibility

Other reasonable limitation:

The state requires that a written application be signed by the applicant or representative.

Yes No

The state uses a single application form for Medicaid and presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS.

The state uses a separate application form for presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS. A copy of the application form is included.

An attachment is submitted.

The presumptive eligibility determination is based on the following factors:

The individual must be a caretaker relative, as described at 42 CFR 435.110.

Household income must not exceed the applicable income standard described at 42 CFR 435.110.

State residency

Citizenship, status as a national, or satisfactory immigration status

The state uses qualified entities, as defined in section 1920A of the Act, to determine eligibility presumptively for this eligibility group.

List of Qualified Entities

S17

A qualified entity is an entity that is determined by the agency to be capable of making presumptive eligibility determinations based on an individual's household income and other requirements, and that meets at least one of the following requirements. Select one or more of the following types of entities used to determine presumptive eligibility for this eligibility group:

- Furnishes health care items or services covered under the state's approved Medicaid state plan and is eligible to receive payments under the plan
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to participate in a Head Start program under the Head Start Act
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to receive child care services for which financial assistance is provided under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to receive assistance under the Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility under the Medicaid state plan or for child health assistance under the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
- Is an elementary or secondary school, as defined in section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801)
- Is an elementary or secondary school operated or supported by the Bureau of Indian Affairs
- Is a state or Tribal child support enforcement agency under title IV-D of the Act
- Is an organization that provides emergency food and shelter under a grant under the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act



Medicaid Eligibility

- Is a state or Tribal office or entity involved in enrollment in the program under Medicaid, CHIP, or title IV-A of the Act
- Is an organization that determines eligibility for any assistance or benefits provided under any program of public or assisted housing that receives Federal funds, including the program under section 8 or any other section of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437) or under the Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4101 et seq.)
- Is a health facility operated by the Indian Health Service, a Tribe, or Tribal organization, or an Urban Indian Organization
- Other entity the agency determines is capable of making presumptive eligibility determinations:

	Name of entity	Description	
+	Qualified Provider	<p>Provider types eligible to enroll as a presumptive eligibility Qualified Provider (PE QP) include: Acute Care Hospitals, Psychiatric Hospitals, community mental health centers (CMHCs), rural health clinics (RHCs), federally qualified health centers (FQHCs), and local health departments. To be eligible, an acute care hospital, psychiatric hospital, CMHC, RHC, local health department or FQHC must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participate as a provider under the Indiana State Plan or under a demonstration program under Section 1115 of the Social Security Act. Local county health departments are not required to participate as a Medicaid provider. • Notify the FSSA of the provider's intention to make presumptive eligibility determinations. • Agree to make presumptive eligibility determinations consistent with state policies and procedures. • Guide individuals in the process for completing and submitting the Indiana Application for Health Coverage paperwork to the FSSA. • Complete and submit PE QP eligibility attestations through the PE enrollment process on Web interChange. <p>CMHCs, RHCs, FQHCs, and local health departments that wish to enroll as PE QPs are provided Web interChange training. During the Web interChange training session, the CMHC, RHC, FQHC, or local health department also receive a printed copy of the HPE/PE Process Guide.</p>	X

The state assures that it has communicated the requirements for qualified entities, at 1920A(b)(3) of the Act, and has provided adequate training to the entities and organizations involved. A copy of the training materials has been included.



Medicaid Eligibility

	An attachment is submitted.	
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PRA Disclosure Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1148. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

V.20140415



Medicaid Eligibility

State Name:

OMB Control Number: 0938-1148

Transmittal Number: IN - 15 - 0013

Expiration date: 10/31/2014

Eligibility Groups - Mandatory Coverage Pregnant Women

S28

42 CFR 435.116
1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) and (IV)
1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(I), (IV) and (IX)
1931(b) and (d)
1920

Pregnant Women - Women who are pregnant or post-partum, with household income at or below a standard established by the state.

The state attests that it operates this eligibility group in accordance with the following provisions:

Individuals qualifying under this eligibility group must be pregnant or post-partum, as defined in 42 CFR 435.4.

Pregnant women in the last trimester of their pregnancy without dependent children are eligible for full benefits under this group in accordance with section 1931 of the Act, if they meet the income standard for state plan Parents and Other Caretaker Relatives at 42 CFR 435.110.

Yes No

MAGI-based income methodologies are used in calculating household income. Please refer as necessary to S10 MAGI-Based Income Methodologies, completed by the state.

Income standard used for this group

Minimum income standard (Once entered and approved by CMS, the minimum income standard cannot be changed.)

The state had an income standard higher than 133% FPL established as of December 19, 1989 for determining eligibility for pregnant women, or as of July 1, 1989, had authorizing legislation to do so.

Yes No

The minimum income standard for this eligibility group is 133% FPL.

Maximum income standard

The state certifies that it has submitted and received approval for its converted income standard(s) for pregnant women to MAGI-equivalent standards and the determination of the maximum income standard to be used for pregnant women under this eligibility group.

An attachment is submitted.

The state's maximum income standard for this eligibility group is:

The state's highest effective income level for coverage of pregnant women under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified pregnant women), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV) (mandatory poverty level-related pregnant women), 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX) (optional poverty level-related pregnant women), 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(I) (pregnant women who meet AFDC financial eligibility criteria) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized pregnant women) in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.



Medicaid Eligibility

- The state's highest effective income level for coverage of pregnant women under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified pregnant women), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV) (mandatory poverty level-related pregnant women), 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX) (optional poverty level-related pregnant women), 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(I) (pregnant women who meet AFDC financial eligibility criteria) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized pregnant women) in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- The state's effective income level for any population of pregnant women under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- The state's effective income level for any population of pregnant women under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- 185% FPL

The amount of the maximum income standard is: % FPL

Income standard chosen

Indicate the state's income standard used for this eligibility group:

- The minimum income standard
- The maximum income standard
- Another income standard in-between the minimum and maximum standards allowed.

There is no resource test for this eligibility group.

Benefits for individuals in this eligibility group consist of the following:

- All pregnant women eligible under this group receive full Medicaid coverage under this state plan.
- Pregnant women whose income exceeds the income limit specified below for full coverage of pregnant women receive only pregnancy-related services.

Presumptive Eligibility

The state covers ambulatory prenatal care for individuals under this group when determined presumptively eligible by a qualified entity.

- Yes No

The presumptive period begins on the date the determination is made.

The end date of the presumptive period is the earlier of:

The date the eligibility determination for regular Medicaid is made, if an application for Medicaid is filed by the last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made; or

The last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made, if no application for Medicaid is filed by that date.

There may be no more than one period of presumptive eligibility per pregnancy.

A written application must be signed by the applicant or representative.



Medicaid Eligibility

Yes No

- The state uses a single application form for Medicaid and presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS.
- The state uses a separate application form for presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS. A copy of the application form is included.

An attachment is submitted.

- The presumptive eligibility determination is based on the following factors:
 - The woman must be pregnant
 - Household income must not exceed the applicable income standard at 42 CFR 435.116.
 - State residency
 - Citizenship, status as a national, or satisfactory immigration status
- The state uses qualified entities, as defined in section 1920A of the Act, to determine eligibility presumptively for this eligibility group.

List of Qualified Entities

S17

A qualified entity is an entity that is determined by the agency to be capable of making presumptive eligibility determinations based on an individual's household income and other requirements, and that meets at least one of the following requirements. Select one or more of the following types of entities used to determine presumptive eligibility for this eligibility group:

- Furnishes health care items or services covered under the state's approved Medicaid state plan and is eligible to receive payments under the plan
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to participate in a Head Start program under the Head Start Act
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to receive child care services for which financial assistance is provided under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to receive assistance under the Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility under the Medicaid state plan or for child health assistance under the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
- Is an elementary or secondary school, as defined in section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801)
- Is an elementary or secondary school operated or supported by the Bureau of Indian Affairs
- Is a state or Tribal child support enforcement agency under title IV-D of the Act
- Is an organization that provides emergency food and shelter under a grant under the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act
- Is a state or Tribal office or entity involved in enrollment in the program under Medicaid, CHIP, or title IV-A of the Act



Medicaid Eligibility

- Is an organization that determines eligibility for any assistance or benefits provided under any program of public or assisted housing that receives Federal funds, including the program under section 8 or any other section of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437) or under the Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4101 et seq.)
- Is a health facility operated by the Indian Health Service, a Tribe, or Tribal organization, or an Urban Indian Organization
- Other entity the agency determines is capable of making presumptive eligibility determinations:

	Name of entity	Description	
+	Qualified Provider (QP) for presumptive eligibility for pregnant women (PEPW)	Provider types eligible to enroll as a Qualified Provider include: family or general practitioner; a pediatrician; an internist; an obstetrician or gynecologist; a certified nurse midwife; an advanced practice nurse practitioner; a federally qualified health center (FQHC); a medical clinic; a rural health clinic (RHC); an outpatient hospital; a local health department; or a family planning clinic. QPs must have access to internet, phone, fax, and has been trained by FSSA or designee.	X



Medicaid Eligibility

	Name of entity	Description	
+	Qualified Provider for presumptive eligibility (PE QP)	<p>Provider types eligible to enroll as a presumptive eligibility Qualified Provider (PE QP) include: Acute Care Hospitals, Psychiatric Hospitals, community mental health centers (CMHCs), RHCs, FQHCs, and local health departments. To be eligible, an acute care hospital, psychiatric hospital, CMHC, RHC, local health department or FQHC must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participate as a provider under the Indiana State Plan or under a demonstration program under Section 1115 of the Social Security Act. Local county health departments are not required to participate as a Medicaid provider. • Notify the FSSA of the provider's intention to make presumptive eligibility determinations. • Agree to make presumptive eligibility determinations consistent with state policies and procedures. • Guide individuals in the process for completing and submitting the Indiana Application for Health Coverage paperwork to the FSSA. • Complete and submit PE QP eligibility attestations through the PE enrollment process on Web interChange. <p>CMHCs, RHCs, FQHCs, and local health departments that wish to enroll as PE QPs are provided Web interChange training. During the Web interChange training session, the CMHC, RHC, FQHC, or local health department also receive a printed copy of the HPE/PE Process Guide.</p>	X

The state assures that it has communicated the requirements for qualified entities, at 1920A(b)(3) of the Act, and has provided adequate training to the entities and organizations involved. A copy of the training materials has been included.

An attachment is submitted.

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Medicaid Eligibility

V.20140415



Medicaid Eligibility

State Name:

OMB Control Number: 0938-1148

Transmittal Number: IN - 15 - 0013

Expiration date: 10/31/2014

Eligibility Groups - Mandatory Coverage Infants and Children under Age 19

S30

42 CFR 435.118
1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III), (IV), (VI) and (VII)
1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) and (IX)
1931(b) and (d)

Infants and Children under Age 19 - Infants and children under age 19 with household income at or below standards established by the state based on age group.

The state attests that it operates this eligibility group in accordance with the following provisions:

Children qualifying under this eligibility group must meet the following criteria:

Are under age 19

Have household income at or below the standard established by the state.

MAGI-based income methodologies are used in calculating household income. Please refer as necessary to S10 MAGI-Based Income Methodologies, completed by the state.

Income standard used for infants under age one

Minimum income standard

The state had an income standard higher than 133% FPL established as of December 19, 1989 for determining eligibility for infants under age one, or as of July 1, 1989, had authorizing legislation to do so.

Yes No

The minimum income standard for infants under age one is 133% FPL.

Maximum income standard

The state certifies that it has submitted and received approval for its converted income standard(s) for infants under age one to MAGI-equivalent standards and the determination of the maximum income standard to be used for infants under age one.

An attachment is submitted.

The state's maximum income standard for this age group is:

The state's highest effective income level for coverage of infants under age one under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV) (mandatory poverty level-related infants), 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX) (optional poverty level-related infants) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.



Medicaid Eligibility

- The state's highest effective income level for coverage of infants under age one under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV) (mandatory poverty level-related infants), 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX) (optional poverty level-related infants) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- The state's effective income level for any population of infants under age one under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- The state's effective income level for any population of infants under age one under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- 185% FPL

Enter the amount of the maximum income standard: % FPL

Income standard chosen

The state's income standard used for infants under age one is:

- The maximum income standard

If not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's highest effective income level for coverage of infants under age one under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV) (mandatory poverty level-related infants), 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX) (optional poverty level-related infants) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.

If higher than the highest effective income level for this age group under the state plan as of March 23, 2010, and if not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's highest effective income level for coverage of infants under age one under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV) (mandatory poverty level-related infants), 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX) (optional poverty level-related infants) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.

If higher than the highest effective income level for this age group under the state plan as of March 23, 2010, and if not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's effective income level for any population of infants under age one under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.

If higher than the highest effective income level for this age group under the state plan as of March 23, 2010, and if not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's effective income level for any population of infants under age one under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.

Another income standard in-between the minimum and maximum standards allowed, provided it is higher than the effective income standard for this age group in the state plan as of March 23, 2010.

Income standard for children age one through age five, inclusive

Minimum income standard



Medicaid Eligibility

The minimum income standard used for this age group is 133% FPL.

Maximum income standard

- The state certifies that it has submitted and received approval for its converted income standard(s) for children age one through five to MAGI-equivalent standards and the determination of the maximum income standard to be used for children age one through five.

An attachment is submitted.

The state's maximum income standard for children age one through five is:

- The state's highest effective income level for coverage of children age one through five under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VI) (mandatory poverty level-related children age one through five), and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- The state's highest effective income level for coverage of children age one through five under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VI) (mandatory poverty level-related children age one through five), and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- The state's effective income level for any population of children age one through five under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- The state's effective income level for any population of children age one through five under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.

Enter the amount of the maximum income standard: % FPL

Income standard chosen

The state's income standard used for children age one through five is:

- The maximum income standard
 - If not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's highest effective income level for coverage of children age one through five under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children),
 - 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VI) (mandatory poverty level-related children age one through five), and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
 - If higher than the highest effective income level for this age group under the state plan as of March 23, 2010, and if not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's highest effective income level for coverage of children age one through five under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children),
 - 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VI) (mandatory poverty level-related children age one through five), and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.



Medicaid Eligibility

- If higher than the highest effective income level for this age group under the state plan as of March 23, 2010, and if not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's effective income level for any population of children age one through five under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- If higher than the highest effective income level for this age group under the state plan as of March 23, 2010, and if not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's effective income level for any population of children age one through five under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- Another income standard in-between the minimum and maximum standards allowed, provided it is higher than the effective income standard for this age group in the state plan as of March 23, 2010.

Income standard for children age six through age eighteen, inclusive

Minimum income standard

The minimum income standard used for this age group is 133% FPL.

Maximum income standard

- The state certifies that it has submitted and received approval for its converted income standard(s) for children age six through eighteen to MAGI-equivalent standards and the determination of the maximum income standard to be used for children age six through age eighteen.
- six through eighteen to MAGI-equivalent standards and the determination of the maximum income standard to be used for children age six through age eighteen.

An attachment is submitted.

The state's maximum income standard for children age six through eighteen is:

- The state's highest effective income level for coverage of children age six through eighteen under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VII) (mandatory poverty level-related children age six through eighteen) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- The state's highest effective income level for coverage of children age six through eighteen under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VII) (mandatory poverty level-related children age six through eighteen) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- The state's effective income level for any population of children age six through eighteen under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- The state's effective income level for any population of children age six through eighteen under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.
- 133% FPL

Enter the amount of the maximum income standard: % FPL

Income standard chosen



Medicaid Eligibility

The state's income standard used for children age six through eighteen is:

- The maximum income standard

If not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's highest effective income level for coverage of children age six through eighteen under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VII) (mandatory poverty level-related children age six through eighteen) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.

- If higher than the highest effective income level for this age group under the state plan as of March 23, 2010, and if not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's highest effective income level for coverage of children age six through eighteen under sections 1931 (low-income families), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) (qualified children), 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VII) (mandatory poverty level-related children age six through eighteen) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) (institutionalized children), in effect under the Medicaid state plan as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.

- If higher than the highest effective income level for this age group under the state plan as of March 23, 2010, and if not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's effective income level for any population of children age six through eighteen under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of March 23, 2010, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.

- If higher than the highest effective income level for this age group under the state plan as of March 23, 2010, and if not chosen as the maximum income standard, the state's effective income level for any population of children age six through eighteen under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration as of December 31, 2013, converted to a MAGI-equivalent percent of FPL.

- Another income standard in-between the minimum and maximum standards allowed, provided it is higher than the effective income standard for this age group in the state plan as of March 23, 2010.

- There is no resource test for this eligibility group.

- Presumptive Eligibility

The state covers children when determined presumptively eligible by a qualified entity.

- Yes No

Presumptive Eligibility for Children	S16
1902(a)(47) 1920A 42 CFR 435.1101 42 CFR 435.1102	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The state provides Medicaid coverage to children when determined presumptively eligible by a qualified entity under the following provisions:	



Medicaid Eligibility

If the state has elected to cover Optional Targeted Low-Income Children (42 CFR 435.229), the income standard for presumptive eligibility is the higher of the standard used for Optional Targeted Low-Income Children or the standard used for Infants and Children under 19 (42 CFR 435.118), for that child's age.

If the state has not elected to cover Optional Targeted Low Income Children (42 CFR 435.229), the income standard for presumptive eligibility is the standard used under the Infants and Children under Age 19 eligibility group (42 CFR 435.118), for that child's age.

- Children under the following age may be determined presumptively eligible:

Under age

- The presumptive period begins on the date the determination is made.

- The end date of the presumptive period is the earlier of:

The date the eligibility determination for regular Medicaid is made, if an application for Medicaid is filed by the last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made; or

The last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made, if no application for Medicaid is filed by that date.

- Periods of presumptive eligibility are limited as follows:

- No more than one period within a calendar year.
- No more than one period within two calendar years.
- No more than one period within a twelve-month period, starting with the effective date of the initial presumptive eligibility period.
- Other reasonable limitation:

The state requires that a written application be signed by the applicant, parent or representative, as appropriate.

- Yes No
 - The state uses a single application form for Medicaid and presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS.
 - The state uses a separate application form for presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS. A copy of the application form is included.

An attachment is submitted.

- The presumptive eligibility determination is based on the following factors:
 - Household income must not exceed the applicable income standard described above, for the child's age.
 - State residency
 - Citizenship, status as a national, or satisfactory immigration status
- The state uses qualified entities, as defined in section 1920A of the Act, to determine eligibility presumptively for this eligibility group.

List of Qualified Entities

S17



Medicaid Eligibility

A qualified entity is an entity that is determined by the agency to be capable of making presumptive eligibility determinations based on an individual's household income and other requirements, and that meets at least one of the following requirements. Select one or more of the following types of entities used to determine presumptive eligibility for this eligibility group:

- Furnishes health care items or services covered under the state's approved Medicaid state plan and is eligible to receive payments under the plan
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to participate in a Head Start program under the Head Start Act
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to receive child care services for which financial assistance is provided under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to receive assistance under the Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility under the Medicaid state plan or for child health assistance under the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
- Is an elementary or secondary school, as defined in section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801)
- Is an elementary or secondary school operated or supported by the Bureau of Indian Affairs
- Is a state or Tribal child support enforcement agency under title IV-D of the Act
- Is an organization that provides emergency food and shelter under a grant under the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act
- Is a state or Tribal office or entity involved in enrollment in the program under Medicaid, CHIP, or title IV-A of the Act
- Is an organization that determines eligibility for any assistance or benefits provided under any program of public or assisted housing that receives Federal funds, including the program under section 8 or any other section of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437) or under the Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4101 et seq.)
- Is a health facility operated by the Indian Health Service, a Tribe, or Tribal organization, or an Urban Indian Organization
- Other entity the agency determines is capable of making presumptive eligibility determinations:

	Name of entity	Description	



Medicaid Eligibility

	Name of entity	Description	
+	Qualified Provider	<p>Provider types eligible to enroll as a presumptive eligibility Qualified Provider (PE QP) include: Acute Care Hospitals, Psychiatric Hospitals, community mental health centers (CMHCs), rural health clinics (RHCs), federally qualified health centers (FQHCs), and local health departments. To be eligible, an acute care hospital, psychiatric hospital, CMHC, RHC, local health department or FQHC must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participate as a provider under the Indiana State Plan or under a demonstration program under Section 1115 of the Social Security Act. Local county health departments are not required to participate as a Medicaid provider. • Notify the FSSA of the provider's intention to make presumptive eligibility determinations. • Agree to make presumptive eligibility determinations consistent with state policies and procedures. • Guide individuals in the process for completing and submitting the Indiana Application for Health Coverage paperwork to the FSSA. • Complete and submit PE QP eligibility attestations through the PE enrollment process on Web interChange. <p>CMHCs, RHCs, FQHCs, and local health departments that wish to enroll as PE QPs are provided Web interChange training. During the Web interChange training session, the CMHC, RHC, FQHC, or local health department also receive a printed copy of the HPE/PE Process Guide.</p>	X

The state assures that it has communicated the requirements for qualified entities, at 1920A(b)(3) of the Act, and provided adequate training to the entities and organizations involved. A copy of the training materials has been included.

An attachment is submitted.



Medicaid Eligibility

PRA Disclosure Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1148. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

V.20140415



Medicaid Eligibility

State Name:

OMB Control Number: 0938-1148

Transmittal Number: IN - 15 - 0013

Expiration date: 10/31/2014

Eligibility Groups - Mandatory Coverage Former Foster Care Children

S33

42 CFR 435.150
1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IX)

- Former Foster Care Children** - Individuals under the age of 26, not otherwise mandatorily eligible, who were on Medicaid and in foster care when they turned age 18 or aged out of foster care.

The state attests that it operates this eligibility group under the following provisions:

Individuals qualifying under this eligibility group must meet the following criteria:

Are under age 26.

Are not otherwise eligible for and enrolled for mandatory coverage under the state plan, except that eligibility under this group takes precedence over eligibility under the Adult Group.

Were in foster care under the responsibility of the state or Tribe and were enrolled in Medicaid under the state's state plan or 1115 demonstration when they turned 18 or at the time of aging out of that state's or Tribe's foster care program.

The state elects to cover children who were in foster care and on Medicaid in any state at the time they turned 18 or aged out of the foster care system.

Yes No

The state covers individuals under this group when determined presumptively eligible by a qualified entity. The state assures it also covers individuals under the Pregnant Women (42 CFR 435.116) and/or Infants and Children under Age 19 (42 CFR 435.118) eligibility groups when determined presumptively eligible.

Yes No

The presumptive period begins on the date the determination is made.

The end date of the presumptive period is the earlier of:

The date the eligibility determination for regular Medicaid is made, if an application for Medicaid is filed by the last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made; or

The last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made, if no application for Medicaid is filed by that date.

Periods of presumptive eligibility are limited as follows:

No more than one period within a calendar year.

No more than one period within two calendar years.

No more than one period within a twelve-month period, starting with the effective date of the initial presumptive eligibility period.

Other reasonable limitation:



Medicaid Eligibility

The state requires that a written application be signed by the applicant or representative.

Yes No

The state uses a single application form for Medicaid and presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS.

The state uses a separate application form for presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS. A copy of the application form is included.

An attachment is submitted.

The presumptive eligibility determination is based on the following factors:

The individual must meet the categorical requirements of 42 CFR 435.150.

State residency

Citizenship, status as a national, or satisfactory immigration status

The state uses qualified entities, as defined in section 1920A of the Act, to determine eligibility presumptively for this eligibility group.

List of Qualified Entities

S17

A qualified entity is an entity that is determined by the agency to be capable of making presumptive eligibility determinations based on an individual's household income and other requirements, and that meets at least one of the following requirements. Select one or more of the following types of entities used to determine presumptive eligibility for this eligibility group:

- Furnishes health care items or services covered under the state's approved Medicaid state plan and is eligible to receive payments under the plan
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to participate in a Head Start program under the Head Start Act
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to receive child care services for which financial assistance is provided under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to receive assistance under the Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility under the Medicaid state plan or for child health assistance under the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
- Is an elementary or secondary school, as defined in section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801)
- Is an elementary or secondary school operated or supported by the Bureau of Indian Affairs
- Is a state or Tribal child support enforcement agency under title IV-D of the Act
- Is an organization that provides emergency food and shelter under a grant under the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act
- Is a state or Tribal office or entity involved in enrollment in the program under Medicaid, CHIP, or title IV-A of the Act



Medicaid Eligibility

- Is an organization that determines eligibility for any assistance or benefits provided under any program of public or assisted housing that receives Federal funds, including the program under section 8 or any other section of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437) or under the Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4101 et seq.)
- Is a health facility operated by the Indian Health Service, a Tribe, or Tribal organization, or an Urban Indian Organization
- Other entity the agency determines is capable of making presumptive eligibility determinations:

	Name of entity	Description
+	Qualified Provider	<p>Provider types eligible to enroll as a presumptive eligibility Qualified Provider (PE QP) include: Acute Care Hospitals, Psychiatric Hospitals, community mental health centers (CMHCs), rural health clinics (RHCs), federally qualified healthcare centers (FQHCs), and local health departments. To be eligible, an acute care hospital, psychiatric hospital, CMHC, RHC, local health department or FQHC must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participate as a provider under the Indiana State Plan or under a demonstration program under Section 1115 of the Social Security Act. Local county health departments are not required to participate as a Medicaid provider. • Notify the FSSA of the provider's intention to make presumptive eligibility determinations. • Agree to make presumptive eligibility determinations consistent with state policies and procedures. • Guide individuals in the process for completing and submitting the Indiana Application for Health Coverage paperwork to the FSSA. • Complete and submit PE QP eligibility attestations through the PE enrollment process on Web interChange. <p>CMHCs, RHCs, FQHCs, and local health departments that wish to enroll as PE QPs are provided Web interChange training. During the Web interChange training session, the CMHC, RHC, FQHC, or local health department also receive a printed copy of the HPE/PE Process Guide.</p>

- The state assures that it has communicated the requirements for qualified entities, at 1920A(b)(3) of the Act, and has provided adequate training to the entities and organizations involved. A copy of the training materials has been included.

An attachment is submitted.



Medicaid Eligibility

PRA Disclosure Statement

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V.20140415



Medicaid Eligibility

State Name:

OMB Control Number: 0938-1148

Transmittal Number: IN - 15 - 0013

Expiration date: 10/31/2014

Eligibility Groups - Mandatory Coverage Adult Group

S32

1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII)
42 CFR 435.119

The state covers the Adult Group as described at 42 CFR 435.119.

Yes No

Adult Group - Non-pregnant individuals age 19 through 64, not otherwise mandatorily eligible, with income at or below 133% FPL.

The state attests that it operates this eligibility group in accordance with the following provisions:

Individuals qualifying under this eligibility group must meet the following criteria:

Have attained age 19 but not age 65.

Are not pregnant.

Are not entitled to or enrolled for Part A or B Medicare benefits.

Are not otherwise eligible for and enrolled for mandatory coverage under the state plan in accordance with 42 CFR 435, subpart B.

Note: In 209(b) states, individuals receiving SSI or deemed to be receiving SSI who do not qualify for mandatory Medicaid eligibility due to more restrictive requirements may qualify for this eligibility group if otherwise eligible.

Have household income at or below 133% FPL.

MAGI-based income methodologies are used in calculating household income. Please refer as necessary to S10 MAGI-Based Income Methodologies, completed by the state.

There is no resource test for this eligibility group.

Parents or other caretaker relatives living with a child under the age specified below are not covered unless the child is

receiving benefits under Medicaid, CHIP or through the Exchange, or otherwise enrolled in minimum essential coverage, as defined in 42 CFR 435.4.

Under age 19, or

A higher age of children, if any, covered under 42 CFR 435.222 on March 23, 2010:

Presumptive Eligibility

The state covers individuals under this group when determined presumptively eligible by a qualified entity. The state assures it also covers individuals under the Pregnant Women (42 CFR 435.116) and/or Infants and Children under Age 19 (42 CFR 435.118) eligibility groups when determined presumptively eligible.

Yes No

The presumptive period begins on the date the determination is made.



Medicaid Eligibility

- The end date of the presumptive period is the earlier of:

The date the eligibility determination for regular Medicaid is made, if an application for Medicaid is filed by the last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made; or

The last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made, if no application for Medicaid is filed by that date.

- Periods of presumptive eligibility are limited as follows:

- No more than one period within a calendar year.
- No more than one period within two calendar years.
- No more than one period within a twelve-month period, starting with the effective date of the initial presumptive eligibility period.
- Other reasonable limitation:

The state requires that a written application be signed by the applicant or representative.

- Yes No

- The state uses a single application form for Medicaid and presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS.
- The state uses a separate application form for presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS. A copy of the application form is included.

An attachment is submitted.

- The presumptive eligibility determination is based on the following factors:

- The individual must meet the categorical requirements of 42 CFR 435.119.
- Household income must not exceed the applicable income standard described at 42 CFR 435.119.
- State residency.
- Citizenship, status as a national, or satisfactory immigration status.

- The state uses qualified entities, as defined in section 1920A of the Act, to determine eligibility presumptively for this eligibility group.

List of Qualified Entities

S17

A qualified entity is an entity that is determined by the agency to be capable of making presumptive eligibility determinations based on an individual's household income and other requirements, and that meets at least one of the following requirements. Select one or more of the following types of entities used to determine presumptive eligibility for this eligibility group:

- Furnishes health care items or services covered under the state's approved Medicaid state plan and is eligible to receive payments under the plan
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to participate in a Head Start program under the Head Start Act
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to receive child care services for which financial assistance is provided under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990



Medicaid Eligibility

- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility to receive assistance under the Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966
- Is authorized to determine a child's eligibility under the Medicaid state plan or for child health assistance under the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
- Is an elementary or secondary school, as defined in section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801)
- Is an elementary or secondary school operated or supported by the Bureau of Indian Affairs
- Is a state or Tribal child support enforcement agency under title IV-D of the Act
- Is an organization that provides emergency food and shelter under a grant under the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act
- Is a state or Tribal office or entity involved in enrollment in the program under Medicaid, CHIP, or title IV-A of the Act
- Is an organization that determines eligibility for any assistance or benefits provided under any program of public or assisted housing that receives Federal funds, including the program under section 8 or any other section of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437) or under the Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4101 et seq.)
- Is a health facility operated by the Indian Health Service, a Tribe, or Tribal organization, or an Urban Indian Organization
- Other entity the agency determines is capable of making presumptive eligibility determinations:

	Name of entity	Description	
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Medicaid Eligibility

	Name of entity	Description	
+	Qualified Provider	<p>Provider types eligible to enroll as a presumptive eligibility Qualified Provider (PE QP) include: Acute Care Hospitals, Psychiatric Hospitals, community mental health centers (CMHCs), rural health clinics (RHCs), federally qualified health centers (FQHCs), and local health departments. To be eligible, an acute care hospital, psychiatric hospital, CMHC, RHC, local health department or FQHC must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participate as a provider under the Indiana State Plan or under a demonstration program under Section 1115 of the Social Security Act. Local county health departments are not required to participate as a Medicaid provider. • Notify the FSSA of the provider's intention to make presumptive eligibility determinations. • Agree to make presumptive eligibility determinations consistent with state policies and procedures. • Guide individuals in the process for completing and submitting the Indiana Application for Health Coverage paperwork to the FSSA. • Complete and submit PE QP eligibility attestations through the PE enrollment process on Web interChange. <p>CMHCs, RHCs, FQHCs, and local health departments that wish to enroll as PE QPs are provided Web interChange training. During the Web interChange training session, the CMHC, RHC, FQHC, or local health department also receive a printed copy of the HPE/PE Process Guide.</p>	X

The state assures that it has communicated the requirements for qualified entities, at 1920A(b)(3) of the Act, and has provided adequate training to the entities and organizations involved. A copy of the training materials has been included.

An attachment is submitted.



Medicaid Eligibility

PRA Disclosure Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1148. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

V.20140415



Medicaid Eligibility

State Name:

OMB Control Number: 0938-1148

Transmittal Number: IN - 15 - 0013

Expiration date: 10/31/2014

Eligibility Groups - Options for Coverage Individuals Eligible for Family Planning Services

S59

1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XXI)
42 CFR 435.214

Individuals Eligible for Family Planning Services - The state elects to cover individuals who are not pregnant, and have household income at or below a standard established by the state, whose coverage is limited to family planning and related services and in accordance with provisions described at 42 CFR 435.214.

Yes No

The state attests that it operates this eligibility group in accordance with the following provisions:

- The individual may be a male or a female.
- Income standard used for this group
 - Maximum income standard

The state certifies that it has submitted and received approval for its converted income standard(s) for pregnant women to MAGI-equivalent standards and the determination of the maximum income standard to be used for this eligibility group.

An attachment is submitted.

The state's maximum income standard for this eligibility group is the highest of the following:

- The state's current effective income level for the Pregnant Women eligibility group (42 CFR 435.116) under the Medicaid state plan.
- The state's current effective income level for pregnant women under a Medicaid 1115 demonstration.
- The state's current effective income level for Targeted Low-Income Pregnant Women under the CHIP state plan.
- The state's current effective income level for pregnant women under a CHIP 1115 demonstration.

The amount of the maximum income standard is: % FPL

Income standard chosen

The state's income standard used for this eligibility group is:

- The maximum income standard
- Another income standard less than the maximum standard allowed.

The amount of the income standard is: % FPL

MAGI-based income methodologies are used in calculating household income. Please refer as necessary to S10 MAGI-Based Income Methodologies, completed by the state.



Medicaid Eligibility

In determining eligibility for this group, the state uses the following household size:

- All of the members of the family are included in the household
- Only the applicant is included in the household
- The state increases the household size by one

In determining eligibility for this group, the state uses the following income methodology:

- The state considers the income of the applicant and all legally responsible household members (using MAGI-based methodology).
- The state considers only the income of the applicant.

Benefits for this eligibility group are limited to family planning and related services described in the Benefit section.

Presumptive Eligibility

The state makes family planning services and supplies available to individuals covered under this group when determined presumptively eligible by a qualified entity.

- Yes No

The state also covers medical diagnosis and treatment services that are provided in conjunction with a family planning service in a family planning setting during the presumptive eligibility period.

- Yes No

The presumptive period begins on the date the determination is made.

The end date of the presumptive period is the earlier of:

The date the eligibility determination for regular Medicaid is made, if an application for Medicaid is filed by the last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made; or

The last day of the month following the month in which the determination of presumptive eligibility is made, if no application for Medicaid is filed by that date.

Periods of presumptive eligibility are limited as follows:

- No more than one period within a calendar year.
- No more than one period within two calendar years.
- No more than one period within a twelve-month period, starting with the effective date of the initial presumptive eligibility period.
- Other reasonable limitation:



Medicaid Eligibility

The state requires that a written application be signed by the applicant or representative.

- Yes No
- The state uses a single application form for Medicaid and presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS.
 - The state uses a separate application form for presumptive eligibility, approved by CMS. A copy of the application form is included.

An attachment is submitted.

- The presumptive eligibility determination is based on the following factors:
 - The individual must not be pregnant.
 - Household income must not exceed the applicable income standard specified for this group.
 - State residency
 - Citizenship, status as a national, or satisfactory immigration status
- The state uses entities, as defined in section 1920C, to determine eligibility presumptively for this eligibility group.
- These entities must be eligible to receive payment for services under the state's approved Medicaid state plan and determined by the state to be capable of determining presumptive eligibility for this group.

The types of entities used to determine presumptive eligibility for this eligibility group are:



Medicaid Eligibility

	Name of entity	Description	
+	Qualified Provider	<p>Provider types eligible to enroll as a presumptive eligibility Qualified Provider (PE QP) include: Acute Care Hospitals, Psychiatric Hospitals, community mental health centers (CMHCs), rural health clinics (RHCs), federally qualified health centers (FQHCs), and local health departments. To be eligible, an acute care hospital, psychiatric hospital, CMHC, RHC, local health department or FQHC must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participate as a provider under the Indiana State Plan or under a demonstration program under Section 1115 of the Social Security Act. Local county health departments are not required to participate as a Medicaid provider. • Notify the FSSA of the provider's intention to make presumptive eligibility determinations. • Agree to make presumptive eligibility determinations consistent with state policies and procedures. • Guide individuals in the process for completing and submitting the Indiana Application for Health Coverage paperwork to the FSSA. • Complete and submit PE QP eligibility attestations through the PE enrollment process on Web interChange. <p>CMHCs, RHCs, FQHCs, and local health departments that wish to enroll as PE QPs are provided Web interChange training. During the Web interChange training session, the CMHC, RHC, FQHC, or local health department also receive a printed copy of the HPE/PE Process Guide.</p>	X

- The state assures that it has communicated the requirements for entities, at 1920C of the Act, and has provided adequate training to the entities and organizations involved. A copy of the training materials has been included.

An attachment is submitted.

PRA Disclosure Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1148. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

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