

2005 SCDHHS MARS paid claims summary data report for each acute care hospital identified above will also be used during the analysis.

- As filed total facility costs are identified from each facility's FY 2005 Worksheet B Part I (BI) CMS-2552 cost report. Total outpatient facility costs would include operating, capital, direct medical education, and indirect medical education costs. CRNA costs identified under BI, column 20 are removed from allowable costs. Observation cost is reclassified.
- As filed total facility costs will be allocated to Medicaid outpatient hospital cost using the following method:

A cost-to-charge ratio for each ancillary service will be computed by dividing total costs as adjusted in this section by total charges as reported on Worksheet C. This cost-to-charge ratio will then be multiplied by SC Medicaid covered charges (as reported on Worksheet D Part V for Medicaid outpatient ancillary charges) to yield total SC Medicaid outpatient ancillary costs. The SC Medicaid outpatient cost-to-charge ratio will be determined by taking the sum of the SC Medicaid outpatient ancillary costs and dividing this amount by the sum of the SC Medicaid outpatient covered ancillary charges. The SC Medicaid outpatient cost-to-charge ratio will then be multiplied by the facility's SC Medicaid covered outpatient charges as identified on the SCDHHS MARS summary paid claims data report to determine each hospital's allowable SC Medicaid outpatient cost for FY 2005.

- The allowable Medicaid outpatient costs are summed to determine the aggregate Medicaid outpatient costs for FY 2005. An aggregate Medicaid allowable cost target was established at 95% of allowable Medicaid outpatient costs.
- After establishing the FY 2005 aggregate Medicaid allowable cost target, several actuarial models were developed and FY 2005 outpatient claims were repriced to determine the uniform increase in the statewide outpatient fee schedule rates. In order to trend the rates to the period October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2008, a 3.5% annual trend factor was applied. As a result of these steps, the statewide outpatient fee schedule rates increased by 135% effective October 1, 2007.
- In order to convert the statewide outpatient fee schedule rate payment into a hospital specific payment, an outpatient multiplier will be developed for each hospital. The outpatient multiplier will adjust the calculated statewide outpatient fee schedule claims payment to a hospital specific payment and will represent 100% of projected outpatient costs calculated in accordance with Agency defined criteria effective October 1, 2009. Hospitals that receive a hospital specific outpatient multiplier will be those eligible to receive retrospective cost settlements and those contracting out of state border hospitals that have SC Medicaid inpatient claims utilization of at least 200 claims. However, the outpatient multiplier for the contracting out of state border hospitals identified above will be set at an amount that will represent 70% of projected October 1, 2009 SC Medicaid

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